URANCE
Indian Companies expect full support from the people.
I 1

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. REGD. NO. B. 1065.

INSURANCE
Much more can be done in 1930 and our companies will do better.
I 2

VOL. XVIII NO. 105- BOMBAY SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SWARAJ FOR MASSES NOT FOR CLASSES.

"Non-Brahmins Are With Gandhiji."

THOUSANDS OF DATE TREES CUT DOWN.

Andhra Dictator Jailed For 15 Months.

(From Our Special Representative)
JALALPUR, May 2.
(Camp Machhad).

Mahatmaji arrived here this evening. Machhad is a small village and is largely inhabited by Kolis. This is a village where liquor and toddy consumption is great and there are about 40,000 date palm trees. The village is also politically backward.

Gandhiji appealed to them to root out the drink evil. He said that in their present condition they could not achieve Swaraj. They must be sober and industrious.

MAKE VILLAGE DRY

They must also be courageous and cast off all fears. Under no circumstances they must submit zoolum of any sort. Even a son had no right to yield to the zoolum of his father. He appealed to them to cut down all palm trees and make the village dry.

They must also establish a National School for the education of their boys, where alone they will receive true education.

At the end of the meeting, some village people met Gandhiji and discussed about the starting of a national school.

NON-BRAHMIN DEPUTATION TO GANDHIJI.

—:o:—

(From Our Special Representative.)
CAMP KARADI, May 2.

Mahatmaji received a deputation of Bombay Non-brahmins consisting of Mansingh Keshavrao Jagtap and Govindrao Yeshwantrao Shinde who have started a new organisation in Bombay known as Shahu Pathak with the object of supporting Mahatmas movement.

They assured Gandhiji that non-brahmins were patriotic and the new organisation would rally them under Congress banner.

Gandhiji welcomed this new political body and gave following message: "I hope that the Shahu Sabha will receive support from all patriotic Non-brahmins. The present struggle is intended to bring relief to millions and not particular class or caste."

Madam Claude riviera of paris university had wired from Bombay expressing respectful admiration of Gandhiji. She interviews him to-morrow morning.

"RELIEF TO MILLIONS".

GANDHIJI ON "THIS STRUGGLE"

CAMP KARADI, May 2.

In reply to the Bombay Non-Brahmin Deputation who have started the Shahu Sabha, a pro-Congress organisation, Mahatmaji says, I hope Shahu Sabha of Bombay will receive support from all patriotic non-brahmins. This struggle is intended to bring relief to millions and not to any particular class or caste.

The Deputation conferred with Gandhiji and left for Bombay with his blessings.—Free Press.

2000 WOMEN BREAK SALT ACTS.

—:o:—

Salt Sold Openly In Streets.

BROACH, May 1.

About two thousand ladies gathered at the banks of the Narmada River to participate in the manufacturing of salt. About 50 ladies boiled the water brought from the Narbada on the banks of the river itself and made salt. The Police were watching the operations, but did not interfere.

Later the ladies marched in procession through the streets and sold the salt they manufactured.—Free Press.

Salt Acts Broken In Surat

—:o:—

SURAT, May 1.

A large number of people went to the river-bed in procession singing national songs to offer mass civil disobedience of the Salt Act. They filled pots with water and returned home wherewith to manufacture salt. Police did not interfere.—A. P.

16 VOLUNTEERS ARRESTED.

VIRAMGAM, May 1.

Yesterday a salt shop to sell contraband salt was opened here and about 2 maunds of contraband salt was sold to the public. The Police arrived on the scene and arrested Mr. Chottalal Parikh the captain and 15 other volunteers who had formed themselves into a cordon round the salt. The salt stored was confiscated by the police party.

To-day another shop is being opened to sell contraband salt.

Gokak Breaks Salt Law.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)
GOKAK, April 29.

A batch of volunteers numbering eighteen, trained under Gangadharraoji Deshpande, came here and in a meeting attended by nearly a thousand people hundreds broke Salt Law, headed by Messrs. Bhimarao Govind Patil, and Vasudeorao Dharmatti, by purchasing contraband salt.

6 MONTHS R. I. FOR SATYAGRAHA LEADER.

BAGALKOT, May 2.

Ramachar Kakhandaki, leader of Galagali Satyagrahis was sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment. The District War Council has decided to continue the salt Satyagraha.

Mr. H. R. Mohare, as a result of the Press Ordinance has resigned the editorship of the Karnatak Vaibhav. The paper continues publication without leading articles.—Free Press.

ANKOLA, May 2.

Three thousand men and women went in a procession yesterday morning and brought sea water and salt earth and prepared salt in the maidan opposite the Taluk Office. There was a meeting in the evening at which the salt prepared in the morning was auctioned.—Free Press.

KARACHI, May 2.

The sweepers of Karachi at a meeting decided not to use foreign cloth and liquor.—Free Press.

—:o:—

MRS. GANDHI'S ANTI-DRINK CAMPAIGN.

—:o:—

JALALUR, May 2.

Mr. Gandhi is procedding this evening to Machhad and will take rest tomorrow at his camp at Karadi.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHA IN C. P.

Dr. Monjee Reads From Proscribed Book.

NAGPUR, May 2.

The Local Responsivists convened a public meeting last night with a view to violating the Salt Laws and reading proscribed literature. Dr. Moonji presided. There was a large attendance.

One bottle of salt water lent by the Congress Committee was poured on a pan for preparing salt.

RESIGN FROM ASSEMBLY.

When Dr. Moonje took out a piece of paper said to contain a few sentences from Sawarkar's proscribed book and commenced reading it a large section of the audience shouted and interrupted him demanding his resignation from the Assembly and joining the Congress. There was disorder and the audience refused him a hearing.

The meeting then ended in confusion.—A. P.

SHIRODA'S ACTIVITIES. BRINGING TAX-FREE SALT

—:o:—

FROM PORTUGUESE TERRITORY

(Through Maharashtra Satyagraha Publicity.)

The Maharashtra Satyagraha Mandal has decided to concentrate all its energies at Shiroda, a village near Venguria, in the Ratnagiri District. The movement of bringing tax-free salt from the Portuguese territory is spreading. Salt amounting to about 80000 maunds is lying idle in the various depots at Shiroda. Most of the quantity belongs to private owners The Social boycott against the officers and the police is going on.

CALCUTTA SATYAGRAHI LEADER JAILED

Chatterjee And 10 Volunteers Get 1 Year R. I

CALCUTTA, May 2.

Mr. Amarendranath Chatterjee, President of the Bengal Civil disobedience Committee, and 10 others, all of them volunteers, were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each on a charge of holding a public meeting in contravention of police orders.—A. P.

BOYCOTT ACTIVITIES IN BENGAL.

CALCUTTA, May 1.

At a meeting held this evening of the Calcutta Gunny brokers' Association it was unanimously resolved every member should use Swadeshi cloth and use his influence to make his assistants use the same.

Marwari cloth merchants of Gouripur have resolved not to indent for fresh stock of foreign cloth. Cloth merchants of Nators have vowed not to buy any more foreign cloth, Anyone disobeying this rule shall pay a fine of Rs. 101.

Tailors have decided not to sew foreign cloth.—Free Press.

SATYAGRAHI JAILED.

CALCUTTA, May 1.

Mr. Ramgovind Singh, a Satyagrahi, was sentenced to 1 1/2 months' R. I. for causing obstruction to Government officers on duty.—Free Press.

KONDA VENKET-APPAYYA.

Jailed For 15 Months.

—:o:—

GUNTUR, May 1.

Mr. Konda Venkatappayya was harged under Sections 143 I. P. C. being member of an unlawful assembly) 74-C and D of Salt Act and 117 I. P. C. Under the first three charges he was sentensed to three months R. I. and one year R. I. under the last, all the sentences to run concurrently. He is lassed as 'A' class prisoner.—Free Press.

MADRAS POLICE EXCESSES CONDEMNED.

—:o:—

Dictator Durgabai's Views.

—:o:—

MADRAS, May 1.

Srimati Durgabai Amma in the course of an appeal deplores the violence of the Police in beating the Satyagrahis and the non-offensive public. She appeals to all to be perfectly non-violent and, inspite of it, if violence breaks, she and other Satyagrahis would go on hunger strike.—Free Press.

GANDHIJI'S VOLUNTEERS DEFY ORDER.

—:o:—

They Hunger Striker In Locks Up.

MADRAS, May 2.

Messrs. K. V. Ganapathy and M. K. Venkatraman, Gandhiji's volunteers, who came here yesterday after training, defied Section 144 this evening by lecturing in Loane Square in Broadway. A large crowd was present. The Police came on the scene and arrested both of them and took them to the Police Station.

When asked by the Police, Mr Ganapathy said he was an Indian by caste and India was his home. Mr. Venkatram also said the same.

When the Police asked him whether he would take food this night, Mr. Ganapathy replied he was resolved to go on hunger strike.

44 packets of contraband salt were seized by the Police from their possession.

Messrs. Ganapathy and Venkatram will be tried to-morrow.—Free Press.

MADRAS EUROPEANS APPROVE POLICE FIRING.

MADRAS, May 2.

The Committee of the Madras Branch of the European Association has passed a resolution recording high appreciation of the prompt and effective action of the Police Commissioner in handling recent outbreaks of lawlessness and violence in the city and of the courage, and discipline shown by all ranks of police in very trying circumstances. The Committee is emphatically of the opinion that such force as had been employed recently by police had been no more than was absolutely necessary to check open defiance of law and order exhibited by those with whom they came into contact.—A. P

No More Picketing At Delhi.

—:o:—

DELHI, May 2.

After over a month picketing was withdrawn to-day in consequence of the agreement between the Hindustani Mercantile Association and the Congress Committee; whereby the former gave an undertaking not to order foreign cloth and cancel those orders that remain unexecuted. It is said the parties had obtained the consent of Mahatmaji.—Free Press.

MUZZLING ORDINANCE AT WORK.

Calcutta Indian Papers Cease Publication.

COPIES OF "BASUMATI" BURNED PUBLICLY.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION'S PROTEST AGAINST GAGGING ORDER.

CALCUTTA, May 2.

Calcutta is almost without any newspapers to-day. In view of the demand for security, "Liberty," "Bangabani," "Hindu Punch," "Anandabazar Patrika," and "Swatantra" suspended publication. The other papers also barring one or two exceptions, have stopped publication as directed by the meeting of journalists and proprietors of newspapers held yesterday with the result the city practically goes without papers.—Free Press.

JOURNALISTS TO CALL CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

"To Be Held In Allahabad In Fortnight."

CALCUTTA, May 1.

A meeting of Indian journalists this evening called upon Indian owned newspapers in Bengal to suspend publication until the Press Ordinance was withdrawn. The meeting decided that a Conference of Indian Journalists which will be held at Allahabad in a fortnight will decide the course of action to be followed. The public have been asked to boycott newspapers not suspending publication forthwith.

It is understood that "Amrita Bazar Patrika," "Basumati" and "Bengalee" will appear.—A.P.

CALCUTTA CONDEMNS ORDINANCE.

—:o:—

Suspension Of Publication Of Papers Urged.

CALCUTTA, May 1.

A representative and crowded meeting of Indian journalists including proprietors of journals was held this evening at Albert Hall, Mr. Ramananda Chatterjee presiding, when the situation arising out of the promulgation of the Press Act Ordinance was discussed and resolutions were passed to the following effect:—

(1) Condemning the Ordinance, (2) requesting all Indian papers to suspend publications forthwith, until the Ordinance was withdrawn or the All-India Journalists' Conference, suggested by Mr. Brellvi, Hon. Secretary of the All-India Journalists' Association, to be called within a fortnight, decided otherwise.

The meeting also passed a resolution asking Indians not to purchase, not to advertise in, but to withdraw all advertisements from,

(Continued on page 9.)

HARTAL IN PUNJAB IN MEMORY OF PESHAWAR DAY.

Military And Police Patrol Amritsar Streets.

25 VOLUNTEERS ARRESTED.

AMRITSAR, May 2.

There is a complete hartal in the city to-day. All business quarters including cloth, grain and bullion markets as also local schools are closed in memory of the Peshawar Day. Buses and tongas are not plying for hire.

Police picketing has been considerably strengthened since early this morning. All the outlets of the city are strongly guarded by armed police with magistrates in attendance. A batch of volunteers who were proceeding to the railway station to see if there was a complete hartal of tongawalas and others were held up at overbridge outside the Hall Gate. One of the volunteers by name Inder Sinh, a U. P. newsboy, who asked some tongawallas to refuse to ply, it is alleged, was caught hold of by a police officer and belaboured, whereupon he lay on the ground and refused to move. He was arrested and removed to Sardar Police Station. More volunteers came forward to take his place and a crowd gathered there.

The Deputy Commissioner and Superintendent of Police and Military arrived on the spot and cleared the crowd while Dr. Kitchlew, Hakim Sikander Khizar, Dr. Santhram and Seth L. Ruplal Puri, Congress workers, arrived in their cars and advised the volunteers to remain non-violent even under the gravest provocation.

About 20 or 25 volunteers have since been arrested and removed to the local sub-jail. Police and military are patrolling the streets while the civil station is strongly guarded. There is a good deal of excitement over the arrests.—A. P.

COMPLETE HARTAL IN LAHORE.

LAHORE, May 2.

Four students were arrested this morning while asking a Muslim shop-keeper to close down his shutters and join the 'hartal'.

About thousand students of the D. A. V. School did not attend their classes and brought out a procession. As they entered the Anarkali Bazar, a solitary Muslim shop which was not yet closed became a target of their ridicule. Altercation ensued and unable to stand the jeering counter-jeering began. The shop-keeper, it is alleged, 'phoned to the police, whereupon the Inspector-General of Police, the Senior Superintendent and the City Magistrate with a contingent of armed Police arrived on the spot and arrested four of the students. The Police are guarding the shop.

From Anarkali the procession went towards the Mall but their progress was checked by armed Police. Near the Y. M. C. A. Hall the situation promised to take serious turn but the processionists were advised by some elderly leaders to abandon the procession which they did. All the Indian shops on the Mall also remained closed.

Information received so far says complete 'hartal' was observed at Gujranwalla, Jaranwalla and other places.—Free Press.

—:o:—

Dr. Mahmud's Account.

The "Leader" of Allahabad publishes the following report of Dr. Mahmud's speech regarding the Peshawar incident at a public meeting held in Allahabad on Tuesday:—

The Congress, appointed a committee of inquiry into the working of the Frontier Regulations. But when the members of this committee, Dr Mahmud himself, Maulana Abdar Kadir Qasuri and Lala Dunichand were going to Peshawar they were not allowed to proceed beyond Attock. Fifty thousand people had gathered at the Peshawar station to receive them and their disappointment at this action of the Government was so keen that they decided to embark on picketing of liquor shops as a protest. The Frontier authorities who had only a few days back given an assurance to Lord Irwin during his visit to the Frontier that the people there were opposed to the Gandhi movement could not brook this move on the part of the leaders. Sixteen persons were arrested at night, but two who could not be found at night had to be arrested in the morning. The public of Peshawar organized a demonstration as a protest against these arrests and some of them mounted the lorry in which these two leaders were being taken away and many others were marching along with it when accidentally it got punctured. The demonstrators assured the police that after leading them in procession they would present the leaders at the police station for arrest, and they did so. When the demonstrators were returning from the police station they were pressed by armoured cars which had by then arrived and three of them, he alleged, were crushed to death by a car running over them. He said he had received accounts of the Peshawar happenings from eye-witnesses He affirmed that sixty-five persons' names and addresses were on record with the Congress Committee, Peshawar who, were killed in the disturbances, and their estimate was that the number of killed was much larger than even this. Peshawaris, he said, did not run away from firing; on the other hand they boldly faced it. They snatched away the rifles of the soldiers. But excepting in one case, where a man who was shot took possession of the firearm of his assailant and killed him before he dropped down, the others did not use the arms against the Government forces whom they had deprived of it, but bravely opened their chests to receive bullets.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through Cotton Telegraph Information Service, Ismail Building Hornby Road, Bombay).

NEW YORK MARKET.

OCTOBER.

New York, May 2.	
Previous Closing Rate	14.96
To-day's Opening Rate	14.92
Difference	—04
To-day's Closing Rate	14.88
Difference	—.08

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

OCTOBER.

Liverpool, May 2.	
Previous Closing Rate	7.97
To-day's Opening Rate	7.91
Difference	—06
To-day's Closing Rate	7.85
Difference	—12

NON-VIOLENCE IS OUR SHEET-ANCHOR

STOCKS AND SHARES.

REACTIONARY FEELING IN EVIDENCE.

Irregular Price Changes.

Bombay, May 2.

There was reactionary feeling on the Stock Exchange to-day particularly in mill shares. It may be said that the existence of a large long interest required sharp jerk to keep up the sound conditions as overbought markets invariably result in drastic falls. It is a fact that there is good demand for Indian mill cloth and prospects are in favour of a further broadening in demand. Thus we see no reason for any material decline in the values of mill shares. It is also a known fact that there are no sellers and prices are subject to sudden changes. The liquidation has improved the technical situation to some extent and we think it safe to have a constructive interest in the market.

Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 807 and after fluctuating between Rs. 813 and Rs. 797 closed at Rs. 806. Fazal shares opened at Rs. 515 and after improving to Rs. 520 declined to Rs. 496 and closed at Rs. 501. Pearls opened at Rs. 277 and after improving to Rs. 281 declined to Rs. 271. Tata Hydros opened at Rs. 1180 and after declining to Rs. 1171 recovered to Rs. 1175. Tata Steel Defds. also declined to Rs. 302.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

—:o:—

Bombay, May 2.

Bombay Dyeing 807, 797, 807, 809, 6.
Century 307, 12, 300, 7, 300, 5.
Colaba 136, 33.
Crescent 110, 7.
Fazul 515, 20, 500, 8, 497, 96, 501.
Indore 388, 87.
Madhowji 40.
Nagpur 481, 77.
New Great 216, 20, 10, 16, 10, 13.
Pearl 277, 81, 68, 73, 68, 71.
Simplex 106, 93, 93, 93.
Swadeshi 393, 90.
Burma 692, 86.
Hydro 1180, 71, 77, 72, 175.
Tram 132, 30.
Deff. 306, 300, 301, 2.
Ord. 524, 52, 50-12, 51-12, 51.
Bundi 17-4.
Indian 272,70, 72.
Katni Ord. 187.
Alcock 253.
100 Katni 2nd P. 100|8.
40 Katni Df. 660.
100 Katni 187
10 Punjab P. 10|2.
10 Punjab 1d 15.
100 Sahabad 153|12.

INSURANCE.

10 Jupiter P. 9.
15 New India 1910.
Oriental 1870.
Vulcan 70.

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad 123|12
1000 Andhra Val. P 682/8
1000 Andhra Val. P. 687/8.
50 Bom. Tram 132|8.
50 Bom. Tram 133|12.
1000 Tata Hydro 1030.
1000 Tata Hydro 1175.
1000 Tata Power P. 1027.
1000 Tata Power 552

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahm. Pramij 790
100 Amritsar Patti 110|0.
100 Central Province 90/4
100 Dho. Barramati 95/8.
100 Guzrat 73-0.
90 Mandra Bhon 58-0.
500 Tapti Valley 653|12.

MINING.

10 Central India 3|4.
10 Shivrajpur 12.
150 Tata Steel 1 P. 1350.
100 Tata Steel 2 P. 68|12
30 Tata Steel D .302/8
75 Tata Steel 51

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 Alcock 253/12
80 Bom. Uganda 20-0.
250 Bom. Steam P. 205.
250 Bom. Steam 200.
50 Bom. Telephone 53|4.
8 s. Brit B. Petrol 4|3|6.
125 Bom. Burma Gld 636/4
50 Bom. Burma New 257/8
100 Ind Bleaching 125|10.
15 Scindia 8/11

MILLS.

Bombay, May 2.

100 Ahm. Advance 352/8
50 Apollo 4|10.
10 Bom. Cotton P. 3|12.
500 Bom. Cotton 136|4.
250 Bom. Dyeing 806/4
250 Bradbury P. 160.
250 Bradbury 160.
100 Century 305/
500 Central India P. 450.
100 Central India 477.
100 Colaba 133/12
100 Coorla 160.
100 Crescent 107/8
250 Currim 110.
250 David 100.
250 Dawn 60
200 Ed. Sassoon 67|8.
10 E. D. Sassoon 0|7|3.
100 Elphinstone P. 20.
100 Elphinstone 8/3
250 Fazulbhoy 501/4
100 Finlay 137.
1000 Framji Petit 190.
100 Gokak 158.
1000 Hindustan 1760.
100 Indore Malwa 367/8.
100 Jamshed Pref. 75.
250 Jamshed 18.
50 Kastoorchand 12|2.
100 Khatau 112/8
100 Kohinoor 179/6
250 Laxmi 1350.
100 Madhowji 37/8
250 Madras United 400.
50 Mathuradas 20.
1000 Maneckji Petit 800.
100 Meyer Sassoon 50.
1000 Morarji 700
50 Myscre 145
200 New Great P. 170.
200 New Great 213/12
100 New City 85
250 Pabani 176
250 Pearl 276|4.
100 Phoenix 380
10 Premier 0|15|0.
100 Shapurji 6|8.
1000 Sholapur 1650
250 Simplex 93/12
100 Swan 132|8.
100 Swadeshi 390
25 Tata P. 14.
25 Tata 42.
500 Vishnu P. 605.
500 Vishnu 2125
1000 Western 875.

BANKS.

100|50 Baroda 72/12
50|25 Central 15|4.
£10/5 Eastern 81.
500 Imperial 1322/8
500|25 Imperial Contr 223/2
100|50 India 91/12
Union 3/6/-.

CEMENT.

10 Bundi 17/4
70 Gwalior 82/8
250 Indian 272/8
100 Katni 1st P. 98|8.

Money Market.

—:o:—

Exchange Quotations.

Bombay, May 2.

B. C. RATE:—
T T 1/5 25/32.
D D 1/5 13/16.
LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1|5 13|16 15th May.
Banks Selling D D 1,5 27|32.
Banks Selling T T 1|5 25|32 16|30 May.
Bank Selling T T 1|5 3|4 June|Aug.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 7/8 Ready.
Banks Buying D D 1/5 29/32 Mail.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/32 May
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 Monsoon.
NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 277 3/4.
Banks Selling T T 277 1/4
Banks Buying T T 276
PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 917
Banks Buying D D 927
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 945
JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 136 3-4
Banks Buying 60 Days 134 1/4
HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 103 3|4.
SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 130 1|4.
SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 156
JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 89 5-8

CROSS RATES—

New York|London 4.83 3|16 1st inst.
Shanghai|London 1|11 2nd inst.
Japan|London 2|0 11|32 1st inst.
London|Paris 123.90 1st inst.
London|Belgium 34.830 1st inst.
London|Switzerland 25.07-1|4 1st inst.
London|Italy 92.80 1st inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold 30th ulto. £4|4|11-1|4; 1st inst. £4|4|11.
Silver London Ready 30th ulto. 19 5|8; 1st inst. 19 1|2.
Silver London Forward 30th ulto. 19 9|16; 1st inst. 19 7|16.
Silver New York Ready 30th ulto. 42 5|8; 1st inst. 42 7|16.
London Discounts 3 Mos 30th ulto 2 13|16 per cent; 1st ins. 2 11|32 per cent.
London Discounts 6 Mos. 30th ulto. 2 31 32 per cent.; 1st inst. 2 19|32 per cent.
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 5 1|4 per cent.
3 Mos. 4-1|2 per cent.
6 Mos. 4 per cent
12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Tight.

Tone of Silver. Quiet. India and China sold. Buyers satisfied.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

—:o:—

New York Futures 14 Pts. Up To 12 Pts. Lower.

SCARCITY OF OLD CROP CONTRACTS.

FAVOURABLE WEATHER DEPRESS NEW CROP PRICES.

Bombay, May 2.

Yesterday the New Yok cotton futures market was nervous and irregular. Prices declined on long liquidation and favourable weather. At the opening May was 16.38, July 16.55, October 15.18 and January 15.30. There was active covering and at 19.50 the highest level was reached when July reached 16.71. At this level there was liquidation and prices ruled easy and closed at a rise of 14 points for near months and 12 points down for new crop months. Spot cotton prices advanced 10 points to 16.70c.

The New Orleans cotton futures market ruled very steady and closed at a rise of 14 to 13 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 17 points at 16.05c.

The Liverpool cotton futures market ruled quiet but steady. Prices opened at a rise of 10 to 8 points. There was some demand for near months, but new crop deliveries declined on liquidation and closed at a rise of 12 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices were raised by 16 points to 8.78d. per lb. and sales amounted to 4,000 bales.

Empire cotton futures closed at a rise of 10 to 8 points with May 8.11 and July 8.07. Egyptian cotton futures closed at a rise of 13 to 2 points.

All over the world prices of ready cotton and near deliveries are hardening. It may be said that the statistical situation has much improved and we see nothing in the present situation to cause any marked decline in prices. Favourable weather is causing weakness in new crop months, but this is purely due to speculative short sales. The technical situation of cotton is strong and any adverse crop factor will cause a general rush for covering.

PRIVATE CABLES:

N. Y. July Highest 16.71 (10-50 a.m.); Lowest 16.47 (2-01 p.m.).

Hemelryk:—"Bank rate changed to 3 per cent.

"Buying January Liverpool selling January New York very attractive differences 71."

"New York cables: Cotton: Spot firms buying July persistently short account said to be enormous."

New York: "Irregular. Shorts being forced to cover old crop months. New crop months influenced by favourable advices concerning crop prospects. Piece-goods and yarn moderate business. Price is not satisfactory."

Reuter: "Market was nervous and irregular unsettling factors being covering by shorts and favourable weather."

Messrs. Braul and Co. have received the following cable dated 1st May from their Liverpool friends, Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"We still favour Bear side for a long shot for new crops."

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, May 1.

July	16.60	plus .11
October	14.96	—.14
December	15.08	—.12
January	15.15	—.13
March	14.63	
Middling Spot	16.70	plus .10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, May 1.

May	16.17	plus .14
July	16.25	plus .13
Middling Spot	16.05	plus .17

NEW YORK.

New York 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)—

July	16.68
October	15.10
January	Unquoted

New York 11-45 a.m.—

July	16.59
October	15.00
January	15.17

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, May 1.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	7,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	4,000

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 1.

Scinde, Fully Good	4.80	plus .10
Scinde, Fine	5.05	plus .10
Scinde, Superfine	5.30	plus .10
Bengal, Good	4.55	plus .10
Bengal Fully Good	4.80	plus .10
Bengal Fine	5.05	plus .10
Oomra Good	5.10	plus .10
Oomra Fully Good	5.40	plus .10
Oomra Fine	5.70	plus .10
Broach Fully	6.10	plus .10
Broach Fine	6.35	plus .10
Broach Superfine	6.60	plus .10

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, May 1.

May	13.40	plus .18
July	13.16	plus .02
November	12.97	—.01
December	12.88	—.01
January	12.96	—.01
March	13.09	—.01
Sakellis, F.G.F.		
Spot	14.40	plus .20

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, May 1.

	Opening	Closing.
May	8.27	8.26 plus .12
June		8.21 plus .09
July	8.22	8.20 plus .10
August		8.12 plus .10
September		8.03 plus .06
October	8.99	7.97 plus .05
November		7.96 plus .05
December		7.97 plus .06
January		7.97 plus .05
February		7.98 plus .06
March		8.00 plus .06
April		8.02 plus .06
May		8.04
Middling Spot		8.78 plus .16

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.
Liverpool, May 1.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	4,000
Sales on Speculation	100
Sales of East Indian Cotton	nil.

LONDON SILVER.
London, May 1.

Silver.—Market is quiet.

Spot	19-1/2
Forward	19-7/16

LONDON GOLD

Bar gold, fine, per oz. £4:4:11

Interest Day to Day Loans	1-3/8 p.c.
Interest, 7-Day Market Loans	2 p.c.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, May 1.

Bank bills, 3 months	2-11/32 p.c.
Bank bills, 6 months	2-19/32 p.c.
Fine trade bills, 3 months	3-1/4 p.c.
Fine trade bills, 6 Months	3-3/4 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

T.T. London on Berlin	20.36-1/4
T.T. London on Amsterdam	12.07-7/8
T.T. London on Brussels	34.84
T.T. London on Madrid	39.23
T.T. London on Milan	92.77
T.T. London on Berne	25.07
T.T. London on Paris	123.90
T.T. London on Prague.	164.09

LONDON METALS.
London, May 1.

	£.
Copper Braziers	78
Yellow Metal	61
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands	16
Corrugated Sheets, 24 Gauge	11-7/8
Tin, English Ingots	152-3/4

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, May 1.

Cottonseed, Bombay, ton,—
Sellers £6:16:0 May/June.
Castorseed, Bombay, ton,—
Sellers £15:6:3 May/June.
Rapeseed, Toria, ton—
Sellers £15:15:0 May/June.

LINSEED.
London, May 1.

Linseed, Calcutta, (London) ton,—
Sellers £18:15:0 May/June.
Linseed, Calcutta, (London) ton,—
Sellers £18:15:0 June/July.
Linseed, Bombay La Plata, C.I.F. ton,—
Sellers £17:3:9 May/June.
Linseed, Bombay, ton,—
Sellers £19:10:0 May/June.

LINSEED OIL.
London, May 1.

Linseed Oil, Naked, London, Cwt.—
Paid 38/4-1/2 May/Aug.
Linseed Oil, Naked, London, Cwt.—
Paid 37/3 Sept/Dec.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.
New York, May 1.

Coffee, Fair Rio, No. 7 Quality Spot 9-3/8

LONDON RUBBER.

London Smoked Sheet, Standard Ribbed, Lb. Spot,—
Sellers nil.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, May 2.

F. P. Bales	1929-30	1928-29
Receipts to date 1-5-30	8159000	9026000
Receipts Yesterday 1-5-30	7000	7000
Exports to date 1-5-30	6281000	7344000
Stock at Ports 25-4-30	1053000	1428000
Stock Interior Towns 25-4-30	980000	615000
Stock Liverpool 25-4-30	952000	1069000
Visible Supply 25-4-30	4094000	3860000
Quantity in Sight 25-4-30	14023000	14728000
Quantity out of Sight. 25-4-30	11584000	13124000

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, May 2.

In sympathy with quieter advices from New York, the local market opened at Rs. 263 for Broach J.-A delivery. There was some short covering and prices recovered to Rs. 263-12, but again declined on increased long liquidation. Liverpool opening cables were quiet. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

Broach A.M.	249	4	0
Broach J.A.	262	0	0
Oomra May	207	12	0
Oomra July	219	8	0
Bengal May	181	8	0
Bengal July	189	12	0
Broach J.A. Highest	263	12	0
Broach J.A. Lowest	261	4	0

COTTON TENDERS.
Bombay, May 2.

	To-day	Total.
Broach A.M.	100	50,600
Bengal May	2,700	7,500
Oomra May	1,650	11,300

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, May 2.

May	153.20	—2.10
August	156.60	—1.80
November	159.20	—2.40

ROOM RATE.
Bombay, May 2.

Bengal May	181
Bengal July	190
Broach A.M.	249
Broach J.A.	263
Oomra May	207
Oomra July	219

SPOT RATE.
Bombay, May 2.

Bengal	190	196	181	175
Sind	196	191	186	180
Punjab	189	184	179	173
Rajputana	191	186	181	175
Broach	263	255	251	246
P.A.	266	265	261	256
K.V.	260	257	253	248
Dholera	259	256	252	247
Kalajin	260	257	253	248
Cutch	263	263	257	254
Surat	348	345	341	336
Rajpipla	363	350	346	341
Oomra No. 3	215	211	207	203
C. P. No. 1	230	226	222	218
C. P. No. 2	222	208	214	210
Muthia		200	196	190

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, May 2.

100	Japan T. & Co.	Sirhind 191
100	K. Devchand	Hansi 190
100	Bussan & Co.	Conical 200
100	Forbes & Co.	Kurudwadi 202
100	Chacheti T & Co.	Neemuch 218-1|2
200	Dawn Mill	Munabadar 261
100	Bussan & Co.	Veraval 200
100	Japan T. & Co.	Khanna 185
100	Kotak & Co.	Dhamangaon 219
100	Japan T. & Co.	Khandwa 214-1|4
100	A. Damodar	Shegaon 212-1|4
100	Do.	Dhulia 206
100	K. Devchand & Co.	Sarangpur 192-1|2
100	Do.	Indore 226
100	Tata & Co.	Bijapur 245
100	Gokak Mill	Wun 188-1|2

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, May 2.

Broach	252|260
Bengal	187|196
Mathia	195|205
Khandesh	204|210
Akola|Khamgaon	208|215
Nagpur|Wardha	221|220
Barsi|Krudwadi	204|210
Jalna|Aurangabad	208|212
Nagar|Vambori	203|208
Purna|Parbhani	210|318
Khandwa|Sanawad	209|215
Indore|Ujain	212|232
Miraj|Sangli	275|290
Coompta	262|287
Tirupur|Cambodia	335|250

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Bombay, May 2.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	120	287,727
Central India	908	383,713
Barsi & Nagar	534	243,133
Hyderabad-Gadvani	220	82,805
Berar	1,294	669,495
Central Provinces	1,000	374,592
Total Oomras	4,085	2,041,459
Dholera	1,402	146,448
N.-W. Provinces	101	138,173
Rajputana	173	47,712
Sind-Punjab	493	147,367
Broach	206	271,203
Coompta Dharwar	1,742	62,048
Westerns-Northerns	407	21,980
Cocoanada	2	102
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	16	12,637
Persian		577
American		10,605
Egyptian and African	1,158	59,561
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		653
Total	10,273	2,960,502

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 24th April
Bombay, May 2.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,105	672,563
Japan & China	4,037	1,133,892
Coast Ports	5	15,038
Up-country by Rail		69,296
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		43,573
Total	5,147	1,894,276

MILL STORES QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

(Messrs Magambhai Amin & Co.)
Bombay May 2.

Prices per ton:—
China Clay, best quality Rs. 78; China Clay, market quality Rs. 68.
Prices per Cwt:—
Farina, Supra (Dutch) Rs 8-4-6
Epsom Salt Rs. 3-10-0; Sago Flour 1st quality Rs. 8-7-0; Sago Flour, market quality Rs. 8-3-0; Maize Starch Pearl India Brand Rs. Rs. 10-10-0. Dextrine (Potato) White Rs. 14/0/0; Zinc Cloride, German R-. 14/4/0; Magnesium Chloride, German Rs. 3/3/0; Australian Mutton Tallow, White Rs. 32/4/0; Turkey Red Oil, Concentrated Rs. 45; Bleaching Powder, United Alkali, small packing Rs. 8/4/0; Bleaching Powder electro German small packing Rs. small packing Rs. 9/4/0; Sodium Sulphide, English, large packing Rs. 8/4/0; Sodium Sulphide, German, small packing Rs. 9/4/0; Sodium Sulphide German, large packing Rs. 8/4/0; Bichromate of Potash, small packing Rs. 35/-. Soda Ash Rs. 7/4/0; Bicromate of Soda, small packing Rs. 29/8/0; Brown Sugar of Lead, small packing Rs. 33/8/0; Litharge Flake, French, small packing Rs. 30/4/0.
Prices per lb:—
Hydro Sulphide B. A. S. F. Rs. 0/8/9; Hydro Sulphide, English, Rs.0/7/6; Aniline Salt, Electro Rs. 0/6/1; Antimony Salt Rs. 0/5/3; Acetic Acid Rs. 0/1/0; Lormad-de Hyde Rs. 0/6/0.

—:o:—

THE TATA OIL MILLS' QUOTA-
Ex-Godown,
Bombay, May 2.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 332/- per ton.
Filtered Mowra Oil Ready Rs. 560/- per on.
Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 92| per ton.

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, May 2.

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 14|5; highest Rs. 14|7; lowest Rs. 14|2; closing Rs. 14|4.
Castorseeds September: Opening Rs. 14|10; lowest Rs. 14|5; closing Rs. 14|7.
Groundnut Seeds May delivery: 14|15; lowest Rs. 14|10; closing 14|11.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

—:o:—

Bombay, May 3.

3 1-2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 63|10.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90|8.
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89|4.
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 76|12.
4 1-2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 95|2.
4 1-2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 86|10.
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 96|2.
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 97-12.
5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 95|14.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 99|14.
5 per cent Loan due 1945-55 (Tax Free) Rs. 100|4.
6 per cent War Bonds due 1930 (Tax Free) Rs. 100|6.
6 per cent Bonds due 1931 (Tax Free) Rs. 101|6.
6 per cent Bonds due 1932 (Tax Free) Rs. 102|6.
6 1-2 per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 (Tax Free) Rs. 104|14.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 74/8.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 73/8.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 73/8.
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1939 Rs. 99/4.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 103/8.

FORWARD RATES.

16th May settlement.
3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 63|9.
5 per cent due 1945|55 Rs. 100|4.
Tone of Market—Steady at the close.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.
Bombay, May 2.

3 months discounts 2 11|32 per cent.
6 months discounts 2 19|32 per cent.
Bank of England rate 3 per cent.
Call Money 5 1|2 per cent.
One month 4 3|4 per cent.
3 months 4 1|2 per cent.
6 months 4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market.—Steady.
Imperial Bank of India Rate 6 per cent.

GOLD & SILVER.
Bombay, May 2.

Mint Gold, Ready	21	11	0
Mint Gold, 1st Settlement	21	11	3
Mint Gold, 2nd	21	11	3
Silver Ready	53	10	0
Silver 1st Settlement	44	2	0
Silver 2nd	53	10	0

Vitality in the hot Season!

VITALITY . . . activity . . . mental and physical responsiveness—how much we need them out East—how little we have them!

There are some people who seem endowed with lasting energy. How well we know the man who is never "flat"—generally very fit—always a clear thinker and socially alert. More often than not he is a Horlick man—been on it for years, probably. He learnt a very simple fact when he first started Horlick's—learnt what a really nutritious, cooling food-drink can do for a man out East.

He learnt how it maintains his vitality, when (to paraphrase Mr. Kipling) "those about him are losing theirs" . . . learnt how Horlick's, when taken regularly, gives the energy and vitality to meet "Hot Season" troubles. Start Horlick's to-day. Try it chilled in a refrigerator. Be a Horlick man, and you'll find life quite different.

Obtainable Everywhere. In sealed glass bottles in four sizes.

HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK

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SHIPPING

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA

(Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. sailings to Plymouth and London calling at Marseilles (calling at Malta every alternate week).

	Steamers.		Tons.
1930.			
8 May	Viceroy of India		19,648
10 „	Rajputana*		16,568
17 „	Kaisar-I-Hind		11,518
24 „	Mooltan x		20,847
31 „	Macedonia		11,120
7 June	Mantua*		10,946
14 „	Comorin		16,132
21 „	Maloja x		20,827
28 „	Razmak		10,857
5 July	Ranpura*		16,601
12 „	Malwa		11,000
19 „	Naldera x		16,088
26 „	Rawalpindi		16,619
2 Aug.	Morea*		10,946
9 „	Kaisar-I-Hind		11,518
16 „	Narkunda x		16,572
23 „	Macedonia		11,120
30 „	Rajputana*		16,563
6 Sept.	Ranpura		16,601
13 „	Mooltan x		20,847
20 „	Ranchi		16,650
27 „	Mantua*		10,946
4 Oct.	Viceroy of India		19,648
11 „	Comorin x		16,132
18 „	Kaisar-I-Hind		11,518
25 „	Razmak @		10,857
1 Nov.	Rajputana		16,563
8 „	Naldera x		16,088
29 „	Ranpura		16,601
15 „	Morea*		10,954
22 „	Razmak		16,572
6 Dec.	Narkunda*		10,602
13 „	Viceroy of India		19,648
20 „	Rawalpindi x		16,619
27 „	Kaisar-I-Hind		11,518

VESSELS NOW SAIL DIRECT FROM BOMBAY WITHOUT TRANSHIPMENT AT ADEN.

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only.

* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First and second Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rate will be issued for any mail steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S. S. "Macedonia" on the 31st May, 1930 and terminating with the "Viceroy of India" leaving Marseilles September 5th and due in Bombay on the 19th September 1930. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon.	2nd Saloon.
To London and back by Sea ..	£105	£78
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train Across France in both directions ..	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back ..	£100	£73

The accommodation allotted will be the best available at time of application.

Passengers taking off Season tickets and who wish to return later than September 19th may do so on paying half the Short Period Return Rate and half the ordinary return rate for whichever grade they are allotted.

This concession will only be granted to passengers who proceed home on steamers sailing between 31st May and 26th July inclusive.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS.

There will be no extra charge for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 18th January.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth with liberty to call at Port Soudan, Malta and or Tangier.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
1930		
18		
4th Aug.	DOMALA	8,422
20th Nov.	DUMANA	8,427
12th Dec.	DOMALA	8,422

These two vessels are only one class ships. Fares as follows:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Plymouth	A £64	£112
	B £50	£103
	C £38	£ 82

SHIPPING

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about 1930.		
9th May	Ranpura	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
23rd „	Naldera	Colombo & Australia.
28th „	Mirzapore	Straits China & Japan
6th June	Morea	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
20th „	Narkunda	Colombo & Australia.
4th July	Rajputana	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
18th „	Mooltan	Colombo, & Australia.
1st Aug.	Mantua	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
15th „	Comorin	Colombo, & Australia.
29th „	Malwa	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
12th Sep.	Naldera	Colombo, & Australia.
26th „	Morea	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
10th Oct.	Narkunda	Colombo, & Australia.
24th „	Rawalpindi	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
7th Nov.	Mooltan	Colombo, & Australia.
21st „	Ranchi	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.
5th Dec.	Maloja	Colombo & Australia.
19th „	Malwa	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan.

*Cargo only.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only at the following fares from Bombay:—

To Fremantle	£74
Adelaide	£76
Melbourne	£78
Sydney	£80
Brisbane	£82
Auckland or Wellington (N. Z.) via Sydney	£100

Periods of availability 16 Weeks Sailings approximately every month.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

To Africa, Karachi, Persian Gulf, Tuticorin, Colombo, Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon.

1930.		
2nd May	Vasna	Karachi, Bushire, Mohammerah. & Busrah.
3rd May	Chakla	P'bunder, Dwarka, Cutchmandvi & Karachi.
5th May	Vita	P'bunder, Port Okha, Cutchmandvi & Karachi.
7th May	Bandra	Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.
7th May	Khandalla	East & South Africa via Porebunder.
9th „	Ellora	Mombasa & Zanzibar.

Special 1st Saloon cheap Excursion return tickets to Mombassa for Rs. 500/- will be available from May to September 1930. The return voyage to be completed within 3 months from the date of sailing from Bombay.

Cheap Excursion tickets are also available between Mombasa and Durban during June/August, 1930. Particulars will be supplied on application.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Mondays, Wednesday, Thurs./Friday and Saturday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs/Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers of the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

INCOME-TAX & SUPER-TAX

Statutory Statement of Accounts prepared. Audit of Books or Firms UNDERTAKEN.

B. L. Thosar, ACCOUNTANT PUBLIC
136-497, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
Telephone No. 22927.

SHIPPING

NYK LINE

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers,	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
*KurohimeMaru	4697	20 Apr.	5 May.
Awa Maru ..	6028	1 May	14 May
Hakusan Maru..	10500	....	@14 May
Nagano Maru..	3824	3 May	18 May
Kitano Maru ..	8000	....	@28 May
Rangoon Maru.	5029	17 May	29 May
YamagataMaru.	3807	20 May	30 May
Haruna Maru..	10500	....	@11June
Tamba Maru..	5845	30 May	13 June
Kamo Maru ..	8000	....	@25June
*Calcutta Maru	5339	15 June	27 June
Katori Maru ..	10000	....	@ 9 July

*Do not carry passengers.
@From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseille
Kashima Maru.	10000	15 May	2 June
Hakone Maru..	10500	28 May	15 June
Suwa Maru ..	11000	26 June	14 July

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers,	Tons	From Hongkong	From Kobe
Taiyo Maru ..	22000	11 May	18 May
Chichibu Maru	22000	29 May	4 June
Tenyo Maru ..	22000	12 June	18 June

Other are Orient-Seattle, South-American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.

Reduced combined through fares Cheapest Round the World tour rates and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to:—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20279, 23738.
Telegrams:—"YUSEN".

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

O.S.K. Line

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI.

Steamers.	Arrival	Departure
Yonan Maru ..	20th Apr.	3rd May.
Heinan Maru .	4th Apr.	8th May
Shunko Maru ..	8th May	18th May
Burma Maru .	9th May	23rd May
Tempei Maru ..	20th May.	30th May
Clyde Maru ..	21st May.	31st May.
Honolulu Maru	23rd May.	4th June.

For particulars apply to:—
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan).
Phone Nos. 22150 and 25473.
Telegrams:—"SHOSEN."
Box No. 855.

PAY NOTHING

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ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jamnagar. (Kathiawar)

WHEN YOU SPEND SO MUCH

For Your Clothes

why not be certain that they are made by artistic tailors

Araujo Fernandes & Co.,
Merchant Tailors.
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

Imperial Bank of India.

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE APOLLO STREET.
BRANCHES.
Byculla—Bellasis Road.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITS: Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time, but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000 the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a special Savings Banks Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of three per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank Accounts and at the rate of three and a half per cent per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

Bank of India, Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1882.)
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	90,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 1-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	100,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	100,000,000
RESERVE FUND	111,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Jansie
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	Scattle
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Singapore
Calcutta	Lyons	Shimonosek
	Manila	Sourabaya
Canton	Marunouchi	San
Changchun	(Tokio)	Francisco
Dairen	Nagasaki	Samarang
Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsan
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Pekin	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 6.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

I. WASHIO,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

Western India

LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Satara City.

PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 13.
Fourth Valuation at the end of 1926.

UNSURPASSED BONUS

Bonus per	1000 p. a
W. Life	End
Rs. 22-1/2	Rs. 18

Strongest Reserves ! !
(1) Life Assurance Fund, Rs. 10,64,993.
(2) Total undivided Reserve Rs. 3,42,170.
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.

NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.
For Agency and other particulars please apply.

East AND West

INSURANCE Co., Ltd.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Purely Indian Concern — Offers everything best in Life Insurance

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1,000/- per year.

Several new attractive plans.

Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions

For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the— SECRETARIES Bombay.

Bombay Widows Pension Fund Ltd.

(Established 1876).
23-25, Hummum Street, Fort.
Above Messrs. Warden & CO.
Funded Capital Rs. 2,78,200
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation was entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate 30 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grade if occupation is lost.

25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on First 12 months' subscription.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to:—
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

ULCERINE

(Regd.)

Without operation, cures—Piles Fistula, Carbuncle, Witlow, Gangrene, Boils, Foul Ulcer, etc., on application Instantly relieves a pain of poisonous Boils and Sores draws out all pus magically. Even operated wounds of any extent healed in a week. It is taken also internally as best blood purifier Cure guaranteed. Phial Re. 1-4-0. Postage extra. Ask free booklet to—NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.

Agents: J. Tirath and Co., Sunder Road, Karachi.
Kemp and Co., Charni Road. Bombay.
Telegraphic Address: "Ulcer, Kandi.

FREE! FREE!!

The interesting and useful Book
VAIDYA VIDYA
sent gratis and post free.
Apply :—
RAJVAIDYA NARAYANJI KESHAVJI,
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar).

INSURANCE.

That Progress Proves Popularity
is strikingly exemplified by the present day position of the

ORIENTAL

INDIA'S GREATEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

PROGRESS

	NEW BUSINESS		PREMIUM INCOME	
1925	Rs. 296	Lakhs.	Rs. 93	Lakhs.
1926	„ 391	„	„ 106	„
1927	„ 468	„	„ 122	„
1928	„ 585	„	„ 140	„

POPULARITY PROVIDES PROGRESSIVE PROFITS.
Bonuses Declared on whole Life Assurance Policies.

1918—Rs. 10	per Rs. 1000	1924—Rs. 22½	per Rs. 1000
1921 „ 10	per Annum	1927 „ 25	per Annum

THEREFORE
WHEN SELECTING YOUR LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY FOR A FIRST OR AN ADDITIONAL POLICY
IT WILL PAY YOU
To come to this Popular and Progressive Office.
For Particulars apply to :—
H. EDWIN JONES, F. F. A., A. I. A., MANAGER,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd

25% of the Premium refunded as Bonus.
Funds about Rs. 2¼ Lakhs.
The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 and As. 8 per month. Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co. Chief Agents, Mazgaon. BOMBAY, 10.

HINDUSTHAN

Co-operative Insurance Society, Limited.
Head Office :—CALCUTTA.

Last Year's New Business. Over ONE CRORE.
Total Assets. Exceeds ONE CRORE.
Last Bonus (Quinquennial.) Rs. 100, per 1000. (Endowment Assurance.)

A purely Indian Life Office.

Lower Premiums. Larger Bonuses. Liberal Policy Conditions.

Join this progressive office and share in its prosperity.

For particulars please write to:—
Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
N. DATTA, Manager. Bombay Branch.

THE TRAGEDY OF LIFE

Lies not so much in the certainty of death as in the uncertainty of its hour of occurrence. Yet it is possible to lay out the financial plan of your life on the assumption that you will live an average life.

Lowest Rate of premium
Fund one and half crore.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO., LTD. CALCUTTA.
Branch Office:—
ALICE BLDG., HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

ENCOURAGE

INDIAN INDUSTRIES

Silk ! Tussore Silk !! Khadi Silk !!!

The best Silk, Tussore, Khadi Silk, Suitings manufactured in our own FACTORY at Surat can be had at very reasonable rates from :—

The Indian Silk & Tussore House,
Dwarkadas Mansions,
Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.
BLACK SILK SUITINGS IS OUR SPECIALITY.

PLEASE

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Twenty Words

and

ONE ANNA

For each Additional Word.
Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. .... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle", to be paid for.

Answers to Advetisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number .... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED B. A. B. T.s, of B. A., S. T. C.'s for the Babu Pannalal Jain High School. Only trained and experienced men need apply with testimonials to the PRINCIPAL, Tramba Kanta, Pydhonie, Bombay, 3.
A R2396

THE UNEMPLOYED are advised to refer their case for assistance to the EASTERN SERVICE AGENCY, Wakefield House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
A R2399

LEARN TOUCH TYPEWRITING in one month. Success Guaranteed. Join to-day. Enrolment Daily. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., Hornby Road, opposite Petit Library.
A R2335

WANTED—respectable AGENTS for selling shares of the STAR OF INDIA TEA & FINANCE LTD. on decent commission. Nine years old company. Dividend paid for several years. Apply to the MANAGING AGENTS at 32-D, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA.
A

WANTED—CANDIDATES, desiring to serve in Government, Railway and Canal Departments. Full particulars and Railway Fare Certificate on 2 annas stamps; apply to IMPERIAL TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, Nai Sarak, Delhi.
A P2385

WANTED.—CANDIDATES for IMMEDIATE Railway Service. Fare Paid. Apply AT ONCE for Rules enclosing 2 Aanas stamps ROYAL TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, Delhi.
A [illegible]315

WANTED for the Bai Kabibai Hindu High School, a PRINCIPAL with high educational qualifications; one with knowledge of Gujarathi will be preferred. Apply stating terms and sending copies of testimonials (before 10th May) to the Trustees Bai KABIBAI CHARITIES, 26, Holichakla, Fort, Bombay.
A R2380

THE NEW LIGHT the only advanced Socialistic English Weekly in India with flowers of Bengal in the edotorial board guarantees the highest circulation and solves all your advertising problems. Wanted selling and advertising agents in unrepresented districts. Please ask for free sample copy. Office 206, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.

Books & Stamps.

NEW and SECONDHAND SCHOOL and COLLEGE TEXT-BOOKS, etc., purchased and sold at favourable prices. Literary Books, Novels, Magazines Periodicals etc. (Old and New Issues) always available. Call or Write:—KADER BOOK DEPOT. Krishna Bhuvan, Sandhurst Bridge, (Branch—opposite Elphinstone High School, Dhobi Talao.
L 595

NEW and Second-hand SCHOOL and COLLEGE BOOKS sold at cheapest rates, high literary books at 12 1/2 per cent discount. Current books purchased, College books at half price. Mofussil orders promptly executed. GENERAL BOOK DEPOT, Dwarkadas Mansion, Sandhurst Road, Bombay No. 4.
4 [illegible]

Houses & Flats To Let.

TO LET—A thriving place for a Doctor in a respectable locality and also to let a pucca built GODOWN for storing high class goods or machinery, etc., near Princes Dock and Wadi Bunder Goods Station. Apply Box No. 2512 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C R2394

Educational

SHREE MAHAVIR JAIN VIDYALAYA.—SHETH VADILAL SARABHAI VIDYARTHI GRAHA, RE-OPENS in June, 1930. Applications for new admissions are invited from Swetamber Moortipujak Jain Students intending to study for degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce, Engineering, Agriculture, Technology, and Medicine. Only those who have passed Matriculation need apply. Admissions will be given on merits and requirements. Preference will be given to students for B.A., and M.A., classes taking up Jain Literature as optional subject. Application forms and other particulars can be had from the undersigned on receipt of postal charges. Latest date of receiving applications is 13th June, 1930.

Applicants must send in Rs. 10/- as deposit along with the applications. The same will not be considered without the deposit. MOTICHAND G. KAPADIA, Hon. Secretary, Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya, Bombay, Gowalia Tank Road April 1930.
L 652

THE FELLOWSHIP SCHOOL.

CHINA BAUG, GIRGAUM BACK ROAD, BOMBAY.

Co-educational institution with Montessori, Primary and Secondary departments INCLUDING MATRIC COURSE.

PROVIDES BUS SERVICE.

RE-OPENS June 2nd., 1930.

For prospectus and further particulars please apply to PRINCIPAL, Bhagat Ram Kumar, M.A. (Oxon).

Office hours during Vacation for Registration, etc., 9 A. M. to 11 A.M.

Telephone No. 24495.
M 2342

FOR Rapid and thorough training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy join immediately the POPULAR SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION Darya Mahal (Saraswati Building) oppo. Thakkar Bros. near Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, Principal B. B. RELE, B.A., LL.B., Concession given to the Poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for LADY STUDENTS Special Shorthand Speed Class for advanced students.
M W5

ACCOUNTANCY Associates, London diploma, course taught free by Post, in one month. June examination. Apply PAITHANKER, 262, Budhawar, Poona City.
R 2351

Trade Announcement.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (Sunday), the 4th instant, at 10 A.M. (S.T.) of very valuable Teak and blackwood most durable and decent complete Bungalow Furniture, safe with stand, Gramophone, records, Singer Sewing machine, Harmonium, Brass and chinaware, wall clock and bracnet, carpets, E. lamps, Glassware, Crockery, etc., etc., at Chawpatty Sea Face, Babulal Mansion, Near Marina Mansion, Auctioneers, Vora and Co.
T R2402

IRON BED SOFA, style 6' x 2-1/2' with strong wire mattress at Rs. Ten. Apply A. MOHAMED1 ALI & CO., No. 58, Tamba Kanta, Pydowni, Bombay 3.
T R2354

Machinery, Tools, Etc.

COFFEE drinking is increasing in India. Dealers make good profits. Let us offer you well-known "WHITMEE" COFFEE MACHINES. Write to DINSHAW & CO., 47, Apollo Street, Bombay.
2(7)

FOR SALE—New Consignment of Safety Razor Blades "GABI," made of selected German steel to sacrifice at reduced rates. Apply for samples to MARTIN & CO., Rasool Building, Clark Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11.
T R2332

Medical.

ASTHMA.

Does your chest trouble you or do you feel uneasiness while breathing or coughing heavily? No matter congenital or self acquired. No relapse, no failure. Guaranteed remedy will be supplied on receipt of the full history of the disease. Send one Rupee stamp with your detailed history while asking for full particulars and prescription Tegar Chemical Works, P O. Baghbazar, Calcutta.
(2)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-3-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement columns.

FOR SALE.

Two GINNING FACTORIES, (a) one at Palitana with 2 oil engines and 28 gins and (b) one at Gariadhar with one Oil Engine and 20 gins. Preference will be given to one, who will put up Press and Work Ginning Factories. Offers invited before 20th May, 1930.

DIWAN,
Palitana State.
633

DACCA UNIVERSITY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the Professorship in the Department of Arabic and Islamic Studies on a salary of Rs. 1,000/- per mensem for a period of two years in the first instance. with effect from November, 1930. None copies of application with testimonials and the names and addresses of three references must reach the Registrar not later than 30th June, 1930. For full particulars apply to the REGISTRAR.
636

Wanted.

WANTED—A TRAINED GRADUATE if possible with teaching experience who would start a Teachers' Training Class for Lower Primary Mistresses and inspect District Girls' Schools. Salary Rs. 250—10—300 with P. F. benefits after confirmation and T.A. according to the State Rules. Appointment in the first instance would be on probation.

All applications to reach the undersigned by May, 30th.

A. P. COX, M.A.,
Director of Education.
Raj Marwar, Jodhpur.
649

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for PART-TIME TEACHERS' POSTS for the 1st Year Training Class to be opened by the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee for the Municipal Marathi Primary School Teachers from June 1930. The applicant on being appointed will be required to teach subjects for the Marathi First Year Training Class as per Government Training College Curriculum which in our case will extend over two years as the Class will be conducted daily in the evening for 2-1/2 hours only from 2 to 4-30 p.m. (B. T.) i.e. in all 15 hours per week.

The salary will not exceed Rs. 50 per month for two days work in a week.

The benefits of Provident Fund and leave advantages under the Municipal Rules will not be applicable to these posts. Applicants should state their qualifications, experience, age, etc., and also the minimum salary demanded.

Applications to reach the undersigned on or before 20th May, 1930.

R. V. PARULEKAR,
Secretary, Schools Committee.
The Schools Committee's Office,
Bombay, 26th April, 1920.
654

Public Notices.

THE BOMBAY UGANDA COMPANY LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Share Certificates Nos. 17932/17041 for 10 shares. In the Bombay Uganda Co. Ltd., in the name of Mr. Jamnadas Virji, are lost or mislaid. Anybody having any claim against the same should intimate to the above Co., within three months from this date, after which duplicate will be issued.
666

NOTICE.

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY.

The new session of the Aligarh Muslim University will commence on the 15th July, 1930. Admissions to the B.A., B.Sc., M.A., M.Sc., B.Th, and Law classes will begin on the 10th July and close on the 15th July, 1930. Admissions of Day Scholars to all classes and of all the applicants for the B.T. class will be held on the 15th and 16th July, 1930. Admissions to the Tibbiya College will be made on the 21st and 31st July, 1930. C.T. class has been discontinued from the next session. All applications on the prescribed form with migration and other necessary certificates and the registration fee must reach the Registrar by the 30th June 1930. For prospectus and application forms apply to the Registrar.
667

MINERVA MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Buildings, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1930, at 3-15 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1929.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 7th day of June, 1930, to the 17th day of June, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 24th April, 1930.
651

THE MONSOON IS COMING!

Roofs will not leak if covered

NOW.

with

GENASCO WATERPROOF ROOFING.

—Write us TO-DAY—

MCKENZIES LIMITED.

Roofing Experts

Sewri-Bombay.

Agents for:

Trinidad Lake Asphalt.
582

Tender.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Chief Officer, Bombay Improvement Trust, at his Office at Esplanade Road, Fort, upto 3 p.m. (B. T.), on WEDNESDAY, the 14th of May, 1930, for the supply of "TIMBER" during 1930-31.

Form of Tender and Specification can be had at Rupee One from the Trust Engineer's Office.

Tender form will not be sent by V. P. P.

D. N. BARIA,
I.C.E.,
Engineer in Charge,
Northern Division.
1-5-1930. 661

Public Notices.

THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL BOARDING SCHOOL AND LAW AND MEDICAL FUND.

APPLICATIONS WILL BE ACCEPTED TILL 31ST MAY, 1930.

VACANCIES of Free, Half-Free and Paying Boarders shall be filled up in June next from high caste Hindu Students desirous of prosecuting their studies for Arts, Science and Commerce degrees.

(a) FREE BOARDERS:—According to the vacancies available, free boarders will be elected, who will be provided with board, lodging, clothes, books, College and University fees free.

(b) HALF-FREE BOARDERS:—A certain number will be kept as half-free boarders, who will pay in advance Rs. 125 per term in return for which they will be provided similarly as Free Boarders.

(c) PAYING BOARDERS:—Paying Boarders are provided with only board and lodging on payment of Rs. 150 per term. In respect of these boarders, the first term runs from 15th June, and the second term begins on 10th November, and ends on 15th April.

LAW and MEDICAL FUND:—A certain number of Scholarships will be awarded to Hindu students studying for Law and Medicine, preference being given to Bhatia students.

For printed forms of application and of rules and regulations, apply enclosing one anna postal stamp to the SECRETARY, G. T. CHARITIES, 162, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
658

SETH GORDHANDAS SUNDERDAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.
Parel, Bombay, 12.

NOTICE

1. The Seth G. S. Medical College will RE-OPEN for the next academic year on Wednesday the 4th June, 1930.
2. Candidates, who have passed the Intermediate Science Examination wholly in the Medical Group of Physics, Chsmistry and Biology of the Bombay University or a corresponding examination of any other Indian Statutory University, are eligible for admission.
3. The applications for admission should be made on the printed prescribed forms to be obtained from the Dean's Office and should reach the Office, on or before the 15th May 1930.
4. All applications must accompany the original University Certificates (which will be returned later) and should be addressed to the Dean and handed over either personally in the office or sent by Registered Post.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA.
DEAN.
Parel, Bombay, 1st May, 1930.
665

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament with a Codicil thereto of PREMDAS KHIMJI alias PREMDAS KHIMJI KAPADIA, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, a Piece Goods Merchant, residing in a building known as Bhimji Ravji's house at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay .. Deceased.

Bai PURIBAI, widow of Premdas Khimji, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing in a building known as Bhimji Ravji's house at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, the Sole Executrix named in the Will and Codicil of the deceased abovenamed.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Twenty-fourth day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty, and in the Twentieth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Sd.) E. FAHEY.

24th day of April, 1930.
Messrs. PEREIRA & VALLABHDAS,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
667

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL CINEMA
Lamington Road

Presents TO-NIGHT and THIS WEEK.
KOHINOOR UNITED ARTIST'S
Super Social Picture,

"ARYA-KANYA"

Written by Mr. DESAI, M.A.
Directed by N. G. DEWARE.
Featuring Miss SHANTA KUMARI.
DON'T MISS THIS MASTER-PIECE PICTURE
Daily 4 Shows at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.
Extra Shows on Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holiday at 3 p.m.

Auction Sales.

GANDHI AND CO.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY AT KAMATIPURA 12TH LANE.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will, under instructions of Messrs. Chellaji Comaji and Co., the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of Chandrabai Hiru Balu Chabukswar, the Mortgagor, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable property on SATURDAY, the 3rd May, 1930, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

All those two pieces of Quit and Ground Rent land formerly separate but now joined into one, with the dwelling house at Kamatipura 12th Lane, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward Nos. 2004-2005, Street Nos. 32, 34 and 35, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 4471, 4472 and 4473, New Nos. 10962, 10963, Old Survey Nos. 4011, 4012, 4013 and New Survey Nos. 6619-6620 and Cadastral Survey No. 436, Byculla Division and containing by admeasurement 126 square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. Desai and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

SORABJEE .COWASJEE & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

123, Medows St., Fort,
BOMBAY.

SALE of an immoveable property at Walkeshwar Road, Banganga Lane (opposite Shri Vithoba's Temple), on SUNDAY, the 11th May, 1930, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises under instructions from Messrs. Thakordas and Madgavkar, Attorneys for the Managers of the Chevli Bhansali Mahajan.

All that piece of land admeasuring about 732 square yards according to the Cadastral Survey with a dwelling house thereon, situate at Walkeshwar Road, bearing Collector's New No. 17261, Cadastral Survey No. 45 of the Malabar Hill and Cumbala Hill Division, Street No. 3026/40.

Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of Messrs. Thakordas and Madgavkar, Attorneys for the Vendors, 31-33, Hummum Street, Fort, or of the undersigned.

Private offers will be received by the said Messrs. Thakordas and Madgavkar and by the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF INTESTATE AND UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO, will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Police Commssioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, all the intestate and unclaimed properties such as new and old clothes, utensils, jewellery, etc., etc.

The above will be on view on the sale day and cash will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.
659

Auction Sales.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF 24 BALES OF SAILU COTTON (SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.)

By order of the Insurance Co. concerned, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 5th May, 1930, at 1-45 p.m. (S.T.), opp. Cotton Exchange Room, Sewree, the following:—

24 bales of Sailu Cotton (slightly damaged by fire and water).

CRAWFORD & CO.

MAHATMA GANDHI

THE MAN AND HIS MISSION.

An enlarged and up-to-date Edition of his life and teachings with an account of his activities in South Africa and India down to his great March in connection with "Salt Satyagraha".

With Appreciations By:
The Rt. Hon. SASTRI, Mr. and Mrs. POLAK, Mr. C. F. ANDREWS, Bishop WHITEHEAD, Prof. GILBERT MURRAY, ROMAIN ROLAND, Mrs. SAROJINI NAIDU, RABINDRANATH TAGORE, Rev. Dr. J. H. HOLMES.

Price Rupee ONE.
To Subscribers of the "Indian Review",
As. 12.

M. K. Gandhi. By Rev. J. Doke. With introduction, by Lord Ampthill. Re. 1. To Subs. of "I. R.", As. 12.

Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule. By Gandhi. New Pocket Edition. As. 8. To Subs. of "I. R.", As. 6.

Books are given at concession rates only to Subscribers of the "Indian Review". Any one who wishes to buy books at concession rates must remit one year's subscription in advance (Rs. Five Indian, 12 sh. Foreign). Subscriptions can commence from any month; but a few copies of back numbers for the current year are available.

Please note that a large and varied collection of Books on Indian Politics, Religion, Philosophy, Industries, Arts, Agriculture, Economics, Biographies, Speeches and Writings of Eminent Indians and Friends of India are given at special concession rates to subs. of "Indian Review".

G. A. NATESAN & CO., Publishers,
MADRAS.

BOOKS
ON BIRTH CONTROL.

	Rs. a.
1. Birth Control Methods by N. N. Mukerjee	.. 0 5
2. A Manual of Birth Control by M.N. Ganesa Aiyar	.. 1 0
3. Sexual Health and Birth Control by Ettie A. Rout	.. 0 12
4. The Wife's Handbook by Dr. H. A. Allbutt	.. 0 10
5. The Wife's Guide and Friend by Stewart Warren	.. 1 4
6. Practical Birth Control by Ettie A. Rout	.. 2 14
7. Limitation of Family by N. N. Mukerjee	.. 3 0

Postage extra in each case.
THE PIONEER BOOK DEPOT,
Royapuram, Madras.

AMUSEMENTS.

REGINALD DENNY! REGINALD DENNY!

AN HILARIOUS RIOT OF MIRTH! A 100 PER CENT TALKING AND SINGING COMEDY!!

TO-NIGHT AND

One Hysterical Night

THIS WEEK

It will keep you howling with its hilarious humour from start to finish!

Oh, Hear Denny Talk!

TWO SHOWS DAILY—6-30 & 10 (P.M.) MATINEE ON SAT. & SUNDAY—4 P. M.

WELLINGTON TALKIES DHOBI TALAO.

WHERE TALKIES REACH PERFECTION!

GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD.
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 daily.
Saturday, Sunday and Friday Matinees at 3-30 p.m.

A brave little band of Pioneers are making their way in covered wagons across the Continent toward the West. They are attacked by a hostile tribe of Indians. All are killed except two children—a little boy and his sister. What happens to the boy? What becomes of his sister? All is disclosed in

"THE INVADERS"

Starring
BOB STEELE
Also 2 Two Reeler Comics.

CROWN CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD.
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 daily.
Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays at 3-30.
LAST INSTALMENT!
FINAL 10 REELS!

"THE KING OF THE KONGO"

Man and Beast—Precious Ivory and Precious Stones—Plot and Counter-plot—The Double-cross—Treachery—A Beautiful Girl—A Brave Secret Service Man—Derelicts of Humanity—Lost to Civilization, all these things you'll find in the most gripping serial of to-day!

Second Glorious Week.

Deliah's Love sent Samson into Slavery
For Salome, King Herod sold his Soul!
Such is Love! The tunes are different, but the song is one all over! This is the theme of Shree Ranjit Film Co.'s Super Jewel Production,

"THE WILD FLOWER"

Featuring Miss GOHUR and Mr. D. BILLIMORIA.

A pastoral Romance with the background of silver streams and lovely hills. Love knows no nationality. Miss GOHUR with her art will bewitch you! and Mr. BILLIMORIA will arrest your admiration.

You can't afford to miss the most artistic piece of the year!

The Picture has got the mad fragrance of the "WILD FLOWER."

Written by Mohanlal Dave.
Directed by Nandlal Jaswantlal.
Photographed by Fandurang Nayak.

At your favourite resort

WEST END CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD.

TO-DAY AT 4, 6-30 AND 10 P.M.

MILTON SILLS and DOROTHY MACKAILL in "His Captive Woman"

100 PER CENT. TALKING.

Come down to the black-and-tan cafe where a New York murderess dances to the merry rhythm of tropical tunes—

PATHE SUPER GAZETTE.

NOTICE.

The Management of Pathe Cinema have pleasure in announcing that during the ensuing Summer months, prices of admission at their theatre for all performances will be reduced as follows:

Upper Stalls, Rs. 2: Lower Stalls, Re. 1: 1st Class, As. 8: Second Class, As. 4: plus Tax. Effective from Saturday, May 3rd.

THE NEW PATHE CINEMA.

Lamington Road, (Queen's Road End).
'Phone 41561.

RIALTO CINEMA

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW At 4, 6-30, 8-15 & 10 P.M.

The Man of 1001 Faces
LON CHANEY
In his most Exciting Picture
WEST OF ZANZIBAR

Black Magic, Blacker revenge—and a love that passeth understanding!

Bombay's New Picture-House

THE

Hind-Mata Cinema

In Gorgeous Oriental Setting For Everything Oriental.

Opposite Tata Mills
POIBAVDI PAREL.

GRAND OPENING PERFORMANCE ON SATURDAY NEXT 3RD MAY AT 7 P. M.

Sir Phiroze C. Sethna has kindly Consented to Preside.

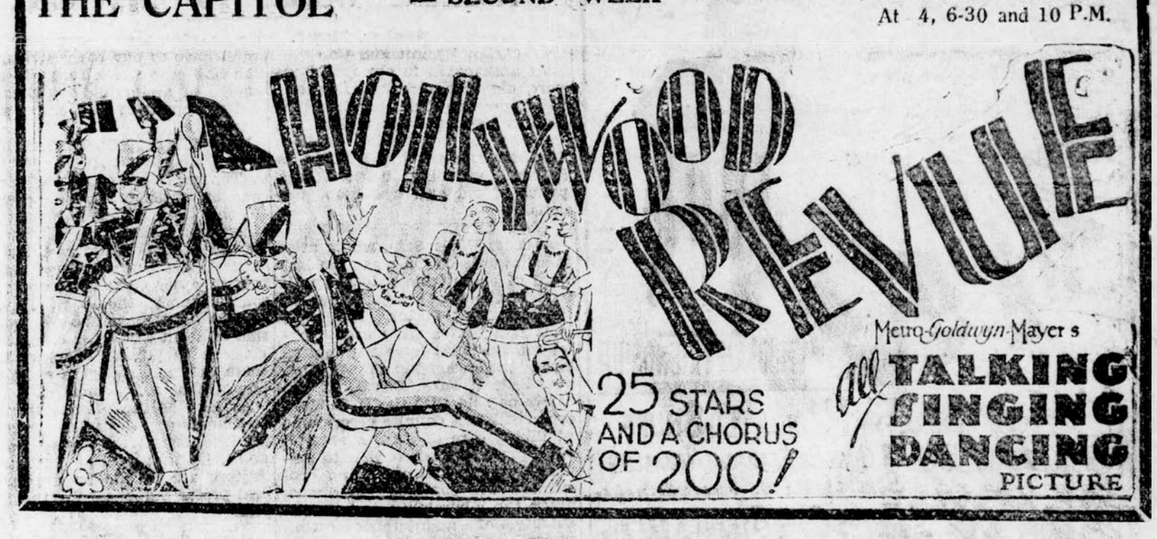
Sharda Film's Best and Latest

"Patal Padmini"

LOOK OUT FOR SPECIAL SUNDAY & HOLIDAY SHOWS
HOLIDAYS—3—5—7—9 and 11.
DAILY—5—7—9 and 11.
RATES—Annas 3, 4, 8 and 10 with tax.

THE CAPITOL — SECOND WEEK —

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW At 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.



EXCELSIOR THEATRE

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW.
4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
FIFTY MILLION FRENCH GIRLS CAN'T BE WRONG.
Every one is crazy over

MAURICE CHEVALIER,
The Singing Star,
in Paramount's all talking special

INNOCENTS OF PARIS

He's the Favourite of Broadway—Idol of Paris—Heaven's Gift to the Talkies.

EMPIRE THEATRE

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW.
4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
A Drama of Intrigue and Love in the Java Seas.

RONALD COLMAN
with
LILY DAMITA
in
"THE RESCUE."

Honour and Loyality fighting against the seductive charms of a beautiful woman.

ROYAL Opera House,

TO-DAY at 5-30 p.m.
BY POPULAR REQUEST
Pyara Saheb

Will give his last Recital.
Popular Prices
Booking at the Theatre from 10-30 a.m.

Ripon Theatre

Corner of Grant Road.
SUNDAY, 4th May, at 4 p.m.
By Popular Request.
"Pyara Saheb"

will give his final Recital of Indian Music.
POPULAR PRICES.
Booking at the Theatre.

MAN PROPOSES and GOD DISPOSES

This old saying fully proves its justification in this latest

IMPERIAL SPECIAL PRODUCTION

Featuring the Star of Stars SULOCHANA Supported by JAL Merchant and Salvi and Elizer.

Written and Directed by K.P. BHAVE Camera work by A P. KARANDIKAR

An Error and just a little error of judgment and its most serious consequence—Not for the one who committs the error—but for his only daughter.

Do not deny yourself this unique treat which Commences from To-day at

Cinema Majestic

GIRGAUM

4 Shows Daily at 5, 7, 9 and 11 P. M. Extra Shows on Saturdays, Sundays and Bank Holidays at 3 P.M.

STONE WALLS DO NOT A PRISON MAKE NOR IRON BARS A CAGE!

See This Film—Full of Patriotism.
Krishna's Production.

Immortal Glory.

Continuing Second Week.
Swift moving story with hair raising thrills and wonderful actions.
TIME AS USUAL.
See TO-NIGHT or during THIS WEEK.

Krishna Cinema

DUBASH THEATRE.

THE

Bombay Life—

ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established in India (1908)

It will be worth your while to obtain a copy of the Prospectus of the 'BOMBAY LIFE' before insuring your life elsewhere.

EXCELLENT PROSPECTS TO AGENTS:

For particulars please write to—
J. L. MEHTA,
Manager.

70-75, Apollo St., Bombay.

REGINA
HAIR RESTORER
For Restoring Grey or Fading Hair to its Natural Colour.
NOT A DYE
Shake the bottle thoroughly, and apply by means of a brush or sponge, rubbing well into the roots of the hair daily, until desired depth of colour is obtained. Afterwards it is only necessary to apply every few days.
REGINA TROCHIPAL HAIR RESTORER does not stain the skin or the pillow-case.
KEEPS AGE [illegible]
M T MADON & Co.

SLIMOIDS FOR OBESITY CURES SLIMOIDS

ITS DANGERS
The digestive organs of those suffering from Obesity or over stoutness do not function properly. Instead of assimilating and coverting the natural fats into nourishing and vigour producing elements, superfluous fatty tissue is permitted to accumulate. This accumulation impedes the action of the various organs, causing loss of vim and energy, quickness and shortness of breath on the least exertion, palpita and other affections of the heart, headaches, constipation, foul breath, kidney troubles, and other disorders.
Sold by all well-known Chemists OR
Tel. Add. "THOUGHTS."

ITS INCONVENIENCE
In these days of tennis, golf, and other out-door sports, the over-stout are at a grave disadvantage.
At Dances too, the stout person cannot move with that ease and grace so fully enjoyed by those less fleshy.
And in many other ways during every day life, those suffering from Obesity, through their enforced in-activity, are unable to extract the full enjoyment of life.

ITS CURE
"SLIMOIDS"
"SLIMOIDS" are a combination of harmless ingredients scientifically prepared, and possessing properties unequalled for the speedy absorption of adipose tissue.
"SLIMOIDS" are convenient in form and pleasant to take. Rs. 1-12-0 per Bottle.
One should be taken after every meal and at bedtime, and should be followed by a draught of water.
Sole Distributors :—
The Trochipal Pharmaceutical Co., England.

M. T. MADON & Co., Crawford Market, Corner Shop, BOMBAY. Phone No 22628.

TUNOCITO
Vegetable Laxative Pills.
Constipation causes the poisonous germs and bacteria of the bowels to be absorbed by the blood, causing
DEPRESSION INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS DYSPEPSIA
SICK HEADACHE FLATULENCY, Etc.
TUNOCITO
Vegetable Laxative Pills
are a compound of rare medicinal herbs, roots, etc., which, taken as directed, produce a natural action of the bowels, remove the poisons from the system, and so create vigour and vitality.
NATURE'S TONIC.
M. T. MADON & Co.,
Crawford Market, :: BOMBAY.

Dr. G. B.'s

SYMBOL OF FRIENDSHIP
DR G. B's MEDICATED SNUFF
A CURE FOR HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, SCROFULA & ETC: PRICE PER BOTTLE 4 As.
MESSRS: GURU BASAVA & Co. Ltd
SOLE MANUFACTURERS
P.B. No. 510 MADRAS.
PRICE LIST FREE ON REQUEST.

Bombay Agents :—
HASANALI SALEH MAHOMED & C
overnment Tobacco Warehouse, Fort.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.
Churchgate Street, ... BOMBAY.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits about } Rs. 65,00,00,000
Total Assets about ... 6,66,10,00,000
Head Office 55, Wall Street, New York.
Branches in all parts of the World.
Special facilities for business with America including purchasing and selling of American Securities.
This Bank invites current account of DOCTORS, LAWYERS, SOLICITORS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS and INDIVIDUALS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS WHICH MAINTAIN BALANCES OF Rs. 10,000/- TO Rs. 100,000/- FOR THE PERIOD OF THE FIRST HALF YEAR WILL EARN 3 p. c. INTEREST ON DAILY BALANCES
Rates for Short or long deposits can be had on application.
Loans and overdraft granted on approved securities.

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM
A CERTAIN REMEDY FOR
GENUINE UNLESS
NOW MIXTURE OF ANIMAL FAT BUT DELETERIOUS DRUGS
Known For over 44 years and used throughout the world
LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM
A little does a lot
Here's The Cure
For those 'sprains and strains' which sports or work often bring on
Rub a little on the spot and feel the glow of relief
Buy a bottle at any Chemist or Store

Raw Cotton Situation.

UNCLE SAM TAKES ALL MAY TENDERS

Favourable Weather For New Crop.

Bombay, May 2.
(Arjan Khimji and Co.)

As anticipated in our recent report, old crop months are showing impressive firmness while new crop is keeping quiet under the influence of favourable weather. This development has resulted in further widening between the prices of old and new crop options.

MAY TENDERS TAKEN UP.

At least Uncle Sam, whose attitude towards cotton was the last word of cotton prices, took up all tenders against May purchases on the New York Cotton Exchange. It is said that a little over quarter million bales have now passed under the ownership of Co-Ops, viz., Federal Farm Board. It can safely be said that the U. S. Government has a definite programme of taking care of surplus agricultural products with a view to stabilize prices. Operators and economists will continue to discuss about the advisability and practicability of maintaining cotton prices. As long as this state continues the general public will try to follow Uncle Sam.

CARRY-OVER OF AMERICAN COTTON.

The statistical demonstrations published by various authorities, all go together in expecting a carry-over of about 5 million bales of American cotton at the end of the present season. Of course, most of the expected carry-over will be in warehouses as the present high level price of old crop will not encourage any accumulation in consuming establishments. On the contrary we expect mills to draw out from their own reserves as new crop prices are comparatively cheap. Several mills in the United States are reported to have curtailed production something like 50 per cent. This attitude on the part of the spinners is inevitable as their margins of profits have disappeared and there is nothing like a brisk demand for cotton textile goods. Apparently this seems to be a bearish factor which is likely to have temporary effect, but cotton is now held by strong hands. Thus with depleted stocks, spinners all over the world shall have to buy early arrivals of the new crop which seems to us a source of maintaining prices at a level promised by crop prospects.

NEW CROP PROGRESS SATISFACTORY.

The progress of the new crop is entirely satisfactory. The drought in the Western Belt is broken and there is no complaint. The weekly weather report proved below the expectation of traders having bearishly views, but we see no reason to ignore the fact. Private reports on acreage show a reduction of about 4 to 5 per cent. It is claimed by private cables that there exists fairly large short interest in new crop months.

As long as the present weather continues, we look for sugging markets, but at the same time we do believe that most of the bearish factors are practically discounted and prefer purchases for the long pull.

BOMBAY.

In our market quieter conditions prevailed despite some demand from Japanese firms. Although Indian cotton prices are relatively cheap, export demand in keeping at a low ebb.

CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON.

The situation of Indian cotton all over the world is undergoing an adjustment which we believe will result in an increased consumption of Indian cotton by world spinners to the extent of about 3/4 million bales and this increase in consumption together with small crop this season will eventually remove all reasons for undue cheapness of Indian cotton.

In the contract market there is only a small busines as most of the traders have adopted a cautious policy. Operators are not inclined to increase their risks and most of them are awaiting commencement of business in new crop.

During the last few days Indian mills are said to have sold about 60,000 bales of cloth. Mills have been steady buyers of staple cotton and it is becoming difficult to secure desired grade.

LODHRA FOR LADIES' HEALTH
KESARI KUTEERAM
EGMORE :: MADRAS
AT ALL CHEMISTS
Agents: RATILAL BROTHERS, 38, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Delay Not One Moment ! | Delay Not One Moment !!
Chorus of Felicitations! | To Avoid Dangers of Lowered Vitality and Shattered Health By Using Our Renowned | Multitude of Testimonials!
"SIDDHA KALPA MAKARADHWAJA" (Regd.) AND "MAHACHANDANATHI TAILAM"
1 Bot. 60 Pills Rs. 10. (*Found Best by Every Test*) 1 Bot. 12 oz. Rs. 5.
Apply to :— | Boon to Brain Workers As Blood Purifier, Incomparable. | Catalogue, free on Application
THE MADRAS AYURVEDIC PHARMACY, LIMITED.,
P. O. Box 151, MADRAS, *Manager*:—V. RAGHUPATHI, B.A., B.L. Tel. Add. "Kalpam" Madras.

KEROSENE RATES.

(Burmah-Shell.)
Bombay, April 30.

The following are the ruling rates in the local market to-day for the undermentioned brands of Kerosene:—
Shell cases per case Rs. 6-15-6.
Waterlily cases per case Rs. 8-11-6.
Firefly cases per case Rs. 8-7-6.
Anchor brand tins per pair Rs. 6-11-6.
Swastika brand tins per pair Rs. 6-11-6.
Rising Sun brand tins per pair Rs. 6-9-6.
Chukkar brand tins per pair Rs. 6-9-6.
Rising Sun brand bulk per 8 Imp. Gallons Rs. 5-5-6.
Chpkkar brand bulk per 8 Imp. Gallons Rs. 5-5-6.
Swan brand tins per pair Rs. 6-1-6.
Victoria brand tins per pair Rs. 6-1-6.
Swan bdand bulk per 8 Imp. Gals Rs. 4-13-6.
Victoria brand bulk per 8 Imp. Gals. Rs. 4-13-6.

KARACHI WEEKLY SHARE MARKET REPORT.

(From Messrs. Gulab & Co.)
Karachi, April 29.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

This section has ruled dull and uninteresting. The 3-1/2 per cent which we quoted at Rs. 68/8 per cent. last, relapsed to 65/6 per cent. with sellers predominating. The prices of other securities show no notable change. The 6 per cent Tax-free bonds and 5 per cent 1945-55 loan on the other hand have remained firm due to investment buying. The tighter money market and the political situation have been disturbing factors and future trend remains obscure.

RAILWAY SHARES.

This section has ruled weak. In the absence of buyers the off take has been poor, and the prices show a decline with the exception of Sind Lights which have still unsatisfied buyers.

ELECTRIC SHARES.

A fair volume of business has transpired in this section. Karachi Electrics have been done at Rs. 142 with buyers still out. Hyderabads are being absorbed at Rs. 135 while Ajmere report small business at Rs. 10. The Tata Hydro section has been very active with good turnover. The Tata Hydro ordinery quote at Rs. 1,187 xd. Tata Powers were done up to Rs. 570 and the Andhra Valley upto Rs. 697. Subject to temporary fluctuations higher prices may confidently be looked for.

FLOUR SHARES.

This section has ruled easy and sellers have been unable to get on.

Owing to protection afforded to Textile Industry a good demand has taken place for cotton shares, locally. The British India Corporation ordinary and the Deferred shares continue to be absorted round about Rs. 2/4 and 18/ respectively whenever offered.

Name of the Company.	Present Value.
Sind Lights	50-0-0
Sind Lighterage	130-0-0
Larkhana Jacobabad	85-0-0
Upper Sinds	73-0-0
Karachi Electrics	136-0-0
Hyderabad Electrics	135-0-0
Ajmer Electric	10-0-0
6 p.c. Karachi Port Trust	104-8-0
Karachi Flour Mill	145-0-0
India Flour Mill	90-0-0
Century Flour Mill	80-0-0

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 1.

Java Sugar, Fine, White, Dutch Standard No. 25, —	
C. & F. Calcutta,—	
May/June per cwt.	10
July/Sept. per cwt.	10
Oct/Dec. per cwt.	S.10/1-1/2
C. & F. Bombay:—	
May/June per cwt.	10/1
C. & F. Karachi,—	
May/June per cwt.	10/1

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, May 1.

	£.
Total Bullion	164,300,000
Public Deposits	21,000,000
Other Deposits	102,700,000
Government Securities	59,200,000
Other Securities	16,300,000
Notes and Coin	65,500,000
Notes in Circulation	358 800,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	52.90 p.c.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 1.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 62-1/2 lb. Cargoes,—
Sellers (63) 37/9 May.
Barletta Russo, per 62-1/2 lb. Cargoes,—
Sellers 36/9 May.
Wheat, South Australian, Parcels,—
Afloat to Hull Paid 39/6.
Wheat, Choice White, Karachi, Parcels,—
Sellers 39/3 June/July.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, May 2.

	Bales
Khandesh	129
Central India	908
Barsi-Nugger	534
Hyderabad-Gaorani	220
Berar	1,294
Central Provinces	11,000
Dhollera	1,402
N. W. Provinces	401
Rajputana	172
Sind-Punjab	493
Broach	206
Compta-Dharwar	1,742
Westerns-Northerns	407
Coconada	2
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	10
East Africans	1,158
Cotton	10,078
	Cwts.
Wheat	7,286
Linseed	30 295
Rape, Rai and Mustard-seeds	1,019
Gingellyseeds	42
Groundnuts	13,835
Castorseeds	7,077
Rice	5,909
Myrabollams	967
Cottonseeds	4,497
Gram	1,905
Jeowar	108
Barley	297
Bajree	659
	Tons
Coal	1,226

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, May 2.

Wheat May 5-15-0.
Wheat September 6-3-9.
Linseed May 11-7-9.
Linseed September 11-11-9.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special Cablegram London to-day:—

Name of Company.	Bombay, May 1. Latest prices. £
Andhra Valley (7½ per cent 1933 Notes)	99 0 0
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock	78 10 0
Attock Oil Co. Ltd.	1 11 3
Australian 5 per cent Loan (1935/45)	93 0 0
Burma Corporation Ltd.	0 12 9
Calcutta Tramway (Ordy.)	0 13 0
Canadian Eagle Oil Co.	0 13 3
Eastern Bank Ltd.	6 5 0
French 5 per cent Rentes	20 15 0
Hongkong & Shanghai Bankg. Corpn.	115 0 0
Imperial Airways Ltd. Ord.	1 7 6
India 3½ p.c. Sterling Stock	63 0 0
India 4½ p.c. Sterling Loan (1950/55)	84 0 0
India 3 p.c. Sterling Stock	53 10 0
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.)	0 1 3
London & Rhodesian Mining & Land	0 2 3
Mexican Eagle Oil Co.	0 14 0
Motor Fuel Proprietory Ltd.	0 1 6
Nitrate Railway (Ordy.)	5 2 6
Rangoon Electric Tram. & S. Ord.	1 17 9
Russo-Asiatic Concolidated Ltd.	0 0 6
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4½ p.c. Deb.	65 0 0
Tata Power 7½ p.c. 'B' Debs. 1934/48	97 0 0
Tata Iron & Steel 7 p.c. Debentures	99 10 0
War Loan 5 p.c. (1929/47)	101 10 0

Remarks:—*War Loans ex-dividend £2-10-0.

UNION BANK OF INDIA, LD.

—:o:—

The following is a statement of the above Bank's profit for the year ended 31-3-1930, and the manner in which it is proposed by the Directors to be disposed:—

Net Profit for the year ended 31-3-1930 including the amount brought forward from the last year's account amounts to Rs. 3,39,657-7-10.

This amount the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:—

	Rs.
To pay a dividend of annas four per share (free of income-tax)	1,99,500-0-0
To place to Reserve Fund	50,000-0-0
To write down the Premises account	10,000-0-0
To set aside for Income-tax and Super-tax for the year	20,000-0-0
To carry forward the balance to next year's account	60,157-7-10
	Rs. 3,39,657-7-10

CASTILLON COGNAC

THE LEADING BRANDY.

LIONEL BARNETT

The World's most beautiful Child

was given Virol from Birth

"We owe thanks to Virol for the splendid specimen of British boyhood. I took Virol myself before baby was born. Since his birth Virol has been part of his daily diet. He has never had a day's illness, and has always been a joy to behold, good tempered and happy, and always a picture of health. It makes me happy to know he has such a splendid foundation to help him through life and the hardships of schooling." (Sgd.) *Mrs. M. E. Barnett.*

Give your own Child the same chance

Consider the perfect development which Virol gives to the muscles. The strong, firm bones built by Virol. The perfect skin made up of millions of tiny cells which Virol builds and keeps healthy. And, finally, the perfect health—"Lionel never had a day's illness, thanks to Virol."

VIROL

VIROL LTD., EALING, LONDON, W.5, ENGLAND.

At Last—

A TONIC LAXATIVE

WHICH TONES AS IT CLEANSES

MEDICAL authority and actual experience prove that regular dosing with old-fashioned salts produces a 'lowering' effect accompanied by temporary enervation and weakness.

At last this fault has been overcome. By combining the laxative and refreshing properties of an effervescing 'salt' with the invigorating elements of the famous Tonic Phosferine, a real *Tonic* 'health' salt has been evolved, which contains no sugar, and is quite free from the enervating defects of those earlier laxatives.

Phosferine Health Salt perfectly supplies the everyday need for a *Tonic* Laxative which Modern Life and habits make a necessity; its crisp, clean stimulating flavour puts you at once into that bright alert mood to enjoy your breakfast.

This invigorating Health Salt coaxes your digestion into working with the smoothness Nature intended; and after thoroughly cleansing the system of impurities and waste, just at the required moment they build up vitality and tone.

BEGIN YOUR DAY WITH

Phosferine HEALTH SALT

Tones as it Cleanses

This unique preparation is made and guaranteed by the proprietors of Phosferine

From all leading Chemists and Druggists.

PHOSPHERINE (ADCOCK & FARNELL) LIMITED, LOCKSLEY HILL, LONDON, ENGLAND

AGENTS: HORLICKS MALTED MILK CO., LIMITED, Post Box 129, CALCUTTA

BOMBAY CONGRESS VOLUNTEERS.

—:o:—

To Be Modelled On Ashram Lines.

The Bombay Satyagraha Volunteers are now being re-organised on a new basis. These, numbers about 2500 will be distributed among the seven wards, and each ward will have a camp of its own, like the camp now being maintained at Congress House. There will thus be eight camps including the Congress House Headquarters, and they will be run on Ashram lines.

The volunteers allocated to each ward will be classified according to the kind of service they are willing to undertake. In each ward about a hundred or so will be selected for Ashram life, living in the camp all the 24 hours, and always ready at call. There will be other classes of those who attend for a limited period each day.

On Friday, the classification was completed for a few wards, while the others will be taken up to-day.

VOLUNTEERS SURROUNDED BY POLICE.

WEDARNYAM, May 1.

Mr. Subramanyam of Bombay led the second batch of fifteen volunteers to the salt swamp this morning. After picking up salt, the volunteers filled two pots with dense brine available at the canel in the swamp. The Police, arrived only after the volunteers had set up a cry of 'Bandemataram.' About fifty policemen surrounded the party of volunteers who did not surrender their salt. Police tried to snatch the salt forcibly and much of the salt was lost in the scuffle and the pots of brine were taken away by the police.—Free Press.

BOMBAY'S SATYAGRAHI VOLUNTEERS.

(Through the Satyagraha Committee).

The following is a further list of Bombay's Satyagraha Volunteers.

2328 Sjt. Ramchandra Mahadeo Matole.
2329 „ Jiwalji Atmaram Rawool.
2330 „ Bhagwandas Madhavram Pandhal.
2331 „ Dadoo Krishnaji Loke.
2332 „ Balkrishna Dattatraya Rawool.
2333 „ Khudiram Mayuraprasad Upadyay.
2334 „ Baba Mahadeo Agari.
2335 „ Suraba Govind Phatak.
2336 „ R. S. Chitnis.
2337 „ Krishna Subramony.
2338 „ Mahadeo Shankar Kambale.
2339 „ Balwant Sadanand Parchkar.
2340 Smt. TARABAI DIGHE.
2341 Sjt. Bhargava Abaji Phadoke.
2342 Smt. SHRIMATI VIDYAGOWRI JUGJIVAN DHRU.
2343 Sjt. Krishnarao Anandrao.
2344 Smt. LAXMIBAI.
2345 Sjt. Purshotum Haridas.
2346 „ Biswanath Narayan.
2347 „ Govind Sonu.
2348 „ Laxman Rajappa.
2349 „ Kanji Udeshi Bhakta.
2350 „ Dagaau Laxumen Jadhav.
2351 „ Thakkar Jamnadas Asar.
2352 „ Thakkar Bhagwandas Gopalji Padamsey.
2353 „ Shah Raoji Shivji.
2354 „ Ismail Khan Mahomed.
2355 „ Kothari Hurjivandas Jethabhai.
2356 „ Shah Mohanlal Bhogilal.
2357 „ Mirza Jamal Teja.
2358 „ Manilal Kamalsi.
2359 „ Dayal Keshaoji Bala.
2360 „ Harjadhavji Jethabhai.
2361 „ Sadoshankar Duryashankar.
2362 „ Thakkar Shamji Tejpal Malak.
2363 „ Shamoa Itaba Karpe.
2364 „ Mahadeo Maruti.
2365 „ Bhupendra Kumar Gupta.
2366 „ Girjashankar Muguram.
2367 „ Shankar Krishnaji Pancholi.
2368 „ Krishna Govind.
2369 „ Tyeball Abdul Hassein.
2370 „ Babu Ramchandra Gondge.
2371 „ Shah Hiralal Purshotumdas.
2372 „ Vrajlal Vallabhdas.
2373 „ Vankepal Rikha Narayan Pal.
2374 „ Pandit Ramnath Shivshankar.
2375 „ Shah Lalchand Pratapmal.
2376 Dr. Mazrul Haq Gour.
2377 Sjt. Harjivandas Devji Seja.

SEVIKA SANGH ACTIVITIES.

The programme for to-day (Saturday) and tomorrow (Sunday) is as under:—

To-day (Saturday): Meeting of ladies at 2 p.m. at Dossa Oswal Wadi at Khadak Pydhuni Road.

A procession will start at 4 p.m. from Wadi pass through Dongri Street, Musjid Bunder Road, Parel Road, Sandhurst Road and end at Dongri. Pandit Sunder Lalji will speak.

WARNING TO PUBLIC.

To-morrow (Sunday):—A procession of the men and women of Bandra will start at 6-30 a.m. from the open space between the Patker's New blocks, will go through the important streets, and will finally reach the Mahim sands. Pundit Sunder Lalji will lead.

2 p.m. Ladies meeting at Madhav Baug.

4 p.m. Ladies meeting at Belasis Road, B. I. T. Chawls.

DR. SAWARKER GIVEN 8 MONTH'S SIMPLE.

—:o:—

THANA, May 2.

The trial of Dr. N. B. Sawarkar commenced at 1 p.m. before Mr. Chaudhari, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bhiwandi. Mr. Yeradekar, Police Prosecutor conducted the prosecution.

The first witness head Constable of Shahpur said he was in charge of the Police Station at Shahpur on April 25 in the absence of the Sub Inspector. A meeting was held in the open space near the Post Office under the presidentship of Mr. Baburao Gokhale and speeches were made by Dr. Sawarkar and Mr. Bhat. The accused asked the people to break the salt law. Salt packets were sold by Baburao Gokhale and accused asked people to purchase the contraband salt.

To the Court witness said he did not see accused bringing the salt packets which were kept on the table and asserted that they were in the possession of both Gokhale and Sawarkar.

The third witness, Sub-Inspector Bhonsle, of Ambernath did not know what amount was realized by the sale of salt-packets.

As the accused refused to take part in the proceedings, charges were framed under Section 117 of the I.P.C. read with Section 47 (A) of the Salt Act.

The accused refused to make any statement. Judgment was then delivered by the Magistrate convicting the accused under Section 117 I.P.C. read with Secions 47 A and 47C of the Salt Act and sentencing him to suffer 6 months' simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 200 on in default 2 months' simple imprisonment.

Dr. Sawarkar was directed to be treated as "B" class prisoner.

HINDUSTANI SEVA DAL.

—:o:—

To-day's Meeting Of Provincial Board.

—:o:—

An urgent meeting of the members of the Hindustani Seva Dal's Provincial Board of Bombay Province will be held to-day, 3rd inst. at 6-30 p.m. to consider some points re. Camp Organisation.

—:o:—

"D" WARD SATYAGRAHI VOLUNTEERS.

—:o:—

(Through Satyagraha Committee.)

All the "D" ward Satyagrahi volunteers are requested to be present at Congress House on Sunday at 6 a.m. (S. T.) sharp. A procession will start form the Congress House and will go through the various localities of "D" Ward, will manufacture salt at Gowalia Tank.

—:o:—

WOMEN'S MEETING.

—:o:—

At 2 p.m. to-day (Saturday) a women's meeting will be held at Dasa Oswal Wadi Mandir, under the auspices of Desh Sevika Sangha. They will then form into a procession which would pass through Dongri, Masjid Bunder, Parel Road and Sandhurst Road.

COUNG WIFE'S FATAL BURNS.

—:o:—

How a young Hindu woman lost her life while lighting a kerosene oil-lamp was narrated at the Coroner's Court on Friday when an inquest was held touching the death of Revabai Mohanlal (19) residing with her husband at Ghatkoper. The evidence showed that Revabai was lighting kerosene oil-lamp on Thursday when her clothes cught fire by the flare. She sustained serious burns and was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where she died soon after admission. The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

—:o:—

A MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

—:o:—

Khimji Umersey, a Hindu, residing in Rangari Building, Dadar, was removed in an unconscious state on Thursday to the K. E. M. Hospital where he died subsequently. The deceased showed symptoms of poisoning. The Coroner sent the viscera tot the Chemical Analyser to the Government, and adjourned the inquest pending the report.

PUBLICITY AND PROPAGANDA COMMITTEE OF YOUTH LEAGUE

—:o:—

A meeting of the above committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. at the Youth League Headquarters, Madon House, Hughes Road, Chaupatty.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

SMALL-POX IN BOMBAY CITY:—Thursday's figures are: Cases 7; Deaths 2; Primary Vaccination 21; Re-vaccinations 65.

MUNICIPAL BYE-ELECTION:—Mr. S. B. Awar M.A., LL.B., Advocate, is a candidate for the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. Mistry in E Ward of the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES:—Swami Visawananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class on Bhagavat Gita to-day (Saturday) at Shyamji Ladha Building, Matunga (G. I. P.) at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

YOGA DISCOURSE:—Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar will conduct a public class of Raja Yoga in English at Batliboy's Commercial Institute Hall, Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

LECTURE ON QURAN:—Moulvi Mohamad Ali, M.A. (Cantab) will deliver a public lecture on Quran at Al-Ikhwan Hall, 168-171 Belasis Road, next to the Imperial Bank of India, Byculla Branch to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m.—(S.T.)

After the Quran lecture there will be a pohtical class.

SHIV JAYANTI:—Under the auspices of the Maratha Aikyechhu Sabha Shri Shiv Jayanti will be celebrated in Chandrabhaga Nivas of Mr. R. B. Rawoot in Cavel Lane near Chira Bazaar, Bombay to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

C. K. P. SABHA, DADAR:—Under the auspices of this 'Sabha', a condolence meeting will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. (S.T) in the 'Ram Maruti Bag,' Lady Jamsetji Road, Dadar to express sorrow at the sad and sudden demise of the late Mr. D. L. Vaidya, Solicitor and a prominent member of the community."

UPANISHAD & GITA CLASSES.—Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Bhagwat Geeta at the General Educational Society's Chhabildas Lallubhai English School, Dadar, on Sunday at 9 a.m.

The Swami will also conduct a public class on Upanishad in English at Seth Jamnadas Mathuradas, Bungalow, Borivli on Sunday evening at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

LIFE WORK OF SHIVAJI:—Under the auspices of the Bombay Lokhitwadi Sangha, a public meeting will be held at Dadar on the open grounds near the Tilak Bridge to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m., under the presidentship of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu when Prof. M. D. Alatekar, and Mr. M. B. Desmukh, will deliver lectures on the "Life of Shivaji." A Demonstration of physical feats will follow.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS:—The homeward P. and O. Mail steamer "Razmak" with the Mails from Bombay of 19th ultimo arrived at Marseilles at 7 a.m. on the 2nd instant. Passengers travelling by the P. and O. Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday afternoon. The Mails left by the Mail Special and would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

The P. and O. Mail steamer "Rawalpindi" arrived London on Friday, the 2nd instant.

—:o:—

POSTAL NOTICES:—Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday, the 4th inst.

Superscribed Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per extra s.s. "Luxmi" via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 5-30 p.m. on Monday, the 5th inst.

Mails for Lamu Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique Beira and L. Marquis per S.S. "Khandalla" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12-0 noon on Wednesday the 7th inst. Correspondence for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar Ports Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

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URGENT CALL FROM GOVERNOR.

—:o:—

The "Hindu" understands that Sir A. P. Patro, Messrs. A. Ramaswami Mudaliar and C. A. Natesan, besides others, are leaving for Ootacamund to-night on an urgent call from the Governor.—A.P.

FORGING NEW WEAPONS.

KUMBAKONAM, May 1.

Mr. Pantalu Iyer, who was asked to appear before the Magistrate to show cause why he should not be arrested for harbouring Satyagrahis, has been sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100. He refused to pay the fine.—Free Press.

TO MEET MRS. KAMALADEVI CHATTOPADHAYA.

—:o:—

Bombay Youth League's Meeting

—:o:—

A conversational meeting of the Bombay Youth League will be held on Sunday at Madan House, Hughes Road, at 4-30 to meet Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhya Vice-President and Mr. Iyer, Captain of Hindustani Seva Dal, Bombay Branch.

STOP PRESS.

CAWNPORE, May 2.

The Cawnpore Bar Association has decided to boycott the "Pioneer" in persuance of Mr. Patel's appeal.—Free Press.

LAHORE, May 2.

In demonstration of the Press Act Ordinance hundreds of journalists, printers and pressmen brought out a procession with black flags which paraded the main thoroughfares. A public meeting will be held to-night.

Vernacular papers are suspending publication on Saturday and Sunday as a protest against the Press Act Ordinance.—Free Press.

POLICE ORDER DEFIED.

Srimati Durgabai and Dr. Natarajan, Captain, City Satyagraha volunteers are reported to have addressed a meeting at Pursawalkum yesterday in defiance of order under Section 144.—A. P.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1930.

WANTED: PROMPT INQUIRY.

—:o:—

The public mind is considerably exercised over the tragic happenings at Peshawar on April 23. The "Leader" of Allahabad writing on the subject says: "What exactly has been happening in the Frontier Province is more a matter of surmise for we have had only fragmentary messages and not a connected account of the whole affairs. At the moment all that we can say is that we are extremely anxious about the events that may have happened in that important area, the present situation there and developments that may be imminent. The Punjab and 1919 are still fresh in the public memory and, therefore, the nervousness we feel about happenings in the Fontier Province is neither unnatural nor superfluous." According to the Associated Press, Lahore and Amritsar and other cities observed complete hartal on Friday in honour of Peshawar Day. This is an index to the intensity of the feeling roused in the Punjab regarding the Peshawar tragedy. Censorship over telegraphic messages to newspapers is being exercises throughout the country, some messages being withheld as objectionable, some released after omission of certain passages, and some even amended. Only the other day the message containing Mahatma's views regarding the Press Ordinance was amended by the censor! But the censorship exercised by the authorities at Peshawar is more rigid. The Government of India have, indeed, issued a communique on the happenings at Peshawar. But if the facts contained in it were adequate, it would be difficult to understand the solemn observance of the Peshawar Day in the Punjab. In fact, a glance through the papers received from the Punjab makes it quite imperative that light should be thrown on the tragedy by an independent and impartial tribunal. The communique issued by Pandit Motilal Nehru, after he had been informed by a number of correspondents of their version of the course of events at Peshawar on that fateful day of April 23, contains the observation that "the A. I. C. C. office is now in possession of statements of eye-witnesses which are full of excesses on the part of the military, wholly unwarranted by the attitude or the action of the large crowds fired upon." On April 27, the "Tribune" of Lahore published an account of the tragedy issued by Sayed Mahomed Kasim Jan and S. Amar Singh Khaisa, two prominent Peshawar Congressmen who had not yet been arrested. The account emphasizes that the bhaviour of the crowd was on the whole peaceful, mentions and regrets the conduct of a few members of it in throwing brickbats. According to them the toll of the dead as a result of firing, reached the figure of 65. The statement issued by the President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee puts the casualties at the same figure. The statements contained in these various accounts are of such a character that, in the interest of truth, a prompt and independent enquiry is immediately called for. We refrain from publishing these accounts because the President of the Congress has already appointed a Committee of Enquiry which wuld doubtless, after due investigation on the spot, ascertain how far they are accurate or otherwise. If the Government are anxious to assuage public feeling if they are desirous of nipping in the bud the growth of wild rumours, as it is their primary duty to do, they should promptly appoint a committee of inquiry, with a majority of non-official representatives on it and with an Indian chairman, to investigate into the tragic incidents of April 23 at Peshawar. Already their unwise policy of gagging the Press is increasing their difficulties in allaying public apprehensions. Their hesitation to appoint a committee of inquiry will increase their difficulties still more. Pundit Motilal Nehru has requested Mr. Vithalbhai Patel to lead a non-official inquiry. The Government of India will be well advised in impressing upon the Chief Commissioner of the N.-W. Provinces to afford every facility to Mr. Patel.

The Government of Madras must institute a committee of inquiry into the deplorable happenings after the Triplicane Beach meeting at Madras How was it that when the meeting had passed off peacefully a situation arose which compelled the police to open fire? The "Hindu," commenting on the incident, says "The police would have been within their rights, if they had contented themselves with keeping the road clear of the crowd or diverting the traffic as they did later. The police authorities were not unaware of the state of feeling in the public mind in respect of their activities during the previous days. In the circumstances, the greatest exercise of forbearance and tact was required on their part. Instead, the authorities indulged in a display of force which seems to have acted as an irritant." Only a committee of inquiry in which the public has confidence can investigate into the allegations made by the public against the police and by the Anglo-Indian Press in Madras against the public, in defence of the conduct of the police. We would suggest to the Congress authorities in Madras to hold an enquiry of their own regarding the aftermath of the Triplicane Beach meeting.

WHITHER ?

—:o:—

The Viceroy seems to have developed a strange liking for Ordinances. The country had hardly recovered from the shock of the Press Ordinance when he has issued another, making short work of the legal procedure in the Lahore "Conspiracy case." And Heaven knows what he has up his sleeve for the next week. The other day Gandhiji said that for some days past we had been living under a veiled form of Martial Law. At the rate Ordinances are being promulgated it seems even that veil may soon be torn off. Lord Irwin's latest ukase makes a clean sweep of normal legal procedure in the Lahore case and substitutes for it a special procedure and the decision of a Special Tribunal, from which there is no appeal. The present preliminary trial is summarily terminated and the accused in the case are "deemed to have been committed to the sessions." As it is desired to push through the case as fast as possible the Tribunal is given powers to take such measures as it may think fit to secure a speedy trial and have done with it. If any accused is unable to be present in the Court and the Tribunal thinks that he must thank himself for his inability or even if the accused "wilfully conducts himself to the serious prejudice of the trial," the Tribunal "may at any stage dispense with the attendance of such accused for such period as it may think fit and proceed with the trial in his absence." The crowning piece of the Ordinance is that there is no appeal from the Tribunal.

Of this procedure which constitutes a downright violation of some of the first principles of law the Viceroy has the boldness to say: "I am convinced that the action which I have thought it right to take will best secure the achievement of the true ends of justice and re-establish respect for the administration of law." So according to the Viceroy letting a Tribunal ignore the absence of the accused and depriving him of the right to appeal from such a Tribunal is the best method of securing justice and restoring the respect for law! That is not all. He is even convinced that the normal procedure is not in the interests of the accused. He might have left at least that point to be decided by the accused themselves. But it is the way of the bureaucracy to constitute itself the final judge of what is just and what is beneficial to the ruled as well as the rulers. The public will, however, think differently. It is a negation of law—the very law by which Government swear incessantly—to declare by one stroke of the pen that the accused are "deemed to have been committed to the sessions," to carry on the trial even in the absence of the accused and to deprive them of their right to appeal. And what is worse, the Ordinance is but one of the fast multiplying symptoms of a policy of cold-blooded repression on which Lord Irwin and his Government have embarked.

SHAMEFUL LIES.

—:o:—

The Anglo-Indian press has good reason to welcome the Press Ordinance. For that Ordinance gives it a guaranteed safety while it exposes its Nationalist rivals to imminent risks. The "Times of India" is taking ignoble advantage of this favoured position by carrying on a reckless and mendacious propaganda against the Congress, calculated especially to create differences between Hindus and Muslims, feeling confident of its immunity from the penalties of the Press Ordinance. The paper has given prominence to a report from its "special correspondent" at Simla, which makes most reckless statements about the Congress and the Hindus at Peshawar and the tribal territory. Says the correspondent: "The Congress representatives are stirring up the Muslim population with wildly unscrupulous and lying misrepresentations of the Sarda Act." On the very face of it such a statement is absurd. For Congressmen cannot be so foolish as to prejudice the people against an Act which they approve of and for which they could any day own greater responsibility than what falls to the share of Government. It is diabolical cunning which induces the correspondent to allege that in some places Congress agents misrepresented the Act as requiring the medical examination of girls before marriage. Let the reader and the Government judge why such an allegation is made by the correspondent. If Congressmen did any such thing, Government would be the first to know of it, to counteract the misrepresentation and to deal drastically with the lying Congressmen. But we are not aware of any official communique imputing to Congressmen such propaganda of misrepresentation.

MISREADING THE SITUATION.

—:o:—

The comments of the "Nation and Athenaeum" in mail week on Mahatma Gandhi's march and the situation which has developed in this country after the launching of the Salt Satyagraha movement indicate that the journal is either in blissful ignorance of the real position in India or has not taken care to understand the position in its true perspective. The censorship on news from India which the authorities here are understood to have imposed is evidently having its baneful effect in preventing journals of standing like this influential organ of Liberal opinion in estimating the Indian situation properly. Otherwise how is it possible for the "Nation" to indulge in the crude comment that Mahatmaji's march has had an "unsensational end" and that while he holds the public attention, preparations for the Round Table Conference are going on quietly behind the scenes?

THE ELEVEN POINTS OF MAHATMAJI.

THE C. I. D.

BY POLITICUS.
X*

The last two points are mere matters of detail. Not that in themselves, they have not been productive of the utmost harassment even to the most distinguished Indians. The letter of the first elected Speaker of the Indian Legislative Assembly to the Viceroy is eloquent of the reprehensible activities of the Political Branch of the Indian Criminal Investigation Department. Even the late Mr. Gokhale, the most reasonable and moderate of the Indian political leaders of the last generation, often complained of the ubiquitous and sinister activities of this appendage of a Government wanting in the public confidence. European writers, discussing the administrative machinery of the Government of India, have likewise mentioned this appendage of an absolutist regime, declaring that not even the highest officers of the State are exempt from the attentions of this Department, which is often hard put to it to justify its own existence.

CRIMES, AND POLITICAL CRIMES.

When Indians, of the eminence of Mr. V. J. Patel complain of this Department, or of the character of Mahatma Gandhiji, specifically include the abolition of the political branch in the Minimum National Demand, you may be sure there is some reason besides mere prejudice,—or even a mere sense of persecution,—compelling them to do so. That self-governing India will not all at once be able to abolish crime may be taken as axiomatic; and that, therefore, the need for some sort of a machinery to detect criminals not caught redhanded will be evident even then, may be conceded as indisputable. But what the Indian intelligentsia cannot forget or forgive is the knowledge or suspicion, that the present Political Branch of the Criminal Investigation Department is utilised, not so much to detect crimes as to manufacture offences of political complexion.

POLICE PRACTICE.

The police adage,—contrary to the soundest maxim of civilised jurisprudence,—"that every one is assumed to be guilty until he is proved to be innocent to the satisfaction of the Police Officer,"—is practised by the Indian Political Criminal Investigation Department in its utmost rigour and crudity. The history of political crime in India is neither short nor uninstructive.

SUSPICIONS OF C. I. DEPT.

The suspicion of the Political C.I.D. has become rooted universally in the Indian mind, so much so that not a leader of note, nor a personage of eminence, considers himself free from their unwelcome attentions, even in the most innocent and beneficent of national enterprises. For there is no knowing what enterprise may be regarded by the Police in their zeal to be of a "seditious" nature.

The guardians of the law, moreover, prove the worst offenders against the spirit, if not the letter, of the law. The recent notice of Police practices in Britain, even in exclusively civil matters, has opened the eyes of the British public in their own homes about the undesirable possibilities of an unbridled license to the Police to invade the sanctity of a citizen's privacy. It is, therefore, not too much to hope that Lord Irwin and his advisers will not regard this demand of Mahatma Gandhi as either unreasonable, or unjustified, or even as impracticable.

POPULAR CONTROL OF THE C.I.D.

Even if the Criminal Investigation Department, Political Branch, is retained, we cannot tolerate its utter irresponsibility, as is the case at present. India can have no pretence at real self-governmnt if its forces for the maintenance of law and order continue to be in the supreme charge of an officer, wholly unanswerable to the representatives of the people in Legislature assembled. The Home Members of the several provincial and the supreme Government of India are to-day not responsible for their administration of the Police Department to the local Councils or the Central Assembly.

POLICE AND INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY.

The activities of the Police, even in normal times, concern those sacred rights of individual liberty, which every modern constitution has guaranteed, expressly in so many words; and the strongest safeguards are provided to see that they are duly enforced. In India the situation is highly complicated by the fact of an irresponsible Government, non-Indian largely if not wholly in its personnel. The rights of personal liberty are, moreover, not guaranteed or even recognised in the Indian administrative system in any way. The Police have in India, accordingly, a much wider latitude than the constitutional guardians of society have in other countries, even in normal times. In the delicate and complicated political atmosphere of the India of to-day, the need for a popular control of the special Political Branch of the Criminal Investigation Department becomes too clear to be questioned. That is to say, if as a matter of needless precaution, the guardians of Law do not agree all at once to abolish the Department forthwith, in response to the demand made by Mahatmaji.

SUSPENSION OF CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES.

The Indian bureaucracy is only too prone to suspend such slight guarantees of individual freedom as the Indian administrative system allows to-day. The recent Press Ordinance is too clear a proof to leave any room for doubt about the temperament of our bureaucracy. Given such an administrative system and such administrators, is it asking too much, on the part of the Indian people, that the entire Police machinery, including the Criminal Investigation Department in its totality, should be placed under an Indian, who must be made responsible to the elected representatives of the people for all his public acts?

PRINCIPLE AND DETAIL.

This seeming matter of administrative detail thus becomes a question affecting the fundamental principle of the Indian constitution and administration. The popular control of the Police force is of the utmost psychological value, even if it may seem to have little practical significance at the moment. I am, for my part, open to admission that, under present conditions, and given the average mentality of those Indians who have obtained high office in the existing governmental machinery, it would make little difference whether the Home Department is in charge of a white man or a brown one. Though I doubt if the mere fact of an Indian head might not have prevented the reported Police excesses at Dholera and elsewhere.

REAL REMEDY, CHANGE OF PRINCIPLE.

The real remedy, however, is not so much a change in complexion, as a change in the basic principle. The head of the Law and Order Department must be no longer irresponsible to the elected representatives of the Indian people. The head of no public department of administration should be utterly unanswerable for his administrative acts to his people's representatives, if the Government in question is to be not only with the consent of the governed, but also for their benefit. I do not suggest,—and Gandhiji does not say,—that even under such a changed system, there would be no possibility of injustice and oppression. But for that injustice and oppression, the remedy would be much more easy and obvious than we have to think of to-day.

POPULAR CONTROL OF ADMINISTRATION IMPLIED IN DOMINION STATUS.

This popular control of every branch of the administrative system is implicit in what is called the Dominion Status, as the phrase is understood in the English language, and as the idea is practised in the British Dominions. Gandhiji has embarked on a struggle for full Swaraj, after he had found that the powers-that-be would not listen to counsels of moderation. The fact, however, that on the very eve of his venture he put forward this Demand to the Viceroy as the last Olive Branch may well be taken to be evidence of his innate moderatism, and true statesmanship. He realised, far more more fully than Lord Irwin and his advisers seem yet to have done, the consequences of a struggle like the one he has had to embark on. And so he has addressed this Demand,—alas, to deaf ears, so far. Or has the sleeping genius of British statesmanship awakened at last? Has the memory of Lord North and his loss of the American Dominion of the British Crown recurred to the present Cabinet so far as to make them cry halt to the forces of reaction and repression that seem rapidly stampeding Lord Irwin into irreparable blunders? Have they regained their sense of political justice, and historical perspective, so far at least as to consider the Indian National Demand as embodied in the Eleven Points of Gandhiji, and give it an answer something more reasoned, more considerate, more statesmanlike, than the Viceroy's Private Secretary's curt reply to the spokesman of the Indian nation offering an Olive Branch at the supreme moment of our national struggle for emancipation?

(To Be Continued.)

*Previous articles appeared on 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 28th, 29th, 30th April and 2nd instant.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

—:o:—

Will It?

A Reuter's message from Berlin states that Germany is following events in India with the closest attention and that "the more important newspapers have been printing special despatches." It mentions the "Vossische Zeitung" as having published a long message from its Calcutta correspondent in which this person assumes the role of a prophet and declares that "Gandhi's halo will definitely vanish" if the British policy "of not making martyrs" succeeds. The "Vossische Zeitung" recently published a disgusting picture, alleged to be a "snapshot" of Gandhiji during a "pause in his march." This picture showed him in a position which no self-respecting decent journal will care to publish. No newspaper of standing in Germany except the "Berliner Tageblatt" has cared so far to acquaint its readers with the true facts regarding the Indian situation. This is explained by the fact that two Jewish syndicates, the Ullstein Brothers and the Rudolf Messe Corporation, control practically the big German dailies in Berlin, Frankfurt and Cologne and it is not to their interest to offend British vested interests in India.

Mr. B. V. Jadhav's Support.

It is well-known that non-Brahmin leaders like Mr. V. R. Shinde and Mr. Jedhe have supported the Satyagraha campaign. Mr. B. V. Jadhav, however, is not prepared to go so far, but has stated in a press interview that his party "would advise the community to purchase only Indian made articles" and "would help any propaganda to educate the masses and induce them to give up drink." Congressmen will do well to make good use of the assistance of Mr. Jadhav's party in their boycott and anti-liquor campaign. In any mass movement every bit of assistance from every party should be welcomed so long as that assistance is genuine.

"Law And Order."

The Madras Municipal Corporation is not known to be a body of Satyagrahis or hostile to the local Government. But that body has almost unanimously passed a resolution—only European members voted against it for obvious reasons—stating: "This Corporation strongly condemns the action of the police in the city during the last one week in charging with lathis and trampling unarmed Satyagrahis, innocent spectators and peaceful citizens." "So long as the Law is defied," says the Viceroy in his reply to a letter from Maulana Mahomed Ali, "neither the Viceroy nor his Government cant do anything but resist its subversion by whatever means in their power and in whatever manner that may seem most appropriate." But it would be good for Government not to regard police raids on peaceful crowds as a most appropriate manner of maintaining law and order.

AN OPEN LETTER

—:o:—

To The Liberals Of Bombay.

Dear Brothers.

I take the liberty of addressing this open letter to you, because recent happenings in Gujerat and elsewhere make it impossible for me to sit quiet without making one effort to enlist your sympathy and support in the awful times through which we are passing. I know you have no sympathy with the Satyagraha movement as such nor am I asking for anything so impossible as your participation in the fight itself. You are perfectly justified in not joining so long as you are convinced that this is not the right way to achieve our goal. But I do ask you to consider the cruelty practised in several places on unarmed and unresisting young men by the police. I do ask you to go and see for yourselves if these reports—uncontradicted—are true; I do ask you to try and make impartial enquiries, and, where the guardians of "law and order" are to blame, to bring them to book. I appeal, not to your politics, but to your humanity. How can you sit still in comfort while such excesses are committed on your own countrymen? You may be Liberals, but surely you are men—surely you have hearts! I appeal to you, as a woman, to take up this question. These young men have sacrificed, are sacrificing, everything for India. Whether you agree with their principles or not, you cannot question their heroism, their self-lessness, their patriotism. Are you going to look on and do nothing, even say nothing? Now is the time for your vacations. Are you going off to the hills or the seaside, are you going to enjoy yourselves for two months, while your countrymen are passing through such agony? Oh, I cannot believe it! These daily tidings of police excesses

(Continued on page 10.)

"India Cannot Be Held Down By Force."

"WARNINGS UNHEEDED AND RULERS UNPREPARED."

MRS. BESANT ON THE SITUATION.

MADRAS, May 1.

Dr. Besant in the course of an article in the "New India" urges immediate repeal of the Press Act Ordinance and calling of the Round Table Conference soon.

Dr. Besant says: "India cannot be held down by force by the little island in a far off northern sea. England has destroyed the village system under which Indian masses were educated and managed their own local affairs and has imposed "Collector" in place of the headman and elected panchayat with graded line of higher authorities. She insits on governing the ancient eastern nation on western lines and has thereby reduced it from plenty to scarcity, from education to illiteracy, from local self-government to rule by imposed and strange authority. Some of us have been urging changes for long years foreseeing the inevitable catastrophe. Our warnings have been despised and their fulfilment finds our rulers unprepared."

Concluding, Dr. Besant asks, cannot London have as its duty framing of a constitution for self-government for India as partner in the Federation of free nations?—Free Press.

"THE TWO OUTLAWS OF GUJARAT."

Bombay Patidars Congratulate Vithalbhai Patel.

If you want to congratulate Mr. Patel for his resignation, do not pass resolutions or think of presenting an address to him when he comes to Bombay, but make a solemn resolve to boycott all foreign cloth and British goods immediately was the sum and substance of the speeches delivered at a meeting held on Friday evening at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall under the auspices of the local Patidar Samaj. Dr. Purshotamdas Patel presiding.

Mr. Dadubhai Desai moved a resolution congratulating Mr. Patel on his resignation of the presidentship and his decision to join the Congress movement. He observed that the campaign against the Salt Law had been carried to a successful end and now the next step should be to boycott foreign cloth and British goods and to eradicate the drink evil.

PATEL'S VIRTUES.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai said it was a time when they should speak less and do more. It was one of Mr. Patel's greatest virtues that he did not talk much but concentrated all his attention on a thing which he undertook to do and did not give it up until he succeeded. Mr. Patel had now vacated the presidential chair and joined the national struggle.

The success of this fight depended on forging sanctions which would compel the Government to accept the national demand. The immediate task before the country was to take up the boycott of foreign cloth. He did not think that picketing of foreign cloth shops or appeals to the dealers in foreign goods would result in any appreciable reduction in the sale of foreign cloth. The best way was to approach personally those who used foreign cloth and persuade them to give it up for ever.

THAT UNHAPPY MAN!

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu described how she found the ex-president the most unhappy and restless man when she was at Delhi at the close of the last Delhi Session, staying with him as his guest. He was pressed from different quarters to resign, but with great patience and perseverence he stuck to his post so long as he thought he would be serving his country better by holding that high position. The moment he realised that it was no longer possible to do that he resigned.

"THE OUTLAWS."

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi said recently she had described the Patel Brothers in a Gujarati article as the "Two outlaws of Gujrat". The actions of the Patel Brothers had proved it to be true. She appealed to the audience and especially the ladies to enlist themselves as volunteers for picketing foreign cloth and liquor shops in the city.

"NOW OR NEVER."

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas held that to his mind the two points in Mr. Patel's letter to the Viceroy were most appealing. One was that if the present movement started by Gandhiji failed there would be no hope for India to succeed in the future. The second point was that Mr. Patel has emphasised the point "Now or never".

PRESS ORDINANCE.

Dr. Choksey and Mr. B. N. Mehsheri also spoke. The latter said that the Government parting gift to Mr. Patel was the Press Ordinance, and India's reply to this Ordinance should be to stop all nationalist papers, as a protest against the Ordinance and to boycott all papers which were opposed to India's interests.

After Mr. Shankerbhai Amin's further support to the resolution, it was unanimously passed.

PRESIDENT PATEL TAKEN IN PROCESSION.

PATNA, May 2.

Ex-President Patel arrived here from Allahabad this morning and was given a rousing reception at the station by a large crowd. Messrs. Hasan Imam, Rajendra Prasad, Anugrah Narayan Singh and other prominent leaders and workers took him in procession to the Imam's house where he is staying. He will address a public meeting in the evening and will leave for Calcutta to-night.—Free Press.

HAPPY THE LAND THAT KNOWETH ITS PROPHETS BEFORE THEY DIE

(The following lines from the poem "Plain Talks in Psalms & Parables," by Ernest Crosby, published by Messrs. Small, Maynard & Co. of Boston, are dedicated to those Indians, who for one reason or another are reviling Mahatma Gandhi.—B. M. D.)

Happy the land that knoweth its prophets before they die!
Happy the land that doth not revile and persecute them while they are living;
Was there ever such a land?
We are engaged in the ancient pastime—
Building the monuments of the prophets of old
And casting stones at the seers whom we meet in the streets.
In the world's market one dead prophet is worth a dozen of the living.
Happy the land that knoweth its prophets before they die!

* * * *

And there are prophets to-day, though the world passes them by unheeding,
Their race is not extinct, and will not be, until we settle down to death.
To them is confided the life of the world.
On the bold, striking lines they lay down, the living structure of the future will grow;
The nerve-like shapes which they trace in the amorphous and distorted mass of society will by and by be centres of visible life and take on flesh and blood.
Happy the land that knoweth its prophets before they die!

"DAILY EXPRESS" CONDEMNS CENSORSHIP IN INDIA.

Delay In Simon Report Exasperates Even Kelkar.

LONDON, May 2.

The protracted delay in the publication of the Simon Commission's Report is exasperating even the Commission's friends. Various stories have been going round political circles explaining the reasons for the delay and fixing the blame on this individual or that. One such recent story which was given currency by a retired civilian Mr. C. J. O' Donnell asserted that it was a common belief that Lord Birkenhead was in close touch with a certain section of the Commission and he was using his influence to delay the Report.

Difficulties caused by the delay have been accentuated by the rapid political developments in India. A third difficulty has been added in the shape of censorship, which only results in incorrect and exaggerated impressions being created in public mind.

SIMPLE SIMON!

"Daily Express," the organ of the Empire Crusaders, in a frankly out spoken leading article deals with this aspect of the situation. It complains of deadly delay in the submission of the Simon Report and blames the Commission. "Mention the Commission", it says, "and Sir John Simon holds up his hand in indignant horror."

"MYSTERY AND ANXIETY"

The paper then refers to the situation in India and referring to the reports of censorship says: "The silence of the Commission and the stringent censhorship of news from India have encircled the situation in an opaque screen of mystery and anxiety". Pointing out the effects of such a policy it says: "India knows nothing of what is contemplated by Whitehall and the Empire has no hint of what is going on in India, what is likely to occur or how any emergency is to be countered."

KELKAR "EXASPERATED."

The "Express" then proceeds to point out the evil effects which have already resulted and says: "The truth is Indian situation has gone far beyond the long awaited, long delayed report of the Simon Commission, Men like Messrs. Vithtlbhai Patel and N. C. Kelkar who would have participated in the Conference to consider the report have now become exasperated." It concludes: "This delay threatens to negative the efforts of public spirited men who undertook the task of the Commission."—Free Press Beam Service.

MUZZLING ORDINANCE AT WORK.

(Continued from page 1.)
papers supporting the Ordinance.—Free Press.

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TEN CALCUTTA PAPERS STOP PUBLICATION.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, May 2.

With the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" "Vishwamitra" and "Bharatamitra" suspended publication from this afternoon, in view of the resolutions adopted at the Journalists Conference last evening, Calcutta will have only "Statesman", "Bengalee" and "Basumati" now.

Following is the full list of papers which have suspended publication: "Liberty", "Advance", "Amrita Bazar Patrika", "Ananda Bazar Patrika", "Bharat Mitra", "Viswamitra", "Swatantra", "Hindu Punch", "Hitabadi" "Nayak" and "Bangabani".

"BASUMATI" PUBLICLY BURNT

Three young men arrested in connection with disorderly behaviour and seizing and making a bonfire of copies of "Basumati" from the hawkers in front of the "Basumati" Office for publication this morning, despite the last night's resolution, were sentenced to eight days rigorous imprisonment.—Free Press.

"AFFRONT TO INDIAN JOURNALISM."

—:o:—

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION'S PROTEST.

BOMBAY, May 2.

The following resolution was passed at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Journalists' Association of India on Friday.

The Executive Committee of the Journalists' Association of India, Bombay, protests emphatically against the promulgation of the Press Ordinance by the Governor-General as an affront to independent journalism and as opposed to all canons of civilised Government.

Whenever criticisms of administration in the Indian Press have been particularly severe they have been fully borne out by the result of the official inquiry as in the case of the Bardoli re-assessment. There has been legitimate disappointment at the failure of the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India to gauge the depth and strength of Indian feeling against the present system and for speedy and radical change ushering self-government.

At the present time when constitutional changes are impending, it is specially of the utmost importance that the Indian Press should be free to voice the opinion of the country unhampered by the fear of executive action and the promulgation of the Ordinance at this juncture is distinctly calculated to obstruct the proper consideration of constitutional reform, to make honest journalism impossible and to give a death-blow to the inalienable rights of the people of free expression of opinion. The Executive Committee for this reason urges the immediate suspension of the Ordinance as the only way to restore public confidence in the intention of the Government.—A. P.

GUJRAT JOURNALISTS' RESOLVE.

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 2.

A meeting of Gujarat Journalist held this evening passed a resolution.

Condemning strongly the Press Ordinance which was arbitary, unjust and oppressive and such as would crush the liberty of journalists.

They also passed a resolution refusing to deposit any security, in case it was asked, and stop publication altogether.

PYARE SAHEB'S LAST TWO CONCERTS.

—:o:—

Pyare Saheb, the well-known Indian singer will give his last two concerts at Opera House on Saturday afternoon 5-30 p.m. and the other at Ripon Theatre, Grant Road Corner, on Sunday afternoon at 4-0 p.m.

"PERFORMED THOUSANDS OF OPERATIONS."

Dr. Deshmukh Denies Charges Of Negligence.

COMPLAINANT EXPRESSED GRATITUDE TO HIM.

Further hearing was resumed at the Girgaum Police Court at 3-30 p.m. of the case against Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and Dr Patankar on the charge of causing death by negligence of the wife of the complainant Ramkrishna Bhai Thakur.

Two more witnesses were examined for the complainant. One of them deposed that he phoned to Dr. Deshmukh at Radio House, about the serious condition of the patient, but the Doctor curtly retorted that "I know my business."

DR. DESHMUKH DENIES ALLEGATIONS.

The prosecution witnesses having been over, Dr. Deshmukh made his statement. He denied the allegation of negligence in his professional duty in treating the patient. On the other hand, he stated, that he had shown every consideration for the patient from the humanitarian point of view as well medical ethics. There was no truth in the allegation that he declined to dress the patients' wounds himself. He inpected the wound seven or eight times, and he found it progressing well.

MEDICAL ETHICS.

From the point of view of medical ethics, continued Dr. Deshmukh, it was not the part of a surgeon's duty to do the dressing himself after the operation. He looked after the patient much better than was required of him It was not true that on December 4, the irrigation tube came off from the wound and he did not replace it. In fact, the tube was removed by Dr Patankar under his instructions. It was the practice to remove the tube on the second day when the surgeon thought it fit to do so.

EXPRESSED GRATITUDE TO HIM.

Neither the complainant nor any of his relatives spoke to Dr. Deshmukh about dressing or about the foul smell. The only time when a complaint was made about dressing was on the night of December 7, when he (the doctor) informed the complainant that his wife would not survive. Upto that time, the complainant and others had been expressing their gratitude to him for all he had done.

Proceeding, Dr. Deshmukh said that his usual fee for an operation is Rs. 1,000, he had consented to do it for Rs. 500 for the sake of Dr. Dhairyawan. Out of this, he had received only Rs. 250, and the balance had not been paid. The question of fees was not touched till the patient was operated. He had performed several thousand operations for appendicitis, and in none of them he did the dressing. The dressing was not necessary according to medical ethics.

IN CORPORATION AND NOT AT RADIO CLUB.

The doctor denied that he had received a telephone call at the Radio Club. At the time he was at the Corporation, On hearing later that he was called on the phone, he hurried to see the patient at the hospital. On December 7, he informed the complainant that his wife would not survive. When he was about to leave the hospital, the complainant's brother Wamanrao went up to him fairly abusing him. The Dr. told him he had no concern.

Concluding, Dr. Deshmukh said at the time of the operation, the chances of survival were only 5 p. c. He did not think the patient would have fared better if any other doctor was in his place.

DR. PATANKAR'S STATEMENT.

Dr. Patankar then made his statement. He denied the allegation of negligence in dressing the wound He had experience of dressing for over a year at the K. E. M. Hospital.

The Court rose at about 6 o'clock. It was adjourned to May 8 for counsel's arguments.

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AUSTRALIANS WIN.

—:o:—

An Innings Defeat For Worcester.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 2.

The match between Worcester and Australians ended in a victory for the Australians to-day by an innings and 165 runs.

Following are scores:—

Worcester 131 and 196.

Australians 492 for eight declared.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN TOURISTS AT WORCESTER.

—:o:—

Bradman's Impressive Display.

—:o:—

The Australian visitors declared at 492 for 8 in their first innings ventured against Worcester. The first centurious of the tour are Woodfull, the Captain and Don. Bradman. The former contributed 133 to the huge total. His was a faultless inning marked by correct rather than brilliant cricket. Bradman made a most impressive debut before an English crowd and compiled his 236 runs in 4 hours and 40 minutes.

Worcester have scored 103 for 4 wickets in their second turn and are finding it difficult to score off. Hornibrook and Grimmett. The following are the scores Worcester 131 and 103 for 4 (Fox not out 27.)

AUSTRALIA 492 FOR 8 (BRADMAN 236 WOODFULL 133.)

COUNTRY CRICKET.

Surrey vs. Glamorgan (Oval), Glamorgan 474.

Surrey 333 (Hobbs 137).

Leicester vs. Middlesex (Lords.) Middlesex 196 and 144 for 1. (Haig 53, Lee 63 not out).

Leicester 280 (Berry 55, Astill 57).

Increasing age would not seem to have impaired the batting capacity of the incomparable Jack Hobbs who got his first century in Surrey's opening match against Glamorgan. England's premier batsman gave a chanceless display in his stay at the wicket. Sandham recently returned from the West Indies knocked up 41.

Haig and Lee in a fine first wicket partnership for Middlesex give their county a sporting chance of pulling off the game.

AUSTIN DROPPED FROM DAVIS CUP TEAM.

The English Davis Cup Team for the next tie against Roumania or Poland reveals the surprising omission of "Bunny" Austin. The young British hope has probably been dropped because he cannot stand the strain of match winning tennis but it was mainly his brilliant play which enabled England to pull through against Germany. The team will consist of Gregory, Kingsley Lee and Collins.

CLASSIC RACES FOR THREE YEAR OLDS.

TWO THOUSAND AND ONE THOUSAND GUINEAS.

Th list of the final acceptors for these two classic events which will be decided on Wednesday, May 7th and Friday, May 9th, is a big one and fine racing is in prospect. Among the acceptances for the Two Thousand Guineas are RUSTOM PASHA who recently won the Epsom Nonsack Stakes for H. H. Aga Khan and BLENHEIM also another candidate of the Mohamedan magnate.

The field also includes PRESS GANG, DIOLITE and CAERLON who recently carried the Stanley House jacket to victory at Liverpool.

The corresponding race for fillies includes among the acceptors such great performers as FAIR ISLE, QURRAT-AL-AIN and QUININE.

WELCOME ADDRESS FOR CHAWLA AND ENGINEER.

KARACHI, May 2.

The Karachi Municipality sanctioned Rs. 200/- for a welcome address to Messrs. Chawla and Engineer, the two Karachi aviators on their brilliant achievement even if they fail to reach Karachi in their solo flight.—Free Press.

MOHAN SINGH'S FLIGHT.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 2.

Naples.—The Indian airman Mohan Singh flying solo from England to India has left for Catania.—Reuter.

INDIAN FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

—:o:—

The third year of the Indian Football League has attached seven entries and they are:—(1) Bengal Club, (2) King Circle F. Club (3) Burmah Shell Football Club, (4) Kanara United Club (5) Portuguese Association; (6) Zig-Zag Football Club, (7) Bombay City Police. It will be noted that the Bengal Club who won the League last year and the King Circle Football Club who were the runners-up have also entered in the League this year. The Committee has decided to run the League with these seven Teams.

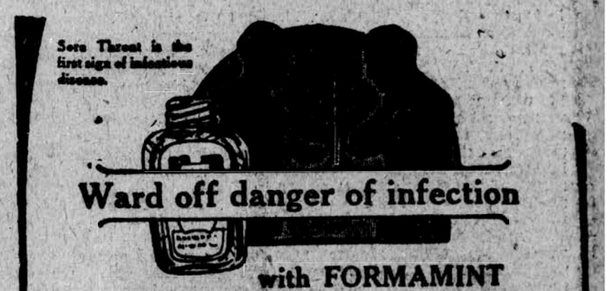
The matches will be played generally on the Bangal Club Ground, Parel, Bombay on Saturdays, Sundays and other Public Holidays. The first match has been fixed for Sunday the 4th instant at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.), on the Parel ground, the contestants being the King Circle Football Club and Bombay City Police.

GANDHI—GREATEST OF THE MAKERS OF ASIA.

World's Unique Leader.

"Gandhi is the greatest of the makers of Asia, because, unlike other makers, he would sacrifice his nation's hope of independence rather than commit one act of violence or chicanery to attain it. He is the world's unique leader, its modern prophet of the gospel of love, whose spiritual descent is through Buddha, Mo Ti, Jesus of Nazareth St. Francis of Assisi, and Tolstoi. Such men last longer than their immediate causes, and become a factor bearing upon every cause that stirs humanity after them. Gandhi may be the George Washington to the new Indian nation of the twentieth century, but long after this now precious hope shall have materialized, flourished, and slipped into the shadows, like Asoka's empire, he will remain a Christ to peoples of many heritages—the Messiah of the Meeting of the Races."

Upton Close, in "Eminent Asians."



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THE ENGLISH SINGERS AT OPERA HOUSE.

—:o:—

Classical Rendering Of Folk Songs.

The English Singers who have sung to enthusiastic audiences in Calcutta, had the heart-breaking experience of entertaining only a small band of music lovers at the Royal Opera House on Thursday night. It was a rare treat to listen to choral singing which supplied all the elements of Elizabethan music, in this age of canned melodies and nasal talkies.

The programme was well chosen and the works of William Byrd Thomas Weelkes Orlando Gibbons, and Vaughan Williams made different demands but searching ones on the powers of the choir. Mr. Cuthbert Kelly deserves our thanks for his able exposition of the musical themes.

In Byrd's Motet "Ave Verum," the choir displayed suppleness and expressed the difficult music with admirable skill. Francis Pilkington's Madrigal "O Softly Singing Lute" and Byrd's "Though Amaryllis dance in Green" were sung with flexibility, the phrasing being very clear.

Other outstanding items were the 'Wassail Song,' 'I spy Cel... 'the Silver Swan,' and 'Come go before my Darling,' which the singers confirmed the high opinion earned in other parts of the world, where music is better appreciated than in Bombay.

The English Singers are here only a short time and it would be a reproach on us if we allowed them to leave the city without showing our appreciation of their talents.

LORDS PASS SECOND READING OF COAL BILL

—:o:—

Lord Sankey On Nationalisation

—:o:—

LONDON, May 1.

A three-day debate on the Government Coal Mines Bill has concluded, the House of Lords passing the second reading of the measure without division, notwithstanding considerable conservative criticism. The compulsory amalgamations which had been introduced by the Bill by the Commission instance of the Liberal Government foreshadowed the developments in Commons, promising lively debate in the Lords and the Bill was debated by Lord Sankey he still maintained, which was supported by the Labour Party which he represented.

New Chevrolet Dealers Enjoy Auspicious Opening.

:o:

PRESIDENCY MOTORS (Bombay) LTD. OFF TO FINE START.

INTERESTED CROWDS THRONG SHOWROOMS.

OPENING IS BRILLIANT EVENT.

Seldom has the public of Bombay displayed so keen an interest in a commercial event as was displayed last Wednesday over the opening of the sho wrooms of the Presidency Motors (Bombay) Ltd., at 64, Hughes Road, new Bombay dealers for the Chevrolet, Oldsmobile and Vauxhall cars, all famous products of General Motors India Ltd.

From the hour of opening until the close of day the premises of the new Company were alive with visitors interested in inspecting the latest addition to the motor car showrooms in Hughes Road which is rapidly becoming Bombay's "Automobile Row."

GENERAL MOTORS OFFICIALS PRESENT.

The showrooms were formally opened by Mrs. Seers who arrived at 10 a.m. accompanied by Mr. G. C. Seers, Managing Director of General Motors India Ltd. A number of other General Motors officials were also present.

Following the opening ceremony Mr. Govindram Juhurmal thanked Mrs. Seers on behalf of his partners, Messrs. Brijlal Ramjeedas, Bilasrai Juhurmal, Mihavirprasad Badridas, the Directorate of the new Company, who are well-known in cotton and banking circles in Bombay. Mr. H. C. Smith, General Manager, then conducted the party through the premises, which includes a very fine spare parts department. The service station at present occupies separate premises.

In addition to the General Motors officials and large numbers of the public, many leading representatives of the motor car industry in Bombay were on hand to congratulate the officers of the new Company and to look over the showrooms.

While these premises are only temporary no effort has been spared to put on a display of attractive models seldom equalled in this city.

Directors of Presidency Motors (Bombay) Ltd., pose with Mr. and Mrs. Seers and other officials of General Motors India Ltd. inside the new showrooms immediately after the opening.

The first purchaser steps into his new Chevrolet Tourer. Numbers of these cars were sold during the day.

MANY CALLS FOR DEMONSTRATIONS.

Enthusiasm was the key-note of the occasion and calls for demonstrations and trial runs were continuous throughout the day. Chief in point of interest, naturally, was the famous Chevrolet, already definitely established as the most popular low-priced car in the East as in the West, as proved by the fact that, in spite of there being no Bombay dealer for the past few months, sales of Chevrolet cars in March were 73 per cent greater than any other car in the Bombay Presidency. Included in the franchise of the Presidency Motors (Bombay) Ltd. is the Chevrolet Truck already familiar on the highways and country-roads throughout India on account of its exceptional power and profit-earning ability.

Other cars to be sold by the new Company will be the Oldsmobile, the medium-priced car that has achieved the distinction of increasing its sales by 74 per cent. in the past two years in the most competitive automobile market in the world—the United States, and the Vauxhall, the luxurious car, now a product of General Motors English plant and recognised as the typical aristocratic English car in spite of its comparative low price.

Prices of the above passenger cars range from Rs. 2,595 for the Chevrolet Tourer upwards and, in line with the General Motors policy, all will be obtainable on the generous G. M. A. C. plan of easy payments.

PRESENTS FOR FIRST PURCHASERS.

A feature of the opening of the Presidency Motors (Bombay) Ltd. showrooms is the announcement that purchasers of the first ten cars sold will be presented free with a handsome Spot Light while purchasers of the first ten commercial vehicles will receive a Direction Indicator free. As night came on, the new showrooms presented a brilliant spectacle, the illumination being especially beautiful. During the evening fresh groups of visitors came in and as the day closed, it became evident that a new chapter had been begun in the motor car history of Bombay.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

PROTEST AGAINST PRESS ACT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, May 1.

The sudden arrest and the equally sudden trial and decision of the case against Mr. G. N. Kanitkar was the sensation of the day. Already a meeting was fixed for protesting against the Press Act Ordinance and the meeting was Mr. Kanitkar. The meeting was was availed of to congratulate very largely attended. A large number of ladies too were present. On the proposal of Mr. D. V. Divekar Mr. N. C. Kelkar took the chair. At the outset he paid a tribute to Mr. Kanitkar as a very sincere worker. Even from his College Days, Mr. Kelkar said, Mr. Kanitkar was a sincere patriot Government perhaps sent him to jail to give him rest which he needed most after his constant propagandist work during the last two months particularly. Mr. H. V. Tulpule spoke next.

Mr. S. D. Das followed him.

Mr. J. S. Karandikar spoke next on the Press Act. In 1908 and 10, when it was in operation, it was not all effective. Even in its new form, it was not likely to be more efficacious. The agitation had penetrated the masses who did not read newspapers. It was a mistake on the part of the Viceroy to have issued the ordinance. Mr. V. K. Shinde also addressed the meeting. He held that the ryot must be brought face to face with the Government. There must he said, be a tremendous propaganda in the villages. For this, propagandists are wanted to go to the villages. Meetings in the cities were more than enough. Attention of the leaders must hereafter be directed to the masses.

The president described the mischievous character of the Press Act. There was nothing that could not be brought within the scope of the Act. Honest writing in the papers would be like a lesson in filling up the gaps. Whenever any comment on the Government was to be passed, we would have to say that "Government was .... Press Act" and the readers would be left to imagine the rest. In his view, there was no doubt that the ordinance would be put into operation. In 1908-10, the "Mahratha" had to pay the security simply because the press in which it was published was changed. Similarly, for "Kesari" also he had to keep the deposit for republishing an old article by Mr. Agarkar and for a short communication giving instructions to persons who might be called upon to go to jail. From reports from Delhi it was clear that papers were succumbing under it. The journalists will however, see to the operations of the law. The movement must now be transferred from the press to the platform and that too in far-away villages. The meeting was over after the national song was sung, in the midst of the echoing shouts of "Kanitkar Ki Jay," 'Bhopatkar Ki Jay,' and so on.

The Municipal office and schools were closed on account of the imprisonment of Mr. Bhopatkar.

Through the efforts of the Railway Mandal, the second class door of the Poona Railway station has been allowed to be used by the Interclass passengers also. The Secretary has also made some more suggestions to the authorities for the convenience of passengers, in connection with the timings of trains.

The spring Lecture series has commenced in the Shivaji Mandir from to-day. The first lecture was delivered by Professor D. K. Karve under presidentship of Mr. Kelkar. It will last for one month. This year, a large number of prominent ladies are booked to speak in the series.

CALCUTTA May 2.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika" which came out this morning suspends publication from this afternoon. It will be recalled that no security had been demanded of the paper.

The Editor has wired to Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Secretary, All-India Journalists Association, asking him to convene a conference of journalists from all over India at Allahabad for May 10 to decide on the future course of action.—A. P.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

:o:

Madras.—S. Satyamurthi intends to move at the next meeting of the Corporation an urgent motion that as an effective protest against police actions in the city, the Corporation resolves not to purchase either British cloth or British goods for any purpose —A. P.

The Fort Officer Okha, wires, s.s. Clan Macinnes (Agents Messrs. James Finlay & Co. Bombay), left Port Okha on 1st May with same bottom cargo for Tuticorin.—A. P.

Madras.—The Cheplah Mill strike having been settled, the men returned to work on Thursday.—A. P.

Bikaner.—The marriage of Rajkumari of Bikaner with the heir-apparent of Kotah was solemnised on Thursday with great pomp and ceremony in the presence of a large number of ruling princes and chiefs from the neighbouring States. Thousands of poor people in the State were fed on the occasion. A. P.

Shimoga.—The majority of the jury returning a verdict of guilty, the Sessions Judge convicted and sentenced Mahabob Khan, accused in the running train mail robbery case, to eight years' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

Allahabad.—The Muslims of Allahabad, Maulana Vilayat Hussain in the chaid at public meeting, passed a resolution enjoining on Muslims not to take part in the civil disobedience movement.—A. P.

Allahabad.—The picketing of cloth shops continues in Allahabad without any untoward incidents hitherto.—A. P.

At a public meeting of the Arvi citizens held on 30th ultimo, Mr. Babasaheb Deshmukh being in the chair, resolutions were passed congratulating Mr. Vithalbhai Patel on his resignation, and the Local Board Arvi for passing resolutions to the effect that the national flag should be hoisted immediately and all members and servants should wear khadi when in the Office.—A. P.

Simla.—General Sir Philip Chetwode, Chief of the General Staff left Simla yesterday for Bombay 'en route' to England. He will return in October when he succeeds Field-Marchal, Sir William Birdwood as Commander-in-Chief in India.—A. P.

Rubgy.—Imperial airways are to inauguarte regular London to Cape Service within the next few months with scheduled time for journey between eight and ten days.—B. O. W.

Khulna.—M. Nanigopal Ray Vice-chairman Local Board was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment under section 9-A of the Salt Act and 117 I.P.C.—Free Press.

Teheran.—Nosrat ed Dowleh has been found guilty of taking bribe of 1936 tomans and has been sentenced to four months' imprisonment, fine of 5808 tomans and deprivation of civil and political rights.—Reuter.

London.—The Colonial Secretary has appointed Sir John Hope Simpson to leave next week on a temporary mission to confer with the High Commissioner in Palestine and report to the Government on questions of land settlement emigration and development.—Reuter.

Mr. W. D. R. Prentice.

:o:

CALCUTTA, May 1.

His Majesty the King has approved of the appointment of Mr. W D R Prentice as Member of Bengal Legislative Council.—A. P.

GOODS TRAINS COLLIDE ON G. I. P. RY.

The Divisional Traffic Superintendent G. I. P. Railway at Jhansi wires under date May 2:—

"Goods trains Nos. 593 Up and R30 Down collided at Trama Road station on the Bhopal Ujjain Branch line at 1 a.m. derailing eight wagons and blocking the main line. Engine crews received injuries. Normal working is expected at 8 p.m. to-day."—A. P.

LAHORE SPECIAL TRIBUNAL.

:o:

LAHORE, May 2.

It is understood three judges of the High Court Justices Coldstream, Hilton and Aga Haider will constitute the Special Tribunal to try the Lahore Conspiracy Case. Justice Coldstream being the senior will preside. Hearing commences in Poonch House on Monday.—Free Press.

VICEROY'S DAUGHTER ILL AT SRINAGAR.

Simla.—Hon. Annie Wood who has been staying in Kashmir with Sir William and Lady Birdwood is suffering from slight fever after catching chill and Lady Birdwood has remained in Kashmir with her.—A. P.

ARRESTS OF CONGRESS WORKERS IN U. P.

Reports of arrests and convictions of prominent Congress workers in various districts in U. P. continue to be received. No disturbances have so far been reported from anywhere.—A. P.

DELHI CLOTH SHOPS PICKETS TO BE WITHDRAWN.

DELHI, May 2.

After two days' discussion the Congress Committee has accepted the compromise resolution which has resulted from the discussion between the representatives of the Congress and of the Hindustani Mercantile Association.

It will be recalled that this resolution was accepted by thte general body of the Mercantile Association last. Pickets will be removed from the foreign cloth shops immediately while dealers in foreign cloth will now be allowed to clear their present stock.—A. P.

INDIANS ABROAD AND QUESTION OF INHERITANCE.

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

"It has been brought to the notice of the Government of India that great difficulty is experienced by Consular Officers abroad in disposing of the estates of Indians who die within their consular jurisdiction owing to the lack of information regarding their legal heirs in India. To overcome this difficulty the Indian emigrants are advised to get themselves registered at a British Consulate soon after their arrival in the country in which they propose to reside."

COMPLETE HARTAL AT LAHORE.

:o:

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES EMPTY.

LAHORE, May 2.

As a protest against Peshawar firing, complete hartal was observed here. Even municipal meat, vegetable and fruit markets and petty milk shops were closed. Students walked out of practically all schools and colleges and marched in the streets carrying the national flag, shouting revolutionary slogans and raising cries of "shame" when persons clad in foreign cloth passed by them. More processions will be held in the evening.—A. P.

"MOTHER INDIA" ON BRAIN.

:o:

Warning To British Yellow Journal.

LONDON, May 2.

If the "Daily Mail" gave up reproducing 'Mother India' chapters in one issue it is likely the "Sunday Chronicle" will give up the attempt after mere announcement.

Official circles learned of the announcement with resentment and it is understood that representations were made drawing attention to the undesirable repercussions which such reproduction would have in India.

It was further emphasised that beyond embittering the present atmosphere the attempt would not in any way help to better understanding of the problem or appreciation of real difficulties.

After these official representations it is expected the 'Chronicle' will not reproduce chapters from 'Mother India.'—Free Press Beam Service.

CIVIL DISOBEDIEN[illegible] ASSAM

:o:

JALA[illegible] May 2.

Gauhati District[illegible]ss Committee deputed[illegible] Sarma for being traine[illegible]e of Civil Disobedie[illegible]stayed for some time [illegible]graha Ashram at Sab[illegible] Gujarat Vidyapith[illegible]ayed for two days [illegible]hi's camp at Ka[illegible] civil disobedie[illegible]ong with Mr. G[illegible]n-teers. Mr.[illegible]o-ceeding to[illegible]n where he [illegible]d launch ca[illegible] dience t[illegible] t'on of [illegible] of optu[illegible]

PRIVA[illegible]

Mr.[illegible] shna[illegible] in B[illegible] vil[illegible] Deo[illegible] ce[illegible] Mr[illegible] O[illegible] ga[illegible] f[illegible]

AN OPEN LETTER

:o:

(Continued from page 8.)

have made life a misery! I can not eat, I cannot sleep, for thinking of them. And what must the other women be going through—the wives, the mothers, the sisters of these helpless Satyagrahis? They have given their dearest to their country. Can you not give two months to them? They are your sisters. Can you ignore their sorrows? You are lawyers, you are men of position and influence, and, more than all, you are Indians. Well—show it! If you can do nothing else, at least you can see to it that there is fair play. Those who have joined the fight will neither protest nor defend themselves. But that does not absolve you from your duty as self-respecting and fair-minded Indians. You can take up their cause. Why don't you? This much, at least, I consider we have a right to expect from you. At a time when the whole country is ringing with cries of protest against these excesses, I see with sorrow (and,—I must say it—with shame) that you, our Liberal brothers, are keeping quiet. Can you not even protest? Are you helpless—or merely indifferent? Brothers, I tell you this is not the time to keep quiet. You can do a great deal towards checking the excesses, towards vindicating the right of a human being to be treated as such, towards compelling Government servants to recognise the sanctity of the persons of those whom they can easily arrest in the last resort. It is, then, your duty to do so. I appeal to your manhood; I appeal to your sense of self-respect: I appeal to your chivalry. I beg you to throw off this apathy. I pray, I may not have appealed in vain.—Yours sister.

AMINA A. TYABJI.

Baroda, April 30.

(The Council of the Western India National Liberal Association passed a resolution last week strongly urging upon Government the desirability of instituting a searching enquiry by an independent tribunal into the allegations that have been openly made regarding the Maltreatment of Satyagrahis by the police in various place."—Editor "B. C.")

Latest Wonderful Discovery for Unyielding

Urinary Diseases.

Specific for Gonorrhoea

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Is the unique remedy of the day. If the English and Native drugs have not cured the disease and if the vaccines and injections have failed—at least once try our GONO-KILLER as the last resource. However old and chronic your disease may be GONO-KILLER is useful in all Urinary DISEASES of males and females, in swelling of their private parts, in GONORRHOEA of any type, (all age and all stage). Pain, burning and pus in urine. Gleet Cystitis Urethritis, Prostatitis, Leucorrhoea, Seminal discharge and all other diseases due to Gonococcus &c. &c.

Price per phial of 50 (fifty) Pills Rs. 3 (three) V. P. Charges extra. For three phials V. P. Charges Free.

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Telegraphic Address:—GONO-KILLER, BOMBAY.
Bombay Agent:—VANMALIDAS BHIKHA & CO., Princess Street, Bombay No. 2.
Poona Agent:—Messrs. BHOGILAL & CO., Laxmi Rd., Budhwar Peth
Karachi Agent:—J. TIRATH & CO., Bunder Road, Karachi.

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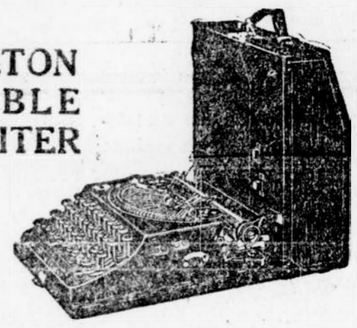

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MORE VOLUNTEERS.

—:o:—

(Through the Satyagraha Committee).

2028 Sjt. Joshi Dhanji Purshottam.
2029 Sjt. Raghawji Ghelabhai.
2030 Sjt. Joshi Vithaldas Valji.
2031 Sjt. Dayabhai Parbudas Vadhwana.
2032 Sjt. Givanlal Sakarchand Mehta.
2033 Sjt. Deoji Purshottam Master.
2034 Sjt. Tayabali Noorbhoy.
2035 Sjt. Mahomed Ali Gulam Hoosein.
2036 Sjt. Morarji Mathuradas Kamdar.
2037 Sjt. Vithaldas Girdhar.
2038
2039 Sjt. Bhashanker Harjiwan Mehta.
2040 Sjt. Narainrao Bhalsker.
2041 Sjt. Mahomedbhoy Suaffally.
2042 Sjt. Naik Madhavlal Kalidas.
2043 Sjt. Chimanlal Jeshing.
2044 Sjt. Nyam Chand Jinabhai Patel.
2045 Sjt. Shanker Budhaji.
2046 Sjt. Lalbhai Khandubhai Desai.
2047 Spt. Chhotalal Gupta Suryaprasad.
2048 Sjt. Dattatraya Pandurang Kareker.
2049 Sjt. Chhaturbhuj Khushaldas.
2050 Sjt. Shankerlal Ambalal Rawal.
2051 Sjt. Nathalal Odhawji Mehta
2052 Sjt. Laxmidas Pragji.
2053 Sjt. Prabhaker Ramrao Shirodker.
2054 Sjt. Savlaram Ramchandra Parulker.
2055 Dhondu Savlaram Bande.
2056 Sjt. Rangarao Sakharam Purandare.
2057 Sjt. Vithal Viswasrao Powar.
2058 Sjt. Vasant Moreshwar Dandeker.
2059 Sjt. Sobhraj Tiloomal.
2060 Sjt. Isa Mossa Abdul Karim.
2061 Sjt. Haridas Vithaldas.
2062 Sjt. Hiralal Maganlal.
2063 Sjt. Jiwraj Khondabhai.
2064 Sjt. Amritlal Purshottamdas.
2065 Sjt. Hansraj Chhotalal Chhaganlal.
2066 Sjt. Hiralal Ambadas.
2067 Sjt. Ramkrishna Ramdas
2068 Sjt. Ratanshanker V. Dave.
2069 Sjt. Shamrao Appaji Londhe
2070 Sjt. Gulabroy Jayashanker Vyas.
2071 Sjt. Narbadashanker Jeshanker Rawal.
2072 Sjt. Chandulal Luxmishanker Vyas.
2073 Sjt. Anand Jetha Lamba.
2074 Sjt. Narayan M. Salan.
2075 Narayanrao Shridher Varerker.
2076 Sjt. Bapu Maruthi Yervideker.
2077 Sjt. Goculdas Lalbhai.
2078 Sjt. Mooljl Kaliyanji.
2079 Sjt. S. V. Kanchan.
2080 Sjt. Narotamdas Beacher.
2081 Sjt. Bhawanji Nathubhai Mahisheri.
2082 Sjt. Bhagawant Sinh Vallachivesi Vax Sinh.
2083 Sjt. Madhadeo Apaji Taraekar.
2084 Sjt. Krishnaji Ragobarao Kadam.
2085. Sjt. Vasudeo Sakharamrao Afandkar.
2086 Sjt. Balkrishna Vithaldas Trivedi.
2087 Sjt. Jethalal Gangadas.
2088 Sreemati Satyavati.
2089 Sreemati Nandubai.
2090 Sjt. Hariprasad Raghuram.
2091 Sjt. Lakmichand Changamal
2092 Sjt. Kanjibhai Bhekhabhai.
2093 Sjt. Keshav Anaji Dalvi.
2094 Sjt. Anant Gopal Savant.
2095 Sjt. Nebhamal Asamal Karachivalla.
2096 Sjt. Phuman Singh.
2097 Sjt. Sohanlal T. Rawal.
2098 Sjt. S. Bir Singh.
2099 Sjt. Mahdappa Poojari.
2100 Sjt. Noorji Becher.
2101 Sjt. Dharamdas Mangaldas.
2102 Sjt. Ramsundar Pande Shivacharam.
2103 Sjt. Khanji Magji.
2104 Sjt. Jayantilal Jagjiwandas.
2105 Sjt. Natwalal M. Dalal.
2106 Sjt. Vasantrai Umaiyashanker Pandya.
2107 Sjt. Kalidas Jevabhai.
2108 Sjt. Jamnadas Dwarkadas.
2109 Sjt. Bachubhai Jaikishendas
2110 Sjt. Dayabhai Lalu.
2111 Sjt. Tookaram Bappo Shinde
2112 Sjt. Narayan Kasidas Shinde
2113 Sjt. Chandrakant Nanabhai Parulker.
2114 Sjt. Shankar Vinayak Sovani
2115 Sjt. Soorji Narain.
2116 Sjt. Mahadev Yesu Ambre.
2117 Sjt. G. J. Pendse.
2118 Sjt. Laxman Khondaji Daxane.
2119 Sjt. Prataprai Dulerai Mehta
2120 Sjt. Ramchandra Joharmal Brahman.
2121 Sjt. Champaklal Vrij Bhookhandas.
2122 Sjt. Kashinath Balkrishna Javelkar.
2123 Sjt. Dalehandra Rajaram Lowalekar.
2124 Sjt. Panjabi Rupial Radhakrishna.
2125 Sjt. Sitaram H. Pancholi.
2126 Sjt. Soma Shivlal Patel.
2127 Sjt. Krishnaji Govind Paramik.
2128 Sjt. Kilachand Kasturchand
2129 Sjt. Gajanand Balvant Ketkar.
2130 Sjt. Karsondas Shamji.
2131 Sjt. Kashipra Kshamanand Mishra.
2132 Sjt. Rajkishore H. Singh.
2133 Sjt. Ramsrup J. Jemani.
2134 Smt. Saraswati Bai Deshpande.
2135 Sjt. Jeshingbhai Bhogilal.
2136 Sjt. Shripad Govind.
2137 Sjt. Marugesu Krishnaswami
2138 Sjt. Vishnu Ganpat.
2139 Sjt. Champalal Bulakhidas.
2140 Sjt. Babulal Raghulal.
2141 Sjt. Madhvand Patki.
2142 Sjt. Kesanlal Uttamram Kansara.
2143 Sjt. Doctor Gajanan Jinabhai
2144 Sjt. A. Basappa Kayanko.
2145 Sjt. Ramakant S. Dholakia
2146 Sjt. Teumal C. Shakarparsandh.
2147 Sjt. Jagmohandas Devidas Gandhi.
2148 Sjt. Dattatraya S. Badheshwar.
2149 Sjt. Nyalchand Goverdhandas Kapadia.
2150 Sjt. Sadashanker Goverdhan Vyas.
2151 Sjt. Dr. Janardan Deorao Prabhu.
2152 Mrs. Kamlabai Prabhu.
2153 Sjt. S. M. Satarkar.
2154 Sjt. Rajpat Dube.
2155 Sjt. Gopaldas Jairam.
2156 Sjt. Sanu Vishnu Kesarkar.
2157 Sjt. Jakhara Bacchu Dudhwala.
2158 Sjt. Vanmali Purshottam Carpenter.
2159 Sjt. Bhogilal Gangaram Kapadia.
2160 Sjt. Nanalal Chhaganlal Nair
2161 Sjt. Purshottamdas Gopalji Panchal.
2162 Sjt. Vaikat Laxman.
2163 Babaji Anantrao Shinde.
2164 Sjt. Bhalchandra Balkrishna Dixit.
2165 Sjt. Narshoji Yankoji Tanade
2166 Smt. Siras Ahmed Khar.
2167 Sjt. Haribala Hendule.
2168 Sjt. Ganpat Mahadeo Jadhav
2169 Sjt. Chandu Yeshu Padval.
2170 Sjt. Chandrashanker M. Pande.
2171 Sjt. Govind Ramji Bagwe.
2172 Sjt. Sakharam Sambhaji Rane.
2173 Sjt. Sreekrishna R. Parkher.
2174 Sjt. Pandurang Gopal Kolgate.
2175 Sjt. Maruti Narsingrao.
2176 Sjt. Shrigham Balaya Bhoga
2177 Sjt. Manik Narhari Vade.

Bombay General Strike Relief Fund Committee.

—:o:—

The further receipts of the following amounts towards the G. I. P. Railway Strike Relief Fund are acknowledged:—

	Rs.
Mr. Mathuradas Vassanji	100/
Bombay Port Trust Employees Union	100
Bombay Post & Telegraph Employees Union as a loan	250
Mr. Narayan Bunsilal	100
Mr. Ramesh Singh Contractor of Japla	5

St. John Ambulance Association

—.o:—

"The lectures in "First Aid to the Injured" under the auspices of the above Association and on behalf of the Jewish Division of the St. John-Ambulance Brigade will commence from Sunday (4th inst.) Dr. O David, will deliver these lectures at the Sir Jacob Sassoon High School at Parel Road, Byculla. The course consists of a series of about 8 lectures, fully illustrated on Human Anatomy and Physiology, Circulatory, Respiratory, Digestive and Nervous Systems Fractures, Drowning and Poisoning, Etc., for one hour every Sunday from 11-30 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. (S. T.). Nod fees are received for this very useful instruction.

Names can be registered at Mr. Samuel Judah, Honorary Class Organiser, No. 16, Umerkhadi Bombay No. 9, as early as possible. This class is open to the public."

Rising Social Club.

—:o:—

At a meeting of the Rising Social Club was held on Sunday when the following resolutions among others were passed unanimously.

This meeting strongly approves of the civil-disobedience movement started by the Congress under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi and calls upon its members to support and help the same to the best of their ability.

This meeting supports the movement for intensive boycott of foreign cloth and liquor, and urges upon its members the desirability of using khadar for the economic commercial and industrial interest of the country.

This meeting further strongly disapproves of the judicial vagaries and severe sentences passed on the non-violent civil resisters in various places and are of opinion that such uncalled—for sentences are calculated highly to inflame the public.

Foreign Dollar Loan.

—:o:—

We have received a copy of an exceedingly valuable financial reference book called "Foreign Dollar Loan" from the local branch of the National City Bank of New York. The publication contains very useful statistical information about 40 countries wherein dollar loans are issued. Full particulars of interest and periods of redeeming together with denominations are given for every issue. The book will prove useful to investors,

A FEW CENTURIES AGO WHEN EUROPEANS WORE EVE'S DRESS AND CLEANED THEIR BODIES BY RUBBING THEM WITH MUD, INDIANS WERE USING PERFECTLY MADE SOAPS AND WEARING CLOTHS OF SILK AND GOLD.

IMPOSSIBLE

EVEN FOR THE BEST SCIENTISTS OF EUROPE

TO MAKE SOAPS AS GOOD AS GODREJ'S AT GODREJ'S PRICES!!!

High class toilet soaps could be made cheaply only in India, not in Europe. Toilet soaps are made either from animal fats or vegetable oils and they are both very dear in Europe. Good animal fats are used in Europe for edible purposes and most of the fats used in soap making are obtained from the carcasses of dead animals and from slaughter house offal. For making cheap soaps for export fat is recovered even from human excreta.

It was said in the "Times of India" a few months ago that many medical men were of the opinion that cheap imported toilet articles were giving rise to skin diseases.

Many varieties of oils suitable for soapmaking are produced largely in India and are very cheap.

Godrej's Toilet Soaps Nos. 1 & 2.

Are better than all imported soaps and hundreds of doctors recommend them for keeping the skin in health.

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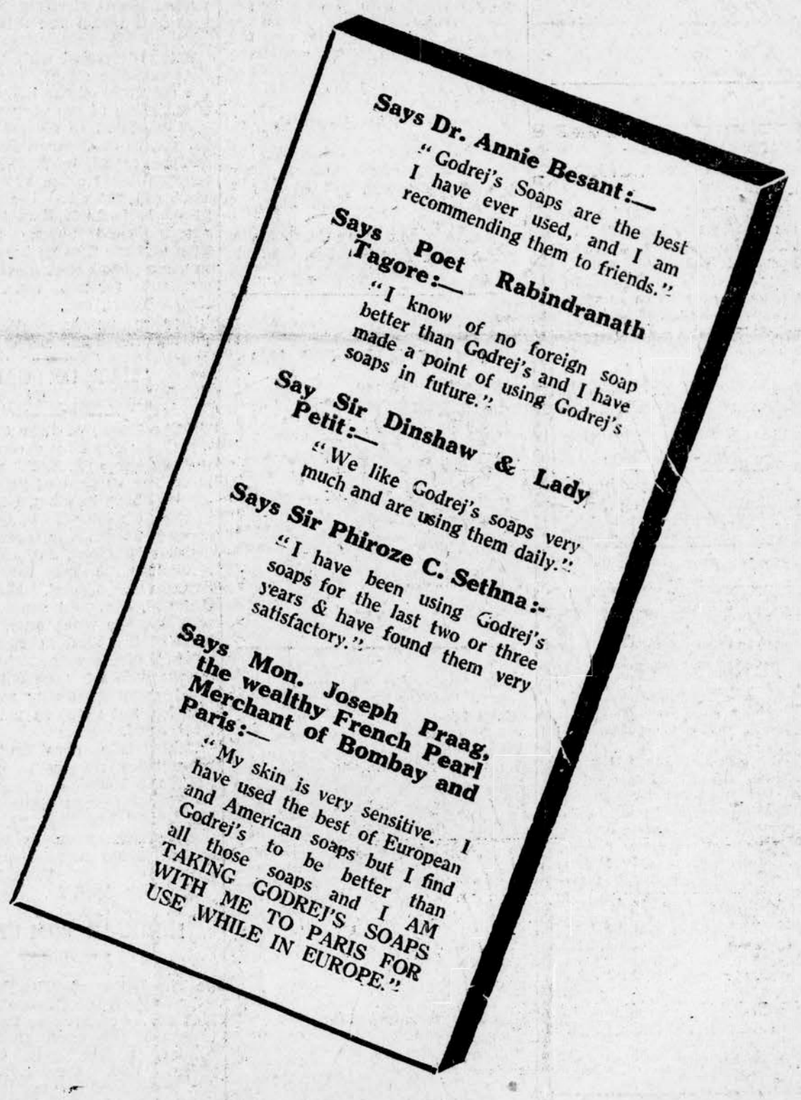
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BELGAUM NOTES.

—:o:—

More Arrests.

(From A Correspondent.)

BELGAUM, April 29.

Cases against Mr. Vaman Rao Bidri and five volunteers pending for over a week will be taken up it is said on May 2. Case against Mr. Shivappa Jamakhandi Merchant Athni is still pending Sjr. Chambappa Patnashetty of Shankeshwar was sentenced on 27th to one and half month R. I. and Rs. 100, fine in default 11 days R. I. more. Dr. Rambhau Joshi of Pacchapur sentenced to 6½ months' R. I. Mr. B K. Patwardhan of Nipani was arrested yesterday. There was a public meeting at Murgad on 24th. Srj. Gramupadya was selling the Contraband salt. Police constables intervened and tried to wrest away the salt from him but they did not succeed. Thereupon he was arrested and taken away about half a mile and let off after taking salt from him. Again on the 25th. Mr. Gramupadhya sold contraband salt when eight to ten police constables wrested the salt from his hands by sheer physical force.

MR. PANDIT ARRESTED.

As the burning of foreign cloth was prohibited within 50 yards of public road or building a big open ground was selected in Thalakwadi and there was a bonfire of foreign cloth last evening. Some young students exhorted audience to cast off foreign cloth. Mr. V. S. Pandit a local plader stood on the platform with contraband salt in hand exhorted the audience to burn foreign cloth. Though the place was two miles off from the city thousands had gathered to witness the sight. Mr. V. S. Pandit was arrested at 3-30 p.m. and was immediately taken to the City Magistrate's Court and was sentenced to Rs. 100 fine or in default 6 weeks' simple imprisonment. In spite of the short notice people had gone to the caurt and garlanded Mr. Pandit with shouts of Mahatma Gandhi Ki Jai when he was taken away to Hindalgi Central Jail in the Prison van.

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RHEUMATISM.
The Amrita Bazar Patrika, the oldest English Daily of Calcutta, writes:—(30th January 1930)
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AKBAR AND SALT TAX.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I was just casually glancing over the pages of the English translation of "Aeen-e-Akbari" when I met the following note:—

"The namaskar or salt-range, says the Maasir, is a district 20 kos long and belongs to the Sind-Sagar Duab between the Bahat and the Indus. People break off pieces from the salt rock and carry them to the banks of the river where the price is divided between the miners and the carriers, the former taking 3/4 and the latter 1/4 of the amount realised. Merchants buy the salt at a price varying from half a dam to two dams (one rupee equal to 40 dams) per man and export it. The Government takes 1 rupee for every 17 annas."

But later on even this ridiculously small duty was repealed. Abul Fazl quotes a firman in his State letters, and the following is a free translation of a passage which occurs therein: —

"In the 37th year of his reign Akbar issued a firman remitting all kinds of taxes on all kinds of cereals, oil, "Salt", sugar, cotton-cloth, woollen goods, copper utensils, etc., etc., as these goods are the necessaries of life, excepting horses, elephants, camels, goats, sheep, weapons and silken goods. Abul Fazl further on admits that although all these things yielded a good revenue to the Government, yet Akbar was pleased to remit these taxes for the sake of the comfort, ease and welfare of the masses."

I do not know whether this firman has been translated into English or not. But it would be highly expedient if some prominent Persian scholar like Prof. Hedi-wala undertook to translate such things for the benefit of the public at large. At a time when salt is engaging so much attention both at the hands of the people and Government, it is extremely gratifying to know that a far-sighted and enlightened emperor of the type of Akbar removed this iniquitous salt tax altogether. Will the British Government imitate Akbar in this respect and earn the gratitude of the poor millions?—Yours, etc.,

"Z."

Bombay, April 26.

"PICKETING IN GORAI."

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—with reference to the letter of Mr. Pascoal D'Souza in your issue of the 18th April, 1930, under the caption "Picketing at Goral", allow me to pen this letter to you with the sincere hope that you will find it worthy of publication in the columns of your esteemed paper and thus draw the attention of "East Indians" who are very backward in fighting for the National cause of their country. When the whole of Hindu and other communities have risen up to picket the liquor shops will the East Indians sleep in their cosy beds and watch the others fighting?

Being disgusted with the rowdy elements, the direct outcome of the existence of the liquor shop at Gorai, some of the people of Gorai had appealed to Government in the month of October, 1922, urging for the complete removal of the country liquor shop, but Government did not give the slightest heed. It is high time that these people should picket the liquor shop and see that no heed is given to those people that bless the Government for not removing the shop.—Yours, etc.,

"A. F."

Gorai, April 25.

"HAT OR CAP."

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—As one of your correspondents by name "P. S. G." wanted to know the opinion of your readers on the above heading, I beg to put in my considered opinion that there is no harm in wearing a hat instead of a cap, and as it fully represents 100 per cent. Indian goods, viz., capital, labour and material, etc., and since we are adopting the mode only, not the ideal of the Western fashion. Besides, I can say that these kinds of sun hats are used only in tropical countries owing to the hot sun, but not much in use in England itself.

Taking into consideration, the present-day Swadeshi movement itself, the Mahatma urges only the boycott of foreign cloth, but not the 'mode' or the 'fashion' of dress, which your correspondent should please note.—Yours, etc.,

V. E. NAIDU.

Sholapur, April 28.

HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—When the Hindus and Muslims are considered to be the "two wheels of the great chariots—the Indian nation," it is really pitiful that the Muslims who are, instead of making it a common cause, discouraging their fellow-brothers in the fight for the liberty of their Motherland. I shall here clear the deplorable convictions of these leaders ,who wrongly think that it is Mahatma Gandhi's motive to get Muslims to fight for liberty along with the Hindus now, and when Independence is won to drive them (Muslims) out! But they are quite mistaken in their conjectures and their present attitude only shows that they do not know enough of the principles of democracy. My recent experiences show, that Hindus and Muslims have good regard for each other and consider each other as brethren and it is only the wrong impression created upon the minds of some Muslims and Hindus by such leaders who really are not leaders but mere quarrel-manufacturers that is responsible for the present unpatriotic attitude of their. "Breathes there a man," I ask "whose soul" might say that a country's sons should not join to-to perform their sacred duty for their country? In the whole of the world's history there is not a single example that can justify the present attitude of Mussalmans in India. Well then it will be quite heroic and patriotic as well, to see Hindus and Muslims fighting side by side for the liberty of their Motherland. It would be childish to recall again and again the famous proverb "Unity is Strength" and my brothers must not forget that by unity and unity alone can we regain our freedom. If you are true patriots, if you are men and not cowards, if you care for the welfare of your country, people and trade, then join hands together and fight side by side for the freedom of your country. I specially beg of youths, students and collegians to give response to the call of their Motherland-India. Every Indian, no matter of what caste or creed or religion he may be, especially Hindus and Muslims, will follow their own reasoning and fight for the cause of India, and thus let not the two mighty wheels go out of gear and leave the chariot all shipwrecked.—Yours, etc.,

S. A. AZIZ.

SUGGESETION TO CITY FATHERS.

—:o:—

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Man of the public bodies in Bombay, as elsewhere all over the country, have shown their sympathy towards the movement in various ways. I think, therefore, it is high time that our Municipality which has recently shown its national spirit, should hoist the tri-coloured National Flag, the emblem of freedom, in its Offices. I am sure the Municipality will be giving a fresh impetus to the movement by so doing. I may here point out that some municipalities and Local Boards have already done so. As a matter of fact the 'urbs prima Indis' ought to have given the lead, but any how. Better late than never.

Will some patriotic corporator move a resolution to the effect as early as possible?—Yours, etc.,

K.

Girgaum, April 28.

RUSSIAN ROUBLE NOTES.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Indian Merchants had been trading a great deal with Russia through Yarkand and Kashgar in Chinese Turkistan. Lacs of rupees have to be spent in exporting various commodities such as Muslin, longcloth chintz, handkerchiefs, soof, velvet, embroidery, indigo, Germandyes, grocery, gloves, cimmamon, nutmegs, pepper, chillies, cardamom turmeric, ginger, antrisied, kachola garlic, tea, etc., from the Punjab and other parts of India. In return for the commodities Russian rouble notes worth millions of rupees were obtained from Yarkand and Kashgar. They were generally exchanged for Indian money at Bombay.

By a notification of the Government of India these roubles notes were taken away from all the traders in January 1920 and deposited in the Government treasuries. At that time no compensation was paid to any of the merchants. These very notes were returned in 1923. The traders have spent their capital for these notes since 1918 and 1919 and now 12 years have elapsed without their getting anything for them from anywhere. Thus, besides the principal, a great loss in the form of interest has been occasioned. The merchants who have been trading with Yarkand and Kashgar are threatened with utter ruin.

Even the traders of Afghanistan appear to have suffered a great deal. No decision has been arrived at as yet with regard to these rouble notes. No arrangement has been made anywhere for converting them into Indian money. These rouble notes have been brought in great numbers by the merchants at Bombay, Peshawar, Hoshiarpur, Sargodha and other places. Can any of the readers kindly let the public know in detail through the press if any negotiations are going on in any part of the world with regard to these rouble notes so that the Indian merchants who have lost all hopes may take some courage? The unfortunate purchasers have got their lacs of rupees locked up in the form of these notes. The present writer is also a victim to the rouble notes. We have got, 1,50,000 rouble notes at Carkand and 41,850 rouble notes in Kashmir which were deposited in the State Treasury at Srinagar by the order dated 14-1-20, of the British Joint Commissioner. Before thte Great War 100 rouble notes were worth Rs. 160 in India. We draw the attention of the Finance Member to the Government of India to this important question and request him to devise means to secure the payment of these rouble notes and thus save the Indian merchants who are in a grave plight and on the verge of ruin. Otherwise, the trade in Central Asia will receive a great blow.—Yours, etc.,

H. H. RAM SARAN DASS & SONS,
Central Asia Traders.
Hoshiarpur, April 27.

INSURANCE COMPANIES & SATYAGRAHIS.

—:o:—

The Agents, Central Mutual Life Assurance Co., Century Building, Hornby Road, writes:—

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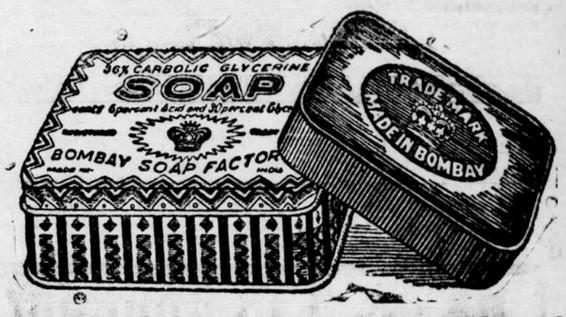

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What the People Say

"IMPROVEMENT TRUST HOUSING SCHEME."

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I have gone through the letter of your correspondent Mr. A. D. in your Wednesday's issue of the 23rd instant, in connection with the "Improvement Trust Housing Scheme", and "Facilities for the Middle Classes"; but, I am sorry to say, that he does not seem to know the A B C of the "Improvement Trust's Housing Scheme" to inaugurate which, Mr. Hoosenally M. Rahimtoola, M.L.C., who is also a member of the Corporation, had worked so hard by getting a bill for "Improvement Trust Building Scheme" on "Tenant-Ownership System" duly introduced in the Council in March last; but, it was not passed.

In these circumstances, I am bound to state that even in the event of selling the Improvement Trust plots at a minimum price, on 999 years' lease, the question will naturally arise as to who will finance the individual tenant-landlord whose monthly income is less than Rs. 200? By leasing the plots, the Improvement Trust will never be in a position to solve the housing problem of the middle-class tenants intending to erect their own cottages, worth Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 10,000 even at a low rate of interest, just on the model of "State-aided Housing at Khar." Under the present system of the Co-operative Act, so far as "Housing Movement" is concerned, there is no tenant-ownership system, whereby a tenant-member will always live as a tenant, without any right even of ownership of the tenement in which he lives 'under copartnership-system'.

Hence, the tenant co-partnership system is not at all making a headway, though a 'beginning was made in March, 1915', for promoting Co-operative Housing movement. That is why Mr. R. H. A. Delves, the Chief Officer of the Improvement Trust, Mr. A. R. Dalal, I.C.S., Municipal Commissioner, and the Executive Engineer of the Bombay Municipality, are trying their level best to get the 'existing Municipal Act,' as well as, 'the Improvement Trust Act', duly amended by the Bombay Government; whereby, those public bodies will also be entitled to grant loans to middle class tenants, intending to erect cottages on the basis of "Municipal aided-Housing", for ownership, either on the Municipal land, measuring 450,000 square yards, situate at Elphinstone Road Bridge, and extended upto Mahim sea-side; or, on the Improvement Trust land, which is on 999 years' lease system, measuring about 6,00,000 square yards and situate at Dadar-Matunga, Sion-Matunga, Naigaum and Parel. And so, the Improvement Trust land could be developed for "Tenant-Ownership Housing" when the present Act is amended, as it will benefit middle-class tenants whose monthly income is Rs. 150 and more, in order to enable them to live in cottages of their own, worth Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 10,000. Hence, where is the necessity of erecting two-storied buildings with several tenements, for "Would-be-tenants"?

In short, the tenant ownership system inaugurated by Mr. R. H. A. Delves, Chief Officer of the Improvement Trust, 'since May, 1923', and by Mr. T. K. Rodden, Municipal Engineer, will certainly solve the housing problem of even the lower-middle class of people, as arrangements have been made, due to the sympathetic efforts of Mr. Meyer Nissim, late Mayor of Bombay, for starting "Clerical Housing Colonies", at a minimum of rent. Hence, practical work of the promoters of the "Tenants' Welfare Institute", will do much more useful service to the lower-middle and upper middle-class of tenants, living in Bombay, than the patriotic talk of the arm-chair politicians and platform patriots, in solving the Housing Problem of Middle Class Tenants on 'ownership system'.—Yours, etc.,

NARAYAN RAO KULKARNI.

"WHAT INDIA WANTS"

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle.

Sir,—I usually do not dirty my fingers by the "Times of India," but it was only when I heard that Khan Bahadur Jacob Bapuji Israel (a member of my own community) has been repeating parrot-like the arguments of the Editor of that journal, that I have condescended to look at it.

Jacob B. Israel's letter to the Editor of the "Times" was published on the 24th inst. under the caption "What India Wants". In that he says that "Mussalmans, Christians, Jews and all non-Brahmanical, Hindus and non-Hindu classes and aboriginal jungle classes . . . do not follow Mahatma Ganshi and do not wish to be out of the protection of the British crown." That Gandhiji "wants to restore Brahmanical Hindu rule in India". He adds with great wisdom that "Brahmanical Hindus are as much strangers in India as the British". That a real Indian Government means the Government by "Bhils and Gonds and such other aboriginal classes' and that "if the Brahmins think the British should leave India, they themselves should leave it too and go back to their Artic homes located for them . . by Mr. Tilak.

He then goes on to blame Mahatma Gandhi for the abject poverty of the Indians and advises the nationalist Parsis to leave for Persia and so set "a noble example to the British."

J. B. I. is sadly mistaken if he thinks that we Indians want to drive out the British from our motherland. What Indians want is to banish the imperialist spirit from Englishmen as well as from Indians and to be free to govern themselves as they please. If Englishmen in India are unwilling to suppress their Imperialist spirit of domination and to live as Indians working for the good of India, then they certainly will have to go. Moreover, if any section of the Indian imperialists do not give up that spirit that spirit also will have to be put down.

He also makes the suggestion that under a real Indian raj, the British will have to go to England; the Mussalmans to Turkey, Arabia, Afghanistan and Palestine; the Parsis to Persia; the Bene-Israel and Jews to Palestine (if possible); and the Aryan Hindus to the North Pole and the Gobi desert. In that case is it not reasonable that the British who were the last to come should be the first to go?

The suggestion that Gandhiji is out to establish a Brahmanical Hindu rule in India is highly mischievous. Only the other day Gandhi said that he would even let the minorities rule, though that is a thing that the minorities should not accept.

As I write now I have before me a letter addressed to me by J. B. I. from Bandra dated 16th October, 1929, where he says "whatever your political views may be it is wise at present to observe perfect silence." And now he comes forward to denounce the Mahatma and to air his own political views!

I would like to make it absolutely clear that J. B. I. speaks only on his own behalf and not on the behalf of the Bene-Israel community.—Yours, etc.,

A BEN ISRAEL.

Bombay, April 28.

ALLEGED POLICE HIGH-HANDEDNESS AT ANAND

—:o:—

Ahmedabad Lawyers' Experiences.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—After personal inspection of the doings of the police and salt officers at Viramgam we proposed to look into the cases of assault at Borsad and Dehwan. The assault by the Dehwan Thakore and his men has been already reported in the Press. For this purpose in the company of a few Lawyer friends and others I started by the Bulsar local on the 29th inst. At Nadiad we were informed that the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Mr. Bhadrapuri, was taking up the case of Mr. Rambhai, a pleader of Borsad, and Kaka Kalelker at Anand. We decided to look into his Court at Anand before going on to Borsad. Our party then repaired to the Dak Bungalow at Anand where he held the Court. The Dak Bungalow is situated in a fairly large field. We noticed a lot of people sitting in the next field and a number of police constables with rifles and lathis under Sub-Inspector Munshi standing near the entrance of the field to "regulate peace and order." Some of my pleader friends, who were in front of me, had their progress blocked by the Sub-Inspector and they represented that they were lawyers of Ahmedabad who were interested in the case against Mr. Rambhai and they were entitled to go into the Court house. They were told that the Magistrate had forbidden the entry of any more members. My friends desired that their names might be taken to the Magistrate to see if he would accommodate us or any members of our party and a senior pleader of Ahmedabad took out his pen to write these names. In the meanwhile I offered my visiting card to the Sub-Inspector to be taken to the Magistrate. This offered card was refused on the ground that the Sub-Inspector was "not our servant to take such cards" where upon I tried to go a step forward to find some one who would take my card to the Magistrate and the Sub-Inspector thought that I was defying his orders and he laid his hands on me and in the twinkling of an eye we saw a number of lathis and rifles aimed at us. One police constable pointed his rifle at me and this led to some words between the Sub-Inspector and some members of my party. This attracted the attention of the Magistrate and Inspector Laher came out of the Court to inquire what the matter was. He was too excited to hear the statements of my friends but he began to talk in the police fashion with a member of my party who had used a rather unpalatable word about the police constable who had laid his hands on me. In the meanwhile the Magistrate sent word by a pleader of Nadiad who was watching the case against Mr. Rambhai to Mr. Laher that there was room for six pleaders, but Mr. Laher would not receive any orders "through him." I sent my visiting card with this pleader to the Magistrate who endorsed his order on the card which was handed over to Mr. Laher and he very "politely flung it away" on a chair that was there. After sometime Mr. Laher picked up this card and he read the Magistrate's instructions and he then told me that there was room for six in the Court room and any six of us could go in. We did not want to overcrowd the Court so only four of us went in to the Court and I drew the attention of the Magistrate to the behaviour of Mr. Munshi and the police constables under his command, armed with their rifles and lathis. The Magistrate very politely promised to look into my compliant against the police on the completion of the case against Mr. Rambhai. With the permission of the Magistrate we had an interview with Mr. Rambhai and we pressed him to apply for time to consider whether he should defend himself in the prosecution, especially as he has been called upon by the District Judge of Nadiad (Kaira) to show cause why disciplinary action should not be taken against him under the Bombay Pleaders' Act for the speeches made by him in the current month. The learned Magistrate, after hearing the Police Inspector, Mr. Laher, adjourned the case against Mr. Rambhai till the 13th proximo and released him on a bail of Rs. 1,000. After this I obtained permission to have a talk with a Borsad worker who had received a lathi blow on his head during the police assault on the 27th at Borsad. Before leaving the Magistrate's Court I informed him that I had dropped the idea of lodging a formal complaint against Mr. Munshi for assaulting me, but requested him to remember the incident because I was to publish it and may invite the attention of the higher Departmental heads to this matter. The Magistrate behaved very courteously with us for which I thanked him on behalf of my party. After this incident we went to Borsad and heard the statements of some of the persons assaulted by the Police one of whom is a frail woman Bai Manchha. Leaving some members of my party to record the statements of as many of the injured persons as were available I went to Dehwan with whose Thakore I claim some acquaintance. I had a free talk with him and some members of his staff who had participated in the attack on the Satyagrahi workers on the 24th inst. After this interview with the Thakore I have reason to believe that neither he nor his man would molest the workers. I found that the accounts of the incidents at Borsad and Dehwan are accurate and the assailants, the Police and the Thakore, have to thank themselves because the Satyagrahi workers are pledged to absolute non-violence and non-co-operation with Law Courts.

Yours, etc.,

JIVANLAL V. DESAI, Bar.-at-Law.

Ahmedabad, April 30.

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NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

—:o:—

(By K. S. RAMCHANDRA IYER.)

In digging up old records in respect to insurance in general and life insurance in particular the writer came across the following paragraph which was published so far back as 3rd March 1835—over 95 years ago, by the "Evening News Transcript" of Boston. This is considered to be the first comment ever made by a public press on life insurance. The following is the paragraph:—

"To persons ignorant of commercial and financial mysteries the notion of insuring life seems a strange one. How a house or ship may be insured is easily comprehended; for the first may probably never burn nor the second be wrecked. But man must, at some time or other die; and yet, against death not only the young and vigorous, but the aged and valetudinary, find no difficulty in obtaining, on various conditions, what is technically called a policy of insurance. That man cannot be a very worthless member of the community whose natural affection induces him to deny himself all, or many, of the luxuries of life, and in some instances to abridge what the self-indulgent consider its absolute necessaries, in order that when he is cold in grave his wife or his children may be placed in circumstances of ease and independence."

The fact that every Indian life insurance company has now become increasingly popular and that every year each is writing very large volume of life insurance shows that a sense of responsibility to dependents is dawning upon earning adults in this usually slow moving country. Three Indian Life Insurance Companies to-day have among themselves life insurance in force to the tune of over Rs. 50 crores, and the BIG FIVE of the Indian Insurance group should be now controlling total life insurance in force to the extent of about Rs. 65 crores of rupees. That is the progress of life insurance in this country during the last few years, and the world progress in this particular line is being reflected in the remarkable development of Indian life insurance companies.

The National Insurance Company of Calcutta, one of the major insurance companies of this country whose report for the year 1929 has now been released, reveals excellent progress in the progressive development that is now the order of the day in the life insurance business. Witness the figures:

3,615 proposals for a sum of Rs. 1,59,23,875 were secured by the company during the year. 6,690 proposals for Rs. 1,17,29,766 were accepted and resulted in policies. The premium income of the company for the year amounted to Rs. 28,14,285-15-6 and interest etc. brought in another Rs 3,06,362-10-9. Claims by death and maturity (Rs. 5,46,965 and Rs. 6,52,345-4-0) absorbed Rs 11,99,310-4-0. Expenses of management absorbed Rs. 8,40,016-0-3 (29.8 per cent.) The life funds of the company stood at the end of the year at Rs. 1,31,77,116, thus increasing same by Rs. 12,79,737-5-4. The actual funds of the company including invsetment and other reserves came to Rs. 1,35,55,259-0-9 as against Rs 1,21,71,079 at the end of 1928. The total life insurance in force stood at Rs. 6,22,53,804. The total assets of the company amounted to Rs. 1,46,69,369.

With the national sentiment that is now rapidly spreading throughout the country and with the Swadeshi spirit that has now taken firm root in the minds of every Indian, the National's future prosperity and utility are not only assured, but will be one of unalloyed service to the Indian society and to the Indian community.

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"THE ORIENTAL TELEGRAPHIC CODE"

—:o:—

The congestion on the telegraph lines in India and the late hours observed by businessmen here have been a problem for most code-makers. We have before us one such attempt to meet this situation and we must say it is a really successful one. This is the "Oriental Telegraphic Code" by Mr. T. V. Manialer, published by the Modern Business and Publishing House, Kayamgulam, Travancore. The book is so devised that reference is made quite easy when the message has to be sent or deciphered, it being understood that the parties using the Code should each have a copy of the book.

The use of telegraphic codes for exchanging messages is so well known that it needs no introduction. Still, the fullest use of this mode of communication is not taken advantage of by a very large section of Indian businessmen though it is almost universally used by foreign business houses in their dealings with their Home Offices and other foreign houses. The reasons for this conservatism on the part of the Indian businessmen are twofold: one is the high cost of the existing telegraphic codes which is so prohibitive as to be beyond the reach of small businessmen and the other is the absence of a code book suitable to the requirements of Indian merchants, as the existing foreign codes, while containing much of seemingly superfluous matter from the point of view of Indian merchant, do not fully meet the requirements of Indian business. Of course it is too much to expect any code to be so comprehensive as to meet the requirements of any and every kind of business in the world and this is the very reason perhaps why a large number of business houses find it necessary to supplement the existing codes by means of cipher codes and other private codes for certain specific businesses. The Oriental Telegaphic Code apparently does not claim to be an all-comprehensive one, but fills a long-felt want of a cheap code book to meet the requirements of Indian merchants in particular. Small business houses which do their business by means of Agents in the upcountry will find it very useful as the book is very handy and can be carried by Agents in their travel. Produce and other wholesale merchants who have to send several telegrams to inland places every day will greatly benefit by using a code of this kind for their telegrams as it will very largely cut short their telegraphic expenses.

The book runs over 600 pages and consists two parts: Part I is made up of six-letter code words, each word representing a phrase conveying a full and definite idea, while Part II is made up of four-letter code words representing various kinds of products and commodities (mostly Indian), quantities, weights, measurements, prices numerals and etc. The scheme of such a division is to provide for the combination of two words as one word either by combining a six-letter word and a four-letter word or two four-letter words. At the end of the book about 500 reserve code words are given for use as a private code for a specific business for which words are not provided in the book proper. The price of the book, is Rs. 12/8 and is well within the reach of the humblest businessman.

Satyagraha In C. P.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

AKOLA, April 29.

Under the auspices of the Taluka Cangress Committee a largely attended meeting was held under the presidentship of Mr. Acharya the Vice President of the Akola Taluka Congress Committee. Mr. Sahasrabuddhe sold Contraband Salt which fell short of the demand.

Akot.—A meeting of 2,000 including ladies was held, Mr. Ashtekar presiding. Miss Lila Oka, Miss Vimala Marathe and Sjt. Vaidya addressed the meeting and auctioned contraband salt. The first two packets were bought by Shet Girdharilal for Rs. 55.

Murtizapur.—A public meeting was held with Sjt. Keshaorao Deshmukh of Sirse in the chair under the auspices of the Taluka Congress Committee. Sjt. Dada-Saheb, Pandit and Mrs. Subhadrabai Joshi, and others addressed the meeting. Contraband Salt was sold by Mr. Chaudhari of Akola.

Mangrulpir.—Smt. Durgatai Joshi, Miss Indu Rajwdde and Pandit Madhaoshastri motored to Mangrulpur for the sale of contraband salt where a meeting of over two thousand including 300 ladies and 500 Mahomedans was awaiting. Contraband salt was sold.

Basim.—Under the presidentship of Janardhan Shastri Gadge a public meeting was held. Sjt. Brijlal Biyani and Mrs. Pramila Oka addressed the meeting and sold Contraband salt. First packet sold by Mrs. Pramila Oka fetched Rs. 11. Contraband salt ran considerably short of the demand at all these places.

Balapur.—A public meeting attended by 2,000 men and 300 ladies was held under the presidentship of Seth Velchand Poonjilal. Mr. Ambulkar, Mr. Hiralalji and Mrs. Radhabai Oka, addressed the meeting. Contraband salt was sold.

DELHI NOTES.

—:o:—

Protest Against Blackett's Ratio.

(From A Correspondent.)

DELHI, April 26.

Mr. P. Mukherjee, retiring President of the Punjab Chamber of Commerce, while moving the adoption of the annual report at the recent annual meeting of the Chamber, remarked:—"Reviewing the trade conditions about this time last year I had to draw a doleful picture but anticipated better prospects. Unfortunately the situation remains unimproved, nor can I see prospects of better conditions in the immediate future. An increasing volume of weighty commercial opinion favours the view that one of the main causes of the present serious depression of trade and the acute unemployment amongst the middle classes which is now also spreading amongst the working classes is the fixing the value of the rupee at eighteen pence." He was frank enough to admit that there was divergence of opinion on this question. "But", he continued, "it is equally true that with the passing of time the divergence has undergone considerable shrinkage and the belief is gaining ground even amongst those who were originally in favour of an eighteen pence ratio that it is not good for the trade and industry of the country. No doubt Sir George Schuster has more than once repeated his determination not to re-open the question, nevertheless, if the real and lasting interests of the country could be served, as many of us firmly believe that that would be the case, difficulties must be faced and temporary dislocation risked."

A WARNING.

This declaration coming from no less a person than the retiring President of the Punjab Chamber of Commerce, which, it must be remembered, is a mixed Chamber having on its roll an equal number of Indian and European firms as members, is a further proof, if any at all is needed, to warn the Government of the country that all is not well with the trade and industry of the country, and that the present unfortunate situation is the result of the appreciation of the rupee at 1s. 6d. in spite of warnings given from time to time by the commercial community of the country. It may be recalled in this respect that the European Chambers which supported the Government in the battle that raged over the ratio question are sooner or later realising their mistake and the representative of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce who accompanied a joint deputation of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and the Bombay Chamber which waited upon the then Governor must be congratulated for his courage in frankly admitting the ruinous effects of the appreciation of the rupee. The ice was broken then and the Upper India Chamber of Commerce, an another European Chamber, joined in the chorus of protest against the continuance of the ratio at 1s. 6d. The Officiating Chief Commissioner, Mr. Johnson, who attended the annual meeting, appreciated the admirable adroitness of Mr. Mukherjee in putting the case, but advised the members of the Chamber in the strain of "What cannot be cured must be endured."

GRAVE SITUATION.

Lala Shri Ram, while speaking at a dinner given by Mr. P. Mukherjee at Maidens, struck a serious note when touching upon the present situation in the country. "Everybody would agree", he said, "that the present state of affairs as they exist either in political or commercial field is most deplorable and is creating a situation unprecedented in the history of the country; none can dispute that there is something very radically wrong and that it is not merely a creation of a few professional agitators. It is therefore the bounden duty of everybody, British or Indian, to impress upon the authorities concerned to remedy the present state of affairs."

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TRADE AND FINANCE.

LARGE INCREASE IN CASH BALANCE.

Animated Scene On Stock Exchange.

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS.

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, May 2.

MONEY.

Despite the fall of Rs. 252 lacs in the Trade Demand, money continues tight with the call rate ruling at 5-1/2 per cent. Investment into Treasury bills this week were more than double the maturities, but this gap is made up by the sale to Government of one million pounds sterling. The increase of about Rs. 415 lacs in the Bank's cash balance is largely due to the return of surplus funds from the interior.. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One month 5 per cent, two months 4-3/4 per cent 3 months 4 1/2 per cent, and 6 months 3-3/4 per cent.

STATEMENT OF IMPERIAL BANK.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of 25th April shows an increase of Rs. 415.25 lacs in the cash balance now amounting to Rs. 16,17,03,000 as compared with Rs. 13.66 crores at this time last year. The percentage of Cash to liabilities is 18.02, an increase of 4.27 per cent over last week. Loans and Cash credits are down by Rs. 153.98 lacs and Rs. 35.82 lacs respectively, while Inland bills discounted are up by Rs. 20.07 lacs. Government deposits as well as other deposits have increased the former by Rs. 135.31 lacs to Rs. 16.64 crores and the latter by Rs. 90.93 lacs to Rs. 69.90 crores. The Bank rate is unchanged at 6 per cent

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

There was cataclysmic fall in the price of 3-1/2 per cent Paper owing to selling pressure on Calcutta account,—the political disturbances in several parts being the basic cause. The fall of over 3 points within less than a week is almost a record one and the tone is still undecided. A fair amount of carry-over busines was done at about one to two annas premium Other scrips have receded somewhat in prices. 3-1/2 per cent. Paper declined to Rs. 62-10. 5 per cent. 1946-55 Loan is quoted at Rs. 100-2, 1933 at Rs. 99-14, 1939-44 at Rs. 95-14 and 1935 at Rs. 97-12. 6 per cent. Bonds due 1930, 1931 and 1932 receded to Rs. 100-6, Rs. 101-6 and Rs. 102-6 respectively. 6-1/2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan lost some four annas to Rs. 104-14. 4 per cent. 1960-70 Loan declined from Rs. 77-2 to Rs. 76-12 and 1954-37 from Rs. 89-10 to Rs. 89-4. 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 Loan remained unaltered at Rs. 86-10, while 1934 Bonds were a shade quieter at Rs. 95-2.

TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of nine and three months Treasury bills were opened on Tuesday, the 29th April. Total amounts offered were Rs. 57,25,000 and Rs. 1,29,00,000 respectively. Tenders for nine months bill at Rs. 99-6-6 and above aggregating Rs. 5725000 were accepted in full. Tenders for three months at Rs. 98.9 and above aggregating Rs. 1,12,25,000 were accepted in full. All lower tenders were rejected. The average rate of accepted tenders for nine and three months bills were Rs. 4-12-7 and 5-12-0 per annum respectively.

Intermediate three months treasury bills sold from 23rd to 28th April were Rs. 80,75,000. Intermediate three months treasury bills will be issued from Wednesday the 30th April to 5th May 1930 at Rs. 98-1 per cent.

Tenders for nine and three months bills to the amount of Rs. 2 crores in the aggregate will be received on Tuesday the 6th May 1930. Successful tenderers should make payment of the amount of accepted tenders on Friday the 9th May. Other conditions are as usual.

The Paper Currency return of the 22nd April shows a decrease of Rs. 33.89 lakhs in note circulation now amounting to Rs. 173.32 crores. Silver coins are down by an equal amount to Rs. 106.64 crores, while silver bullion under coinage and gold coin and bullion remain unchanged at Rs. 3.38 crores and Rs. 32.27 crores respectively. The metallic reserve ratio to circulation is 52.10 as against 52.13 a week ago.

EXCHANGE.

A dull tone characterised sterling exchange and rates were a shade quieter. There were no sellers of ready T. T. at 1s. 5-27/32 d. as the week ended. Government however were able to obtain, probably from other markets, their full quota of one million sterling at this rate, which formed 47 1/2 per cent of the total applications. There was a fair enquiry for remittances for silver imports, while export bills were on a restricted scale. The following are the forward rates:— Up to 15th May 1s. 5 13/16d; 16th to 31st May 1s. 5 25/32d; June/Sept. 1s. 5 3/4 d; Oct./Nov. 1s. 5 25/32d: Dec./Feb. 1s. 5 13/16d and March 1s. 5 25/32d

The dollar sterling quotation declined from doll. 4.86-5/16 to doll. 4.86 3/16. French francs remained steady at 123.92, while the Belga and the Italian lira were almost unchanged at 34.82 and 92.80 respectively.

A press communique of the 29th April states that the total remittances to the Home Treasury since 1st April to-date amount to £2,601,000 including pounds 935,000 purchased during the week ending 26th April.

Another communique of the 30th April states that tenders to the amount of £2,105,000 at 1s. 5-27/32 d were received and allotted approximately 47 1/2 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. £1 million will be offered for tender on Wednesday the 7th May on the same conditions.

GOLD.

The price of ready gold rose by over two annas to Rs. 21-11-0 per tola owing to quieter sterling exchange and the fact that supplies available in the market are moderate and are reported to be strongly held. The offtake approximates 8000 tolas a day, while stocks amount to about 1 1/2 lakhs tolas. The quotation for Gold in London declined to 84s. 11d. Sovereign rates improved to Rs. 13-12-0 and Rs. 13-10-9 for ready and forward, but closed at Rs. 13-11-6 and Rs. 13-10-6 respectively. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 21-11-6 and Rs. 21-9-0 for ready, Rs. 21-11-3 and Rs. 21-10-0 for 13th May settlement and Rs. 21-10-9 and Rs. 21-10-3 for 12th June settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring pounds 45,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about pounds 115,000. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 32,29,290 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be pounds 50,000 gold.

SILVER.

The market for silver was stagnant, with excepuonaly poor business. Speculators do not seem inclined to make fresh commitments with the squeeze at the April settlement yet fresh in their minds and the lethargic movements merely reflect conditions in the other principal markets. With ready at Rs. 55-4 per 100 tolas, the premium over June has declined from Rs. 3-6 to Rs. 1-10, while the May settlement is Rs. 9-11 higher than June including Rs. 9-6 representing the amount of the duty. The premium on ready is likely to shrink since the offtake is fairly low at about 100 bars a day exclusive of recent railings to Calcutta and the visible supply for the May settlement is ample. Stocks on hand approximate 3000 bars. In Shanghai the tael was almost unchanged at 1s. 11-1/8d., but closed at 1s. 11d. In London ready silver moved between 19-11/16d. and 19-1/2d. and forward between 19-9/16 and 19-7/16d. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 57-10 and Rs. 55-4 for ready, Rs. 45-5 and Rs. 44-9 ex duty for 17th May settlement and Rs. 54-4 and Rs. 53-10 cum duty for 16th June settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring pounds 55,000 silver Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about pounds 205,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 3259 bars and Rs. 2,75,922 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be pounds 300,000.

ANIMATED STOCK EXCHANGE.

The Stock Exchange was animated during the earlier part, but there was a sharp reaction towards the close on profit taking coupled with more disturbing news from the North-West Frontier on Thursday. The mill section was particularly steady at the opening owing to continued increased demand for cloth. The following are the fluctions in some of the principal shares:—Bombay Dyeings Rs. 823/12xd-83 xd 806/4, Century Rs. 331/4xd 327/8 307/8. 305; Central India Rs. 503/12 487/8xd 481/4xd 477; Crescent Rs. 112/8 120-112/8 107; Fazulbhoy Rs. 561/4 560-517/8 501; Indian Bleaching Rs. 125 123/12. Indore Malwa Rs. 370-368/12 373/12 371/4 367; Kohinoor Rs. 192/8 193/4 and 185-179; New Great Rs. 241/4 230 238/12-220 213; Pearls Rs. 293/12 291/4 295-277/8 271; Simplex Rs. 91/4 81/4 100/4 101/4 92-12 and Swadeshi Rs. 411/4 400/405 395 390.

In the miscellaneous section similar conditions obtained. Tata steels being in the forefront. Ordys declined from Rs. 55/12 to Rs. 52/2 and Defds. from Rs. 317/8 to Rs. 302. Tata Hydros receded from Rs. 1125 to Rs. 1177/8. Andhra Valleys from Rs. 690 to Rs. 687/8 and Tata Power from Rs. 562/8 to Rs. 559. Alcocks were steady at Rs. 260, while Bombay Burmahs lost some 10 points to Rs. 690. Bombay Tramways maintained steadiness at Rs. 133/2. Bombay Steams were quoted Rs. 200 with Scindia steams at Rs. 8/12. In Cement shares, Bundi Cements quietened to Rs. 17/8 and Indian Cements to Rs. 272/8. Katni Ordys were steady Rs. 187/8 and Defds improved to Rs. 760. No noticeable change is recorded in railway shares.

Imperial Bank shares advanced from Rs. 1310 to 1350 with Contributories steady at Rs. 325 Bank of India shares are quoted at Rs. 92/8, whise those of the Central Bank at Rs. 15/2.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

—:o:—

Bombay, May 2.

Consequent on the reduction of the Bank of England rate of discount to Rs. 3 per cent., there was further decline in 3-1/2 per cent. Loan to Rs. 62-8, but to-day prices opened at Rs. 63 and advanced to Rs. 63-15. Towards the close there was some profit-taking which depressed prices to Rs. 63-11.

(Liable to Income-Tax.)

5 p.c. 1945-55 Loan Ready Rs. 63-12.
3-1/2 p.c. G P. Notes Sett. Rs. 63-11.
4 p.c. Bombay Port Trust Rs. 74-8.
4 p.c. 1934-37 Loan Rs. 88-8.
4 p.c. 1960-70 Loan Rs. 77.
4-1/2 p.c. 1934 Bonds Rs. 95.
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60 Loan Rs. 87.
5 p.c. 1929-47 War Loan Rs. 95-2.
5 p.c. 1935 Bonds Rs. 97-10.
5 p.c. 1939-44 Loan Rs. 95-14.
6 p.c. 1954 Municipal Deb. 102-12.
6 p.c. Karachi P. T. Rs. 103-12.

(Income-Tax Free.)

5 p.c. 1945-55 Loan Ready Rs. 100-5.
5 p.c. 1945-55 Loan Sett. Rs. 100-5.
5 p.c. 1933 Bonds Rs. 100.
6 p.c. 1930 Bonds Rs. 100-6
6 p.c. 1931 Bonds Rs. 101-6.
6 p.c. 1932 Bonds Rs. 102-6.
6-1/2 p.c. 1935 B. D. Loan Rs. 105.
7 p.c. Mysore Loan 1931 Rs. 101-12.

GENERAL MEETING OF TATA'S EMPLOYEES.

—:o:—

A meeting of the employees of Tata's Collieries was held at No. 4 Incline, Jamadoba Colliery on Sunday at 9 a.m. April 27, 1930. Mr. B. Mitter of Bhaga was elected to the chair.

The meeting opened with a labour song and great enthusiasm prevailed, about 3,000 workers were present including many from neighbouring collieries and villages.

The following were amongst the speakers that addressed the meeting and spoke about their grievances:—

In conclusion Mr. Naidu, Secretary of Labour Association Jamshedpur addressed the meeting and impressed upon them the necessity of organising themselves into a Trade Union under the existing law of the Trade Union Act, and to strengthen the cause of Labour. He said that Labour has an uphill fight to gain its objects but in doing so it must always remember that the company's work must not be neglected but should be done with more care and more willingly so that labour officials would be proud to point out to the management the increased production per head since the advent of the Trade Union. The Labourers must educate themselves to usefully a avail themselves of the benefits of increased wages and use their spare time to improve their conditions—mental, physical and social. They must be patient and not except to gain their object in a couple of months. They should always resort to constitutional and peaceful methods on Trade Union principles to ameliorate their conditions. He said that the authorities had promised early recognition of a Union.

The following resolution was passed.

Resolution No. 1. It is resolved that this meeting feels the necessity of a Trade Union Organisation of the Tata's Colliery Workers in order to establish a cordial relations between the employers and employed as also to preserve the solidarity amongst the Workers by safeguarding their interest and ameliorating their conditions by all constitutional means.

A vote of thanks was then proposed by Mr. M. N. Dutt, thanking Mr. Kirk and the Management for their kind permission and facilities given to organise the labourers and for their assurance of sympathetic consideration of any representations made by the Union.

The meeting dissolved with a vote of thanks to the chair.

MANMOHAN SINGH REACHES NAPLES.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 1.

Naples.—Manmohan Singh has arrived here by aeroplane from Marseilles.—Reuter.

"Bombay Chronicle"
THE
PEOPLE'S PAPER.
BEST MEDIUM
FOR
Advertisement.

Glorious White Teeth

Are Dull Teeth Freed of Dingy Film

NOW science restores dull teeth to dazzling whiteness.

It's been found that dingy teeth come from a film that forms on teeth. A stubborn film ordinary dentifrices do not successfully remove. That's why brushing fails you.

Run your tongue across your teeth and you can feel that film now—a sort of slippery coating.

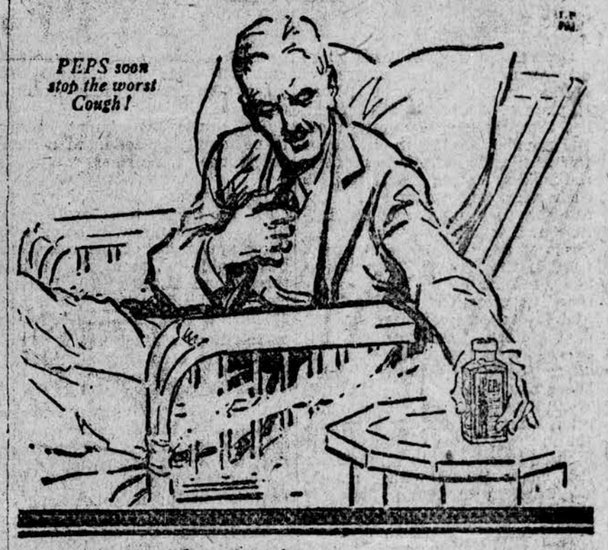
It absorbs discolorations from food, smoking, etc. It invites tooth decay, gum troubles and is the chief cause of pyorrhea because it breeds bacteria and is the basis of tartar.

Now, in a new type dentifrice called Pepsodent, scientific combatants are found. Leading dentists widely urge it.

Based on modern research. Advised by leading dentists the world over. You will see and feel immediate results.

Accept Pepsodent Test

To prove results buy a tube of Pepsodent, the quality dentifrice—for sale everywhere. Or send for 10-day free test to Dept. I, Arnhold & Co., Ltd., 100 Clive St., Calcutta.



Deep-Seated BRONCHIAL TROUBLES

MAYBE climate has weakened your chest and you are subject to bronchial coughs or lung-weakening colds. If so, you will find Peps a priceless boon. Breathing healing pine air from these handy tablets into your lungs every day, will strengthen and protect the weak spots.

When a Peps tablet is dissolved in the mouth, it gives off agreeable antiseptic and healing fumes. These fumes descending with the breath down the bronchials direct to the lungs, soothe and disinfect all membranes of the throat and delicate air tubes.

PEPS cut Phlegm and Free the Breathing; they stop all Tightness, Soreness, and Wheeziness in the Chest; and Banish the most Stubborn Cough.

Being a breatheable medicine in handy tablet form, Peps mark a great advance on liquid 'cough-cures.' Peps act *directly* on the breathing tubes where trouble is. Druggy mixtures are merely swallowed into the stomach.

Always keep a supply of Peps tablets handy. Take them regularly to ward off sudden colds and chills and prevent a return of the old chest or lung trouble.

PEPS
BREATHE-ABLE TABLETS

Chemists and medicine dealers everywhere sell PEPS in handy bottles. Price Rs. 0/12. Direct from Agents:—Messrs. Smith Stanistreet & Co., Ltd., Convent Rd., Entally, Calcutta; Kamm & Co., Ltd., Dhanri Rd., Bombay; Badhe & Co., China Bazaar, Rd., Madras; M. G. Bruhani & Co., Shivlustoga St., Karachi, etc., etc. To preserve the volatile medicine every Peps tablet is separately wrapped in pure, tinfoil. Full directions are enclosed with every bottle and a handy little corkscrew.

A freckled Wax should be gently massaged on the face each night before retiring. It will do its work while you sleep.

MANY of the so-called "muddy" complexions are entirely due to the presence on the face of minute particles of dead tissue which tend to clog up the breathing pores, and prevent the freshness of the new underlying skin from being seen. The face must be cleansed daily in order to get rid of the disfiguring cuticle and allow the beauty of the underlying complexion to be shown.

Mercolized Wax Removes all Skin Impurities.

In the morning, just remove all traces with a clean, dry towel, afterwards washing in the ordinary way. Mercolized Wax removes the mask!

Soap and water are useless and no amount of ordinary washing will effect the desired result. Mercolized Wax is a special preparation composed of ingredients which dissolve the decayed tissue and enable it to be entirely removed. This preparation is used by many of those who must and do keep their complexions clear and beautiful.

MERCOLIZED WAX

DOES NOT contain Mercury, Animal Fats or anything injurious to the complexion, and is guaranteed not to encourage the growth of hair.

A SAFE and EFFICIENT REMEDY

In all cases of Torpid Liver, Debility, Eruptions, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Weakness, Depression, etc., etc., is the world renowned

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

It thoroughly cleanses the blood of all impurities which accumulate, and invigorates the whole system, thus enabling you to successfully combat the many little ills which you encounter from time to time.

But it must be Wilkinson's—shun all imitations and substitutes. Every genuine bottle bears the following Trade Mark and Signature.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1930.

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India. J12

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

Women's Deputation To Mr. Benn.

AMNESTY TO POLITICAL PRISONERS IN INDIA URGED.

"FIRST STEP TOWARDS DOMINION STATUS.

LONDON, May 2.

The Women's International League of Peace and Freedom is sending a deputation to Mr. Benn to urging amnesty to all political prisoners in India, believing this to be the important step towards a better situation for consideration of Dominion Status.—Reuter.

SUCCESSFUL PICKETING IN AHMEDABAD.

Excise Rule Not Strictly Enforced?

The Secretary, Textile Labour Association, writes:—

Observation work at liquor shops continues. There is a progressive decline in the number of visitors. In place of 720, on the 9th instant, i.e., the first day of observation, the number has fallen to 146 on the 29th instant. Many licensees are making frantic efforts to push their sales, anyhow, and in the attempt, they are daily committing numerous breaches of the terms of their license, and of the rules of the Excise Department. Sale of liquor begins much earlier than the prescribed opening hour, and is carried far beyond the closing hour. There can be but one entry to the shop, and no other opening through which liquor can be served is permitted. This provision of the license is not being complied with. It is unlawful to sell liquor outside the licensed premises. As a matter of fact, many licensees have set up a multiplicity of selling branches through the agency of numerous freshly engaged servants, who approach people in their localities, and their houses and supply liquor in the licensee's bungalow, other buildings, petty restaurants, and all sorts of unimaginable places like urinals, latrines, brothels, etc.

The Excise Department seems to be taking no action to enforce observance of the rules.

The workers of the Union posted at the liquor shops, or at other places, where liquor is being sold in contravention of the rules, are being subjected to insult, abuse, threats and assaults. The harassment practised on the workers has assumed a grave form, in the case of the Hope Market liquor shop There have been frequent cases of mischief by drunkards. In the course of the week, some eight workers have received injuries resulting from the assaults committed by employees of the licensee with the object of driving away the workers from their post of observation in the neighbourhood of the licensee's bungalow, where liquor is sold every day, contrary to the rules.

WORLDWIDE MAY DAY DEMONSTRATIONS.

839 Arrested In Paris: 39 Expelled.

HUNGER MARCHERS' TRAMP TO LONDON FROM LANCASHIRE.

LONDON, May 1.

May Day was generally very peaceful, but many arrests were made of Communists, particularly at Paris where 839 including 96 foreigners were taken to custody. 39 were since relased. 70 Foreigners are being expelled from France.

At Riga 200 persons were arrested for attempting to defy the police ban on demonstrations.

The few places where there were disturbances included Vienna where 25 Communists were arrested after a conflict with police who used rubber truncheons effectively.

A number of police were injured in a scuffle with Communists at Bratislava and a score of Communists were arrested at Moravia after conflicts with police.

HUNGER MARCHERS TRAMP TO LONDON.

London May 1.—Hunger marchers including a contingent of women from Lancashire who had been tramping to London for unemployment areas joined the usual "Red" May Day march to Hyde Park.

Very stringent police measures are indicated in the reports from other parts of the world.

PARIS ARRESTS.

Paris.—Very strict police measures have been taken. 223 arrests were made to-day for picketing in connection with the usual May Day celebration, and also for distribution of revolutionary leaflets. But day was very quiet hitherto. The city wears a holiday aspect. The arrested persons include Communist Deputy Doriot and the Mayor and seven municipal councillors of St. Denis. There were no serious incidents in provinces where strikers were fewer than usual.

50,000 DEMONSTRATORS AT BERLIN.

Reuter's correspondents at Sofia, Warsaw, Berlin report that everything is quiet. Communist demonstrators at Lustgarten, Berlin numbered 50,000.

Tokyo.—6,500 police were mobilised. 200 radicals were arrested as a precautionary measure. Two policemen were injured in a suburb while attempting to prevent 80 workmen armed with bamboo spears joining the May Day demonstration.

50,000 persons participated in the May Day celebrations in Japan which were generally very orderly. 15,000 processionists at Tokio were escorted by 6,500 police. 30,000 paraded at Osaka. Demonstrations in both places included large groups of women. In addition to 200 precautionary arrests, 100 were arrested at Tokio later in the day.

7 ARRESTED AT SHANGHAI.

Shanghai.—The whole police force special constables and volunteers were mobilised. The day was quiet apart rom minor demonstration in which seven were arrested.

17 ARRESTS IN SYDNEY.

Sydney.—The police broke up small demonstration and made 17 arrests.

40 ARRESTS IN NEW YORK.

New York.—May Day was peaceful. The reds demonstrated in New York and other large cities, but there was no disorder. 40 arrests were made in New York.—Reuter.

"STOP MURDER IN INDIA"

—:o:—

Indians' Demonstration In New York.

LONDON, May 2.

New York.—Carrying communistic placards bearing such words as "Stop murder in India," a small group of Indians accompanied by a few women and girls demonstrated outside the British Consulate-General Office at luncheon hour. The police quickly quelled the disturbance and dispersed the demonstrators after tearing up their banners. Two arrests were made.—Reuter.

HOW MOSCOW CELEBRATED MAY DAY.

Commissar Of War Takes Salute Of 850,000 Demonstrators.

LONDON, May 1.

Moscow.—850,000 persons participated in the May Day demonstration here. M. Vorcshilov, Commissary of War and Marine, taking salute in the Red Square.—Reuter.

RECEPTION TO EX-PRESIDENT PATEL AT DELHI.

Enthusiastic reception to Mr. Vithalbhai Patel in Delhi, after his resignation, from the Assembly Chair.

ANOTHER ORDINANCE

—:o:—

Viceroy's Statement.

TEXT OF THE ORDINANCE.

SIMLA, May 1.

The Governor General has promulgated another Ordinance terminating the preliminary trial of the accused in the Lahore Conspiracy case and authorising the Chief Justice of the Punjab High Court to constitute a Special Tribunal of three judges for prompt trial to meet ends of justice and re-establish administration of law. Lord Irwin in his statement says on the 11th July, 1929, the enquiry in the proceedings known as the Lahore Conspiracy case commenced before a magistrate who was for this purpose relieved of all other duties. The accused in the case number 24, of whom 5 are still absconding. The offence alleged against the accused are both in their own nature and in their relation to public security of unusually serious character. They include the murder of Mr. Saunders, Assistant Superintendent of Police, and Head Constable Chanan Singh in Lahore on 17th December, 1928, the establishment of bomb factories at Lahore and Saharanpur, the conspiracy leading to the throwing of two bombs in the Legislative Assembly on the 8th April, 1929, and various other revolutionary activities. For the purpose of establishing these charges which were concerned with many different places and with events occurring over a considerable period of time, prosecution considered it would be necessary to produce about 100 witnesses.

(2) Two of the accused had resorted to hunger-strike before the commencement of the enquiry and a number of others followed the same course shortly afterwards with the result that by the 28th July, 1929, the case had to be adjourned owing to some of the accused being unfit to attend the Court. The case had to be successively adjourned on the same ground until 24th September. It was then resumed, but there were numerous interruptions owing to defiant and disorderly conduct by the accused or demonstrations by members of public on February 4th, 1930. Most of the accused again went on hunger-strike and the case was on this account adjourned from the 8th February till the 3th March.

(3) Enquiry has now been in progress for more than 9 months and during the time it has been possible to examine about 230 witnesses only out of a probable total of 607. The spectacle of these proceedings obstructed by unprecedented delays and repeatedly disturbed by disorderly conduct and revolutionary demonstrations has tended to bring administration of justice into contempt and it is impossible to count upon obtaining a conclusion by normal methods of procedure within any calculable period.

(4) After anxious consideration I have come to the conclusion that neither ends of justice nor the interests of the accused are served by allowing these proceedings to drag out to a length which cannot at present be foreseen. Public policy clearly demands that grave charges against accused should be thoroughly scrutinised and finally adjudicated upon with the least possible delay by a tribunal of indubitable impartiality and authority and that preliminary proceedings which have already extended over nine months and the end of which is not yet in sight should be terminated. It is also necessary to ensure that obstruction shall not further interrupt course of justice. I have accordingly decided to avail myself of the authority conferred upon the Governor-General under Section 72 of the Government of India Act and to issue an Ordinance which has the effect of entrusting the trial of this case to a tribunal to be constituted by the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Lahore and consisting of three judges of the High Court to invest this tribunal with powers to deal with wilful obstruction. By these means the accused will be assured of a trial before a Court of the highest possible authority and it may be expected that a final and just decision will be reached with no unnecessary delay. I am convinced that the action which I have thought it right to take, will best secure achievement of the true ends of justice and re-establish respect for administration of the law.—A. P.

SPECIAL AEROPLANE FOR COURIER.

—:o:—

"Delegation Enjoys Full Powers", Says Nahas Pasha.

LONDON, May 1.

The Egyptian Prime Minister Nahas Pasha has dispatched from Croydon a special aeroplane bearing a member of the Egyptian Delegation to Syracuse. The aeroplane will fly back with the courier from Egypt to London. Nahas Pasha described it as "absolute nonsense" the suggestion that the delegation is trying to shift their responsibility by consulting their home colleagues. He added that the delegation enjoyed full responsibility and powers.—Reuter.

Mr Srinivasa Sastri Reaches London.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 1.

Mr. Srinivasa Sastri arrived here to-day. He was met at the Victoria Station by Mr. Whitley, Chairman of Indian Labour Commission, and representatives of the Secretary of State for India and the High Commissioner.—Reuter.

Satyagraha In Karwar.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

KARWAR, April 29.

Shankar Nilkanth Deshpande of Desur in Belgaum District who was due for the Matric Examination this year, but left school and enrolled as a volunteer was to-day convicted by the Town Magistrate under Sec. 117 I. P. C. read with Sec 47 of the Salt Act and sentenced to 4 months' R. I. The accused did not take part in the proceedings beyond making a statement.

The salt law is being daily broken here by manufacturing and auctioning salt in public.

Naval Treaty Submitted To U. S. Senate.

LONDON, May 1.

Washington.—Under 24 hours after the American delegates handed him the Naval Treaty, President Hoover has submitted the Treaty to the Senate.—Reuter.

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

Personnel Of Indian Delegation

—:o:—

SIMLA May 1.

It is officially notified that Indian Delegation to the Fourteenth Session of the International Labour Conference which will open at Geneva on 10th June will be composed as follows:—To represent the Government of India: (Delegates) Sir Atul Chatterjee, High Commissioner for India and Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, Member of India Council. Substitute delegate and adviser Mr. A. Latifi, I.C.S. Advisers: Mr G. G. Dixon, India Office. London and Mr. J. H. Lang, Inspector of Mines in India.

To represent employers: (delegate) Mr. Amritlal Ojha, M.L.C., Chairman of Indian Mining Federation, Calcutta. Advisers: Mr. P. Mukerjee, President of the Punjab Chamber of Commerce, Delhi, Mr. Ramjidas Vaishya of Gwalior, Chamber of Commerce Lashkar and Mr. J. K. Mehta of the Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay.

To represent workers: (delegate) Mr. S. C. Joshi, President G. I. P. Railway Staff Union, Bombay. Advisers: Mr. B. Shiva Rao, President of the Madras Labour Union, Mr. K. C. Roy Choudhry M.L.C., President, Kankinaran Labour Union, Bengal and Mr Mahomed Umar Rajab, Vice-President Bombay Textile Labour Union, Bombay.

Mr. G. G. Dixon will also act as Secretary to the Delegation.—A.P.

Dacca May 1.—The serang of Cachar Sunderbans despatch steamer "Minhla" while examining weather conditions from navigation bridge during a heavy gale was thrown overboard by the force of the wind and drowned in Dhaleswari. The body was found a few hours later near a place called Mirkadim.—A. P.

Mr. Mahim Chandra Ghosh, I.C.S., has been appointed a Judge of the Calcutta High Court vice Mr. Justice Pearson, granted leave from 30th May to 28th August.—A. P.

Satyagraha News From All Quarters.

MRS. GANDHI & PICKETING

—:o:—

To Visit Villages In Jalalpur Taluka Next Week

SURAT, May 1.

Another week's programme has been fixed for Mrs. Gandhi and her volunteers. With one day's rest on Monday, during the next seven days, they will visit fourteen villages in Jalalpore Taluka and deliver lectures.

Mahatma Gandhi arrives this noon at Surat and will proceed to Olpad.

PICKETING OF AHMEDABAD LIQUOR SHOPS.

The Secretary of the Labour Union, Ahmedabad, arrived at Karadi to-day to consult Mr. Gandhi regarding picketing of liquor shops at Ahmedabad through the volunteers of the Labour Union.—A. P.

Convictions Under Salt Act.

—:o:—

MADRAS, May 1.

The Zamindar of Gampalagudem, leader of West Kistna District Satyagrahis, and L. Chowdhuri, Prident of West Kistna Congress Committee, have been sentenced to one year's rigorous and one year's simple imprisonment respectively.—A.P.

A SHORT TRIAL.

—:o:—

And A Courteous Magistrate.

(From a Correspondent.)

ALIBAG, April 30.

The trial of Mr. Gosavy, Mr. Kane and Mr. Shastri, the latter two of the 'chosen Eighty' was a short affair. A witness gave evidence that the meeting of the 25th took place at 10-30 pm. when it actually was held at sunset.

In the morning trial from 12-45 to 2-45 p.m. the court was so packed that the Magistrate decided to have the trial in the open air It was held from 4 to 5-30 p.m. But at the time of pronouncing the judgment, the Court was taken in, and none was allowed. The Court was at last kind to allow us to garland our first two convicts on whom the brutal punishment of six months' rigorous imprisonment had been just pronounced. They spoke for five minutes. The Magistrate was courteous in all his dealings.

On the following day, Shastriji was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. The Judge, of his own accord, permitted Shastriji to speak to the audience for five minutes.

No-Tax Campaign In Jambusar

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

JAMBUSAR, May 1.

Nearly 200 men from Kanara went to break the Salt Law.

Four batches have gone to various villages in Jambusar Taluka for the propaganda of non-payment of revenue taxes. Gandhiji has permitted the Jambusar workres to launch a campaign for non-payment of land revenue taxes in Jambusar Taluka. In a day or two, the leaders of all the villages of Jambusar Taluka will meet here and decide about the non-payment of taxes.

Social Boycott Of Officials In Jambusar.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

JAMBUSAR, April 28.

Police Constable—Mr. Umiashanker had sent his resignation and it was accepted by the Government.

Jambusar hotel-keepers passed resolutions boycotting all Government servants. The Grain Merchants' Association and Grocers' Association have also boycotted Government servants.

Four batches from Jambusar have gone to various villages in Jambusar Taluka for propaganda of non-payment of revenue.

SATYAGRAHA IN KARNATAKA

—:o:—

40 Arrests So Far In Ankola.

(From Our Correspondent).

ANKOLA, April 26.

A batch of 60 volunteers fetched sea water and prepared salt as usual. In the evening Swadeshi (contraband) salt bazar was opened in the centre of the town. Hundreds of farmers offered salt for sale, which was sold at half the market price. All the communities took part in buying the salt. The Police and Salt officers were present on the scene. Four arrests were made immediately. All the above arrests are from the 'Nandore' community, an exclusively agricultural class.

A big mass meeting was then held in front of the Taluka Kacheri. Proscribed national songs (Kanarese) were recited. The wife of one of those arrested came forward and challenged the Government to arrest her, exhorting the people at the same time to defy the Salt Law. She was followed by another speaker who was instantly taken into custody. Soon after another got on the platform and made a speech to get himself arrested. The people were peaceful throughout.

The total number of arrests and convictions so far in Ankola alone reaches 40. The leaders arrested to-day were Messrs. Hammanna Govind Naik, Bommayya Rak Naik, Devanna Honnappa Naik and Beranna Bommayya Naik.

Hartal In Barwala.

—:o:—

(From Publicity Officer, Satyagraha Chhavani, Dholera).

RANPUR, April 30.

After the dispersal of monster public meeting at midnight villagers returned to their homes with contraband salt purchased from volunteers. They were waylaid by a party of thirty Police and the Mamlatdar of Dhandhuka Bullock-carts were searched. Nothing was found in carts but out of all farmers with contraband salt on their person the Police selected five farmers of village Rojid together with the cart and bullocks. They were taken to Barwala and detained. The Police sent for local Mahajan collectively as well individually but in vain. The gates of the town fortifications, which usually open at 4 a.m. every day were kept coled by the authorities till 7 a. m., thus preventing people from paying nature's call, drawing water and going into fields. As mark of resentment against this the whole town observed complete hartal. Mahomedans wholly joining it. Barwala, with 24 villages, is under the revenue jurisdiction of Limbdi State but under British administration, both Police and Judicial. The people are hit hard by this anomalous position.

Satyagraha News In Brief.

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Nagpur.—At a public meeting Seth Govind Das was congratulated on his arrest at Jubbulpore for reading proscribed literature. Others arrested in the same connection as stated at the meeting are Dwarka Prasad Misra, Ravi Shankar Shukla and Makhanlal Chathurvedi.—A.P.

BHAVNAGAR, May 1.

The Secretary, Kathiawad Antivaja Samiti, informs the Press that about sixty members of the depressed class of Limbdi have taken a solemn vow to boycott foreign cloth, liquor and not to eat flesh of dead animals.—Free Press.

BHAVNAGAR, May 1.

A Committee to organise boycott of foreign cloth has been formed here. The Committee has organised meetings in different places of the city to preach the doctrine of boycott. The Committee will also find out meaures for picketing liquor and foreign cloth shops.—Free Press.

Malkapur.—Malkapur observed complete hartal on the 30th as a protest against the arrest of Seth Govind Das and other C. P. Hindusthani leaders. There was a public meeting in the night presided over by Mr. Motilalji Kela.—Free Press.

Borsad.—Two shop-keepers were fined by the Mahajan the cost of the things supplied by them to some police officers against the resolution of the public to socially boycott all government officers.

Volunteers sold contraband salt at one pice per pound on Thursday.—Free Press.